The Courier-Journal.

VOL. CXI. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,751. LOUISVILLE, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 21, 1909.—10 PAGES. PRICE [THREE CENTS. ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Friday and Saturday:

Kentucky—Showers Friday, except generally fair in extreme west portion; Saturday partly cloudy.

Indiana—Partly cloudy in north and west, showers in southeast portion Friday; Saturday partly cloudy; light to moderate winds, mostly northeast.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy in west, showers in east portion Friday; Saturday showers.

THE LATEST.

While President Taft was speaking at Charlotte, N. C., yesterday a sudden storm caused a panic in the crowd and a rush was made for the stand. Some sharp work was necessary to prevent the President being crushed and to quiet the throng. In his speech, President Taft said the Mecklenburg declaration of independence was one of the first significant steps toward liberty. Mr. Taft also took advantage of the occasion to explain at length his policy toward the South and to renew his promise that he would appoint to office men only who would command the respect of all good citizens of the communities in which they live.

Dr. William E. Boggs, of Athens, Ga., former chancellor of the University of Georgia, was elected moderator of the Southern Presbyterian Assembly at Savannah. Dr. James M. Barkley, of Detroit, was named moderator of the Northern Assembly at Denver. The Rev. J. T. Barbee, of Dawson Springs, Ky., was elected moderator of the Cumberland Presbyterian Assembly at Bentonville, Ark.

Three items—cottonseed oil, quebracho and white lead—were discussed and voted on during consideration of the tariff bill in the Senate, the Finance Committee prevailing in each case, although Chairman Aldrich yielded to the desires of several Southern Senators for free cottonseed oil, and agreed to reduce the duty on white lead to 2¾ cents a pound.

In the Calhoun trial in San Francisco yesterday Rudolph Spreckels admitted that he had paid on account of William J. Burns approximately $141,000; that he had paid on account of Mr. Heney $23,828, and on account of Charles W. Cobb, Mr. Heney's partner, $10,000 in the anti-graft prosecutions.

The Dark Tobacco Growers' Association has made large sales to the American Tobacco Company, the Italian Regies and the Spanish Government. The sales over the district will aggregate ten thousand hogsheads and at Clarksville nearly four thousand hogsheads.

Oral arguments in the appeal of John R. Walsh from the decision sentencing him to five years' imprisonment for alleged misapplication of the funds of the Chicago National Bank, were heard in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals in Chicago.

Helen Kelly Gould was granted an absolute divorce in New York yesterday from Frank J. Gould. Mrs. Gould is granted custody of their children for one portion of each year, and Mr. Gould is to have their custody for the remaining portion.

Senator Hopkins received eighty-seven votes in the joint senatorial ballot at Springfield, Ill., yesterday. Four Senators and five Representatives who have been voting for Foss switched to Hopkins, but there was no election.

A statue of the Rev. Dr. John Witherspoon, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, erected in Washington by public subscription, was unveiled with impressive ceremonies.

A fast passenger train on the St. Louis and San Francisco railway was derailed at a point twenty-two miles west of Vinita, Okla. A tramp was killed and seven passengers were injured.

Charles E. Hughes, Jr., son of Gov. Hughes, of New York, who is in a Rhode Island hospital ill with cerebro spinal meningintis, was reported yesterday as somewhat better.

White Face Inn, one of the best-known hotels in the Adirondack region, was burned yesterday. The loss is estimated at $150,000.

A bill arranging for a progressive inheritance tax in Russia has been announced by the Finance Committee of the Douma.

The case of the Reelfoot Lake night riders is before the Tennessee Supreme Court at Jackson for the final arguments.

The battleship Mississippi made a fast trip from Bayou Sara to Natchez, where she was accorded a noisy welcome.

The assets of A. Booth & Company were sold at public auction in Chicago yesterday for $1,000,000.

The presidential nomination of Walter E. Clark to be Governor of Alaska was confirmed by the Senate.

The National Sunday-school Convention of the Methodist Church is in session at Terre Haute, Ind.

Burglars broke into the post-office at Bells, Tex., dynamited the safe and escaped with about $1,000.

MEN WHO STAND HIGH IN PARTY

Named For Permanent Headquarters Committee.

Chairman Thomas A. Combs Issues Statement.

With Associates Will S[illegible] for Democratic Succ[illegible]

Kentucky State Library Frankfort

DOESN'T WANT GOVERN[illegible]SHIP

Lexington, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Thomas A. Combs, a member of the State Democratic Committee, who was recently appointed chairman of a subcommittee with the power to appoint a committee of five associate members to act with him as the permanent headquarters committee, has reached his conclusions and named the committee. They are representative Democrats selected from different sections of the State and should prove satisfactory to the party organization.

* * *

Not Candidate For Governor.

Mr. Combs also says, incidentally, that he has never considered becoming a candidate for Governor and that he will not do so under any circumstances, having only the success of the party at heart. In a statement issued by Mr. Combs today he says:

"The State Central Committee, at its meeting in the city of Lexington on April 2 last, by resolution, directed the establishment of permanent party headquarters and the appointment of a permanent subcommittee to take charge of it.

* * *

Names Subcommittee.

"I was designated chairman of the subcommittee and authorized and directed to appoint five associate members to act with me as the permanent headquarters committee. In obedience to the resolution I have named the following gentlemen as members of the subcommittee: The Hon. N. Powell Taylor, Henderson; the Hon. Henry M. Cox, West Liberty; the Hon. J. A. Sullivan, Richmond; the Hon. William Addams, Cynthiana, and the Hon. Woodson May, Somerset.

* * *

Best Interests of Party.

"The personnel of this committee is, in my judgment, a guaranty that its efforts will be only to serve the best interests of the Democratic party; that it will act justly and impartially between Democrats, and will diligently address itself to the one object of reclaiming the State from Republican rule.

* * *

Nominate Best Men.

"The purpose of the committee will be to urge the party everywhere in the State to nominate its best and most representative members for office and this committee will devote its best efforts to the election of Democratic nominees wherever they have been nominated, irrespective of such nominees' views upon any question.

* * *

To Avoid Machine Politics.

"It is proper for me to say at this time, in answer to the many statements made to the contrary, that I am not now nor shall I be a candidate for Governor of Kentucky, nor for any other office within the gift of the people of the State; nor shall I, nor will this committee engage in the promotion of the candidacy of any person for Governor, or for any other office, but shall devote itself solely to harmonizing and strengthening the party in every portion of the State, so that in 1911 there will be presented such a compact and worthy organization that the Democratic ticket will be elected by such a majority as it has not received in this State in many years."

* * *

Letters of Notification.

Senator Combs said that he had tonight sent letters to the members of the committee formally notifying them of their appointment and that he would, in a week or ten days, call the committee to meet here for the purpose of organizing, electing a secretary and a treasurer and choosing the place for permanent headquarters. He said a number of good men had been suggested for the position of secretary, but he could give no intimation as to who would be elected.

Donaldson Tipped For Treasurer.

He was also noncommittal on who would be chosen for treasurer, but there is a strong tip here to-night that J. A. Donaldson, of Carrollton, member of the State Central Committee, will be offered the position of treasurer.

"From the expression I have heard from the members of the committee, I have not the slightest doubt that Lexington will be chosen as the place for the committee's headquarters," said Senator Combs.

"Indeed, it would be a great inconvenience to me to have it anywhere else on account of my private business here, and it is geographically, and by reason of railroad connections, the most convenient place for a large majority of the committee."

It is understood that all of the members of the committee were consulted before their appointments were made and that all have signified their intention to accept.

CONEY ISLAND PLACES MUST CLOSE SUNDAY.

Mayor McClellan Says, "The Law Is the Law," and He Intends To Enforce It.

New York, May 20.—There was consternation to-day among the showmen and amusement proprietors who have millions invested in Coney Island, when Mayor McClellan declared that none of the island's places of amusement, the operation of which involves labor, will be permitted to do business on Sundays hereafter.

"It is the law," said the Mayor, in voicing his determination to close all such resorts, "that Sunday shall be a day of rest and that the only work done on that day shall be works of necessity or charity. The law is the law and I am here to enforce it."

Strict enforcement of the Sunday law, unless modified by injunctions obtained by showmen, will inflict very severe loss on all who have capital invested at the popular beach resort.

LOUISVILLE'S HOSPITALITY IS WARMLY PRAISED.

Baltimore Delegates To Baptist Convention Return Home Highly Pleased.

Baltimore, Md., May 20.—[Special.]—President Joshua Levering and the other Baltimore delegates to the Baptist convention in Louisville arrived home last night and were loud in their praise of the treatment accorded them while in that city.

Mr. Levering in speaking of the convention said: "It was a wonderful success and I am glad to state that we could not have been treated better. We in Baltimore will have to hustle to outreach the hospitality of those Louisville people. That city is a hive of industry and its people did everything possible for our comfort and convenience and all of us were especially gratified over the flourishing condition of the Theological Seminary."

A committee will be named in a few days to prepare for the convention next year in Baltimore. Already the Lyric, the largest auditorium here, has been secured for the gathering.

WORKMEN CALLED OUT WITHOUT ANY CAUSE

MADDEN QUICK TO ORDER AND TO SETTLE STRIKES.

WITNESSES TELL HOW HE EXTORTED PAYMENT.

GOT $1,500 IN ONE INSTANCE.

Chicago, May 20.—State's Attorney Wayman to-day finished the presentation of direct testimony against "Skinny" Madden et al., charged with conspiracy to extort money in the settlement of strikes. Witnesses told of a strike which was settled for $1,500 and of another which cost but $200.

The latter strike was called, it is alleged, on a building being constructed by Samuel Grossman, who, it was stated, had complied with all requirements of the unions concerned, but whose workmen nevertheless were called off.

Solomon L. Lowenthal, Grossman's attorney, was placed on the witness stand. Following a demand for $200 to settle the strike, he and his client, he said, called on F. A. Pouchot, who, with M. J. Boyle, is a codefendant in the case.

"We found him in a little room in a saloon," said the witness, "and I inquired why he had asked for money from Mr. Grossman. He looked hard at us for a moment and then said he was a fool enough to talk to both of us. Then he walked away.

"The next day I went to see Madden. He took me to a small room under the stairs of the saloon and I handed him $200. He slapped me on the shoulder and said that work would be resumed on the building the next day."

Mr. Grossman followed Mr. Lowenthal and corroborated the testimony of the latter.

The first witness called by State's Attorney Wayman was Jacob Scharmer, a building contractor, who told of a strike called last September on the plant of the Jewel Tea Company.

"I asked Pouchot why the strike had been called, and he said that certain sheet metal sleeves for the coffee-roasting plant had been placed in the plant by non-union labor. I told him that there was his only 'kick' I would have the sleeves torn out and new ones put in by union men. 'Oh, don't bother about that; leave them where they are,' Pouchot said. He told me to see Madden and make him a cash offer to settle the strike."

Witness proceeded to relate a later interview with Madden in which he alleged Madden demanded $2,750 as his price for calling off the strike. This, the witness said, he reduced to $2,700.

"'You'll have to get off your high horse,' I told him. Then I went to see Fred V. Skeff, president of the tea company. We got it over and then I returned to Madden.

"'You've got to use some common sense,' I told him. 'We've got to agree on a decent price or fight it out on other lines.' Then he came down to $1,500.

"I asked him how Skeff was to pay the money and he said Skeff should bring along a confidential man to meet a similar agent who would be with Madden. These two agents were to be left alone in a private room where the money was to change hands."

Skeff, when put on the stand, said he brought the money all in $100 bills to Madden, and that the latter told him to put them in an envelope. This he did and left the sum on the desk in the office used by Madden.

GETS HER DIVORCE.

COURT DECIDES IN MRS. HELEN GOULD'S FAVOR.

No Alimony Given, and Each Has Custody of the Children Part of Year.

New York, May 20.—Mrs. Helen Kelly Gould was granted an interlocutory decree of divorce to-day from Frank J. Gould by Justice Gerard in the Supreme Court. The decision was rendered on the report of Edward G. Whitaker, as referee, who decided that charges made against Gould had been proven.

Mrs. Gould is allowed the sole custody of the two children of the marriage, Helen Margaret and Dorothy Gould, from December 1 to April, both inclusive, and the defendant may have them from May to November, subject to certain modifications. The defendant is held responsible for the education of the two children and also for their medical attendance.

No provision is made for alimony for Mrs. Gould, nor is the name of any corespondent mentioned by her referred to.

After setting forth that the referee has found that the material allegations in the complaint have been established, Justice Gerard says in his order: "And it appearing to the satisfaction of this court that the defendant has been guilty as charged in the complaint, it is ordered and decreed that the said motion be granted and the report of the referee confirmed in all respects and the marriage dissolved."

The Goulds were married in this city on December 2, 1901. Mrs. Gould is a daughter of the late Eugene Kelly, the banker, and is wealthy in her own right, having inherited a large fortune from her father.

WHITE PLAGUE TAKES OFF JAMES DUSHANE, JR.

Newspaper Man of South Bend, Ind., Formerly Employed In Louisville.

South Bend, Ind., May 20.—[Special.]—James Dushane, Jr., a well-known South Bend man, died in Prescott, Ariz., where he had gone for the benefit of his health. He had been in the West four years, residing in a number of cities. The body will be brought here for burial, but the time of its arrival and funeral are uncertain.

Mr. Dushane was 28 years old. He left this city to take up newspaper work in Indianapolis. He joined the staff of the News and the Star, spending some time in this position, and later was employed in Louisville.

PANIC IN CROWD ENDANGERS TAFT

Wild Rush For Shelter During His Speech.

Lightning, Cloudburst and Powder Explosion.

President Elaborates His Southern Policy.

SPEAKS AT CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Charlotte, N. C., May 20.—President Taft came to-day to Charlotte, the home of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence, signed in May of 1775, and without entering into the discussion as to the wording of those resolutions of liberty placed himself squarely on the side of those who look back upon this declaration as one of the first significant steps which led ultimately to American independence.

In his address to the people of North Carolina late in the day, the President took occasion to explain more fully than he did at Petersburg on yesterday his policy toward the South. His own recent appointment of a Democrat to the Federal bench in this State gave him an opportunity to expand upon his views. Mr. Taft urged again the advisability of an intelligent, logical opposition party.

* * *

Does Not Expect Revolution.

"I don't believe that we are on the point of a political revolution in the South," said the President. "I never have had such a dream. What I desire, and believe we are on the eve of, is a complete tolerance of opinion and that there shall grow into respect and power an intelligent fighting opposition party in each State of the Union."

The President's political utterances were received with the same fervor of enthusiasm as his tribute to signers of the Mecklenburg declaration. The auditorium where he spoke was crowded to its capacity, and he constantly was interrupted by the cheers that rose spontaneously from his Southern hearers. As to his appointment upon the bench, the President declared that throughout the South he intended to pursue the policy he already had indicated of appointing to office only that man who, Republican or Democrat, can command the highest confidence and commend himself to the community in which he lives.

* * *

Cloudburst Brings Panic.

A cloudburst breaking over the city during the afternoon, just as the splendid military, floral and civic parade was passing in review of the President, promised serious consequences for a time. It set the densely packed throng in front of the reviewing stand into a panic and there was a wild rush for shelter, it being necessary to surround the Chief Executive to save him from the sudden crush.

In the midst of the storm a passing industrial float became entangled in a live electric wire and tore it from its support, the slender thread of copper sagging almost to the heads of the scampering crowd below.

While the confusion was at its height there was a blinding flash of flame and a loud report not fifty yards from where the President stood. It developed later that a quantity of black powder, which was to have been used for saluting purposes, had been prematurely ignited. No one was injured either in the explosion or in the crush about the reviewing stand.

* * *

President Gets Wet.

The President received quite a drenching and for a time it seemed that the frail canvas covering the reviewing stand would tumble about the heads of those beneath. Among these was Mrs. "Stonewall" Jackson. When she had met Mr. Taft earlier in the day she had earnestly exclaimed:

"I am indeed glad to know the harmonizer of all our hearts."

The parade, which was interrupted near its its close by the sudden storm, was one of the most pretentious ever undertaken in the South. Beautiful floats, representing weeks of labor, were transformed in a minute to faded, bedraggled masses.

President Taft spoke twice during the day. The storm caused a change of programme and the President's first address was delivered in the Charlotte auditorium at 4:30 o'clock. He then was driven two miles out of the city and spoke to the colored students of Biddle University. Mr. Taft declared that he would not count a visit to the South complete without an opportunity to express to the colored people his interest in them and his sympathy for them in their problems.

* * *

Leaves For Washington.

There was a public reception to the President to-night and he left on a late train for Washington, where he is due to arrive shortly before noon to-morrow. He was perceptibly hoarse to-day and when he was speaking most earnestly of his position toward the South, paused for a moment and exclaimed, amid laughter: "Oh, I wish I hadn't left my voice in Petersburg."

Among the guests on the platform at the Auditorium was Maj. J. C. Hemphill, the distinguished editor of Charleston, S. C., who recently, in paying his compliments to Speaker Cannon, declared "he was born in North Carolina, the home of the Mecklenburg myth, which President Taft is to celebrate. I am sorry to say."

With a twinkle in his eye, after being introduced by Gov. Kitchin, the President told a story at the expense of Maj. Hemphill, which brought a shout of laughter from the audience and was enjoyed by none more than the editor himself.

"We are here," said the President, "to celebrate a declaration of independence, regardless of the fact that there are some unregenerate persons in South Carolina, and elsewhere, that for various motives have cast doubt upon the claim."

Tells a Story.

The President declared that the man who came to Charlotte and was not willing to accept the Mecklenburg declaration in full reminded him of the Tipperary Irishman who was tried for murder after he had hit his opponent a fatal blow with a blackthorn. In the course of the trial that the victim had a paper, or very thin, skull. Consequently the defendant was convicted of only manslaughter. When sentence came to be passed the convicted man was asked if he had anything to say.

"No, your honor," he replied, according to Mr. Taft, "but, your honor, I would like to ask wan quistin, what the divil was a man with a head like that doing in Tipperary?"

President Taft declared that the important part of the Mecklenburg declaration as viewed from the standpoint of practical patriotism and practical statesmanship was not the general declarations as to the rights of man, but the practical provision for a Government which was to succeed that of Great Britain.

* * *

Talks of Civil War.

Mr. Taft turned from a discussion of revolutionary days to more modern times. He spoke of the war between the States and said:

"You in the Southland had the troubles, the suffering, the sad losses burned into your hearts with much more emphasis than we in the Northland, because here was the center of the war, and it is entirely natural that in that forty years that have succeeded the war, there should continue a bitterness of feeling that time and long time only can erase; but when we look back I think we must congratulate ourselves that the feeling has so largely disappeared and that we are now a more united country than ever since a decade before the war.

"It is true that political divisions have continued in such a way as at some times to seem to perpetuate the lines which were made at the time of the war, but even those lines are rapidly disappearing; and it is the duty of all of us with respect to political partisanship to wipe out those lines as far as we can, and to see, so far as we may, that in each State the tolerance of opinion shall continue until there shall be respectable parties on both sides of the line, because it is essential to have a good opposition to have a good government. Now, if there is anything that I can do in my administration to make that feeling of union more close, I shall do it.

* * *

His Personal Desire.

"I am anxious, of course, speaking from a partisan standpoint and leaving my official position for the moment, that the Republican party of North Carolina, should be strengthened, merely to have a good fight every election, and, of course, in so far as I may legitimately do so, I should be glad to build up the Republic-

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MORE THAN $100,000 WENT TO W. J. BURNS.

NEW PHASES TO GRAFT TRIAL.

San Francisco, May 20.—Many a phase of the municipal graft prosecution, hitherto kept secret, was made public to-day during the bribery trial of Patrick Calhoun, president of the United Railroads.

Indictments long since forgotten in the press of new sensations were incorporated in the matter presented to the jury. Two witnesses of the first importance testified, and between interrogations the attorneys argued with a degree of vehemence that brought caustic reprimands from Judge Lawlor.

Rudolph Spreckels, who admitted covering a portion of the graft prosecution expense, again testified. In a summary offered in evidence it was declared that the total subscriptions received from all sources amounted to $212,391, all of which had been expended. Mr. Spreckels testified that he had personally given $138,478 of this amount and from his declarations it was inferred that he was still obligated for an indefinite amount.

Judge Helms, the detective called yesterday as a witness for the prosecution, submitted to cross examination earlier in the day and reviewed many of the charges he had preferred against Patrick Calhoun and Wm. M. Abbott, by whom he is alleged to have been employed in a confidential capacity. He declared to-day that he entered the employ of William J. Burns and the prosecution in November, 1906, and that he drew pay from both funds from November until the following February by virtue of fresh employment given him by Mr. Abbott, who knew nothing of his employment by Burns.

The financial statement presented by Mr. Spreckels was divided into four accounts entitled:

"W. J. Burns," with a total of $123,250; "F. J. Heney" $23,828; "C. W. Cobb," $10,000 and "Sundry" $66,295.

The allegations put in evidence are as follows:

That the salary paid W. J. Burns amounted to $8,548; that he was paid for subsistence $2,081 and for office rent $1,720. His bill for automobile hire was $2,700 and for automobile expenses $4,162. His services of the detectives and agents associated with him amounted to $70,572 and their expenses to $27,277.

Among the items credited to sundries are $11,000 paid to Hiram Johnson and $10 to J. J. Dwyer, attorneys who have aided the prosecution; $5,075 to Paul Dolman, an attache of the district attorney's office; $17,155 to W. J. Burns, of which Spreckels made special mention and $5,100 for automobiles.

Mr. Spreckels, replying to Mr. Heney, testified that the latter had volunteered to work without pay at the outset of the prosecution.

FIREMEN'S STRIKE

MAY EXTEND TO OTHER RAILROADS IN THE SOUTH.

Georgia Company Appeals To Federal Officials To Prevent Delay of Mails.

Atlanta, Ga., May 20.—There were sensational developments to-day in connection with the strike of white firemen on the Georgia Railroad, the more important being a threat on behalf of the firemen to extend the strike to every road in the South and the formal appeal by officials of the Georgia Railroad to the Federal authorities to take a hand in order to safeguard the mails.

The following telegram was to-day sent to the general chairman of the firemen of every road in the South by E. A. Ball, of Toronto, Canada, vice president of the Order of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, who is in charge of the strike:

"Situation on the Georgia Railroad assuming serious aspect. Company forcing negro supremacy. May have to make the white man's cause a national one. Hold yourself in readiness to convene your entire joint board at Atlanta at the shortest possible notice."

Mr. Ball denies that the striking firemen have been connected with alleged violence on the Georgia Railroad and intimidation of strikebreakers.

United States District Attorney Tate said this afternoon that complaints had been filed with his office by the officials of the Georgia Railroad with references to the delay of the mails on account of demonstrations against negro firemen. He added that the complaints were being investigated.

Many rumors have reached the city of alleged demonstrations against negro firemen on the Georgia Railroad last night and to-day, but most of the rumors appeared to be without foundation.

MAURETANIA MAKES NEW SPEED RECORD

CUTS OFF THIRTEEN MINUTES FROM HER BEST PREVIOUS TIME.

New York, May 20.—New westbound records were established by the Cunard Line steamer Mauretania, which arrived in quarantine from Liverpool and Queenstown at 11:10 o'clock to-night. The steamer, according to her commander, cut thirteen minutes from her best previous record and made an hourly average speed of 25.62 knots, as against her former record of 25.55.

Capt. Pritchard reported to-night that the Mauretania covered the course between Daunt's Rock and Ambrose channel lightship in four days, sixteen hours and fifty-three minutes, as against her previous record of four days, seventeen hours and six minutes. This is the first time the Mauretania has come up to quarantine when arriving Thursday night.

He spoke of the war between the States and said:

"You in the Southland had the troubles, the suffering, the sad losses burned into your hearts with much more emphasis than we in the Northland, because here was the center of the war, and it is entirely natural that in that forty years that have succeeded the war, there should continue a bitterness of feeling that time and long time only can erase; but when we look back I think we must congratulate ourselves that the feeling has so largely disappeared and that we are now a more united country than ever since a decade before the war.

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United States District Attorney Tate said this afternoon that complaints had been filed with his office by the officials of the Georgia Railroad with references to the delay of the mails on account of demonstrations against negro firemen. He added that the complaints were being investigated.

Many rumors have reached the city of alleged demonstrations against negro firemen on the Georgia Railroad last night and to-day, but most of the rumors appeared to be without foundation.

MAURETANIA MAKES NEW SPEED RECORD

CUTS OFF THIRTEEN MINUTES FROM HER BEST PREVIOUS TIME.

New York, May 20.—New westbound records were established by the Cunard Line steamer Mauretania, which arrived in quarantine from Liverpool and Queenstown at 11:10 o'clock to-night. The steamer, according to her commander, cut thirteen minutes from her best previous record and made an hourly average speed of 25.62 knots, as against her former record of 25.55.

Capt. Pritchard reported to-night that the Mauretania covered the course between Daunt's Rock and Ambrose channel lightship in four days, sixteen hours and fifty-three minutes, as against her previous record of four days, seventeen hours and six minutes. This is the first time the Mauretania has come up to quarantine when arriving Thursday night.

K. T. CONCLAVE ENDS MEETING

Ashland Entertains Knights In Grand Style.

Winchester Chosen Over Cynthiana For 1910.

Robert Sears Moses, of Louisville, Is Honored.

SHRINERS WILL SHINE TO-DAY.

Ashland, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—The sixty-second annual conclave of the Kentucky Grand Commandery, Knights Templar, passed into history to-night as one of the most successful, as well as harmonious and pleasurable, ever held. The second business session of the conclave was held in Elhasa Temple this morning at 9 o'clock, election and installation of grand officers and choosing the place for next year's meeting being among the important and interesting features of the session. There was some little friendly rivalry between Winchester and Cynthiana candidates for the 1910 meeting, but the committee to whom the matter was referred felt that owing to the fact that Cynthiana commandery was honored by the elevation of her favorite son, Sir Knight Joseph Hedges Ewalt, to the highest office in the Grand Commandery, Winchester was entitled to the next meeting, and upon the report of the committee, it was unanimously voted to the latter city and the time set for May 18 and 20, 1910.

* * *

Louisville Knight Honored.

In the matter of selecting grand officers for the ensuing year the well-established custom of promotion was followed. Sir Knight Robert Sears Moses, of Louisville, passed to the position of past right eminent grand comnander, and the rest of the roster is as follows:

Sir Knight Joseph Hedges Ewalt, Cynthiana, right eminent grand commander; Sir Knight John Gheens Cramer, of Lexington, right eminent deputy grand commander; Sir Knight William Yeoman, Versailles, eminent grand generalissimo; Sir Knight Lee D. Ray, Owensboro, eminent grand captain general; Sir Knight Thomas Palmer Satterwhite, Jr., Louisville, eminent grand senior warden; Sir Knight Mason Preston Brown, Frankfort, eminent grand junior warden; Sir Knight Charles Nathan Smith, Danville, eminent grand prelate; Sir Knight Robert Curtis Stockton, Richmond, eminent grand treasurer; Sir Knight Hughes Bryant, Covington, eminent grand recorder; Sir Knight William Ellery Board, of Paris, eminent grand standard-bearer; Sir Knight John David Dye, Maysville, eminent grand sword-bearer; Sir Knight Henry T. Barrett, Henderson, eminent grand warden; Sir Knight Arthur Nesbit Richardson, Ashland, eminent grand captain of the guard.

* * *

Presented Commander's Jewel.

At the close of the installation of officers Sir Knight William R. Johnson, of Lebanon, in his happy and usual pleasing manner presented Right Eminent Sir Robert Sears Moses with a handsome gold past grand commander's jewel, and Sir Moses in a few well-chosen remarks, thanked the Grand Commandery for the high honor bestowed.

Owing to a drizzling rain prevailing throughout the day the tour of sight-seeing was declared off, but the receptions announced by the official programme were enjoyed by hundreds of the knights and the women visitors.

* * *

Many Receptions Held.

Mt. Sterling Commandery received at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. U. Carr on Central avenue. Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Henderson held a reception at their home on Lexington avenue. Mrs. Melish, wife of Past Imperial Potentate W. B. Melish, P. G. E. Commander of Ohio, who recently conferred the Masonic degrees upon President Taft, was honored by a reception given by the women of Ashland Commandery at Elhasa Temple.

This evening, besides numerous receptions in the city, there is a grand ball in progress at the casino at Cliffside Park, which concludes the festivities so far as the K. T.'s are concerned.

* * *

Shriners Celebrate To-day.

To-morrow is Shriners' day and many of the knights will remain over to enjoy the big programme arranged for the fez wearers. At 9 o'clock there will be a burlesque circus performance at a tent on the corner of Greenup avenue and Eighteenth street. A monster parade of nobles and candidates for Shrine honors will take place at 10 o'clock, at the conclusion of which all will take cars for Cliffside Park, where at 12 o'clock the burgoo dinner will be served and at 2 o'clock the ceremonial session will be held in the casino. The programme ends with an elaborate fireworks display, followed by another ball given by Ashland Lodge of Elks to Shriners, who are also Elks.

WEDGED IN ICE.

ALLAN LINER, MONGOLIAN, IS STILL IMPRISONED.

Five Passengers Walk Across the Ice To a Tug and Others Are Feeling Safe.

St. Johns, N. F., May 20.—Notwithstanding efforts to assist her, the Allan line steamer Mongolian, which has been wedged in an ice pack off the mouth of this harbor since yesterday, was still imprisoned to-night. It is thought an attempt by the stout sealing steamer Diana to open up a lane between the Mongolian and the narrow harbor opening will be successful to-morrow.

The experience of five passengers of the Mongolian who to-day successfully crossed the ice field between the liner and the shore, assured the others that already a fairly safe avenue of escape was available. To-night, those on the Mongolian were able to see the lights of the steamer Diana, which lay a mile off.

Owing to the steady southward trend of the Labrador current, the Mongolian tonight was a considerable distance farther from the entrance to the harbor than she was last night. On all sides of the steamer stretched an almost compact covering of ice, which to the East, in the direction of the sea, was in some places twenty-five miles off shore.

One of the most interesting of the many features which have marked the detention of the big steamer, was the walk across the ice from the steamer to-day of five passengers, among them two women. They were Dr. McPherson and wife, Dr. Hunt, Miss McPherson and a Mr. Stephenson. They were anxiously watched both from the steamer and from the shore. When they reached the border of the ice fields at the harbor mouth a tug was awaiting them.

EVANSVILLE STREET-CAR MEN TO GO ON STRIKE.

Gov. Marshall's Services As Arbitrator May Be Accepted By Both Sides.

Evansville, Ind., May 20.—[Special.]—There was a meeting of the Evansville Central Labor Union to-night to discuss the demands of the street railway men here who are demanding an increase in scale and a closed shop. Ben Commons, an organizer, reported to the central body that the company had thus far ignored the demands of the men. George Whitroth, an employe of the company, quit work to-day and the union men claimed that the company discharged him because he would not promise to ignore the union. A strike seems probable as both sides are determined.

Gov. Marshall has promised Mayor John J. Nolan that he will come here and help to arbitrate the matter. In fact, his services would be satisfactory to both sides.

H. H. ROGERS' FUNERAL TO BE HELD TO-DAY

MANY TELEGRAMS OF CONDOLENCE BEING RECEIVED AT FAMILY RESIDENCE.

New York, May 20.—Evidence of the esteem in which H. H. Rogers, the Standard Oil capitalist, railroad builder and philanthropist, who died yesterday, was held by his friends and associates in this city, was given to-day by calls of many prominent business men and financiers at the Rogers home to express their regret at his death.

Telegrams of condolence from all over the country arrived in large numbers at the Rogers residence in East Seventy-eighth street, and at the office of the Standard Oil Company, where his death was keenly felt not only as a business associate, but as a kindly and likeable man. These messages coming from remote sections indicated the widespread activity which had been the dominant characteristic of Mr. Rogers' life.

Arrangements for the funeral were completed to-day. The services will be held in the Church of the Messiah in this city at 10 o'clock a. m. to-morrow, the Rev. Dr. Robert Collyer officiating. A quartet from the Mendelssohn Glee Club will sing. The body will then be taken to Fair Haven, Mass., and simple services will be held on Saturday in the memorial church which Mr. Rogers gave to that community. The interment will be in a mausoleum which Mr. Rogers caused to be erected some years ago in Riverside cemetery in Oxford, near Fair Haven.

The pallbearers at the funeral of Henry H. Rogers will be Elbridge T. Gerry, George W. Perkins, George M. Moffett, John D. Archbold, C. A. Peabody, A. S. Paine, William Rockefeller, E. H. Harriman, Edward T. Bedford, James M. Beck, Melville E. Stone, Frederick S. Jordan, John D. Ryan and Samuel L. Clemens.

REACHES NATCHEZ.

THE BATTLESHIP MISSISSIPPI MAKES FAST TRIP UP RIVER.

Noisy Welcome To the Big Fighting Vessel, Her Officers and Jack Tars.

Natchez, Miss., May 20.—When the huge anchors rattled over the bow and bit into the slime at the bottom of the river before this picturesque city late to-day one-half the journey of the battleship Mississippi had been completed. It was a noisy finish. The jackies in snow white uniforms manned the rails and were gazed at curiously by the immense throngs upon the shore. Tugboats, steamers, ferries and factories ashore turned loose their whistles. The warship answered the salute with her siren and dipped her colors.

The start was made from Bayou Sara at 5 o'clock this morning and she was under way fifteen minutes later. Both anchors came up cleanly and easily and the current started the big fighting machine before her engines had set the twin screws in motion. At F

To-day Special

Ready-to-Wears

98c For Long Lawn Kimonos; fitted or loose; black and white figured or fancy flowered designs.

$1.25 For Women's House Dresses of light or dark shepherd check material; cut full; sizes 34 to 44.

$1.50 For Dutch Neck House Dress of wash material; trimmed with neat borders, forming a panel front; all colors.

$1.75 For Long Crepe Cloth Kimonos in a very good line of light and dark solid colors; trimmed with Persian border.

$2.50 For Figured Crepe Cloth Kimonos in empire or loose style; solid color satin border to match.

$2.98 For Taffeta Silk Petticoats in black or colors, with full tailored flounce; a great silk skirt bargain.

Third Floor.

John C. Lewis Co. (Incorporated)

THREE BALLOTS

Required To Elect a Moderator At Denver.

DR. BARKLEY TO PRESIDE OVER NORTHERN ASSEMBLY.

SOUTHERN ASSEMBLY IN SESSION AT SAVANNAH.

CUMBERLANDS IN ARKANSAS.

Denver, Colo., May 20.—Dr. James M. Barkley, of Detroit, was elected moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly late to-day, receiving 503 votes against 292 votes for Dr. Edgar P. Hill, of Chicago. The election of Dr. Barkley, which came as a surprise in view of the great show of strength made before the election by Dd. William L. McEwan, of Pittsburg, and Dr. Hill, was made unanimous.

Three ballots were taken. Dr. McEwan withdrew after the second, thus avoiding a long-drawn-out contest. The campaign was heated to the last moment. Last night the managers for the candidates met and Dr. Robert Mackenzie, of New York, announced the withdrawal of his name in favor of Dr. Hill. Dr. Howard A. Johnston, of Colorado Springs, made a similar announcement. It was thought at that time that Dr. Hill was the leader in the race.

When the assembly was called to order, Dr. Samuel D. McCormick, chancellor of the University of Pittsburg, nominated Dr. McEwan, which brought great applause. The nominating speech of the Rev. Joseph A. Vance, of Chicago, presenting the name of Dr. Hill, was so replete with humorous thrusts based on the presumption of Pennsylvania in asking a moderator every other year that Dr. Hill was loudly cheered also.

The Rev. John McDowell, of Newark, N. J., nominated Dr. Barkley. The first ballot resulted in a deadlock which threatened to become permanent, as each candidate received less than 300 votes. On the second ballot Dr. McEwan's strength fell away and it became evident that the East, as well as the Far West, was lending its support to the two other candidates.

At this time Dr. McEwan took the floor and said that in the interests of harmony and in order that the business of the assembly might proceed with greater dispatch he would withdraw. On the next ballot Dr. McEwan's strength went to Dr. Barkley and he received far above the necessary votes to elect.

Dr. B. F. Fullerton, of St. Louis, inducted his successor into office. Dr. Barkley then thanked the assembly and promised his best efforts for the church.

The assembly began its sessions at 11 o'clock this morning when Dr. Fullerton made his annual address as retiring moderator. Dr. Fullerton finished speaking at 12:30 o'clock and a recess was taken until 3 o'clock, when the balloting began.

The thirtieth annual meeting of the Women's Board of Home Missions began a four days' session this afternoon. Miss Julia Fraser, a field worker on the Pacific coast, and Miss Edith Hughes, a field worker in the Southwest, spoke.

Other speakers were Mrs. G. L. Bailey, Pennsylvania; Mrs. R. F. Coyle, Colorado; W. G. Beattie, Sitka, Alaska, and Miss Leva T. Granger, of Menden, Utah, the latter a worker among the Mormons.

CUMBERLAND ASSEMBLY.

The Rev. J. T. Barbee, of Dawson Springs, Elected Moderator.

Bentonville, Ark., May 20.—With all except two of the presbyteries represented by commissioners and several hundred visitors in attendance, the seventy-ninth general assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church was formally organized this afternoon with the selection of the Rev. J. T. Barbee, of Dawson Springs, Ky., moderator and the adoption of a programme which provides for a session of six days and the discussion of matters of unusual importance to the church. The name of the Rev. T. Ashburn, of Knoxville, Tenn., was also proposed as moderator, the vote, however, being in favor of Mr. Barbee until made unanimous. While this is the seventy-ninth assembly of the Cumberland church, it is the third of the church as now constituted of those who remained as and retained the name of the parent church when the amalgamation with the Presbyterian Church was voted at the assembly of three years ago.

At to-day's session all of the States of the South, Southwest and Central West were represented, as well as the State of California. Other procedure to-day was the constituting of the assembly at the earlier session and the sermon of the retiring moderator, Judge J. F. Pendergast, of Marshall, Tex., who made a plea for a better religious and moral training for the youth.

To-night at a public meeting the delegates and visitors were formally welcomed to the city of Bentonville and the Ozark hills. To-morrow at the morning session committees will be announced and such communications as may be received by the assembly will be read and disposed of. In the afternoon the report of the various boards will be read.

A discussion of the property question will come up on Saturday. It is anticipated that the reports of the committees to be appointed to-morrow will be had on Monday.

The Women's Board of Missions, meeting in twenty-ninth annual session, also convened to-day. The opening session was devoted largely to the reading of greetings from similar organizations of other denominations and the address of the president, Mrs. T. A. Ashburn, of Knoxville, Tenn. At the afternoon session reports of the different synods and of the different state secretaries and committees were selected. Field messages were also read, missionaries both at home and abroad making excellent reports of work accomplished.

SOUTHERN ASSEMBLY

Elects Dr. William Ellison Boggs, of Atlanta, Moderator.

Savannah, Ga., May 20.—For the second time in a half century the general assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States is meeting in Savannah, the first session this morning resulting in the election of Rev. William Ellison Boggs, of Atlanta, as moderator. The assembly was called to order by the Rev. W. W. Moore, of Richmond, Va., the retiring moderator, at the First Presbyterian church of Savannah.

The Rev. W. Moore Scott, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, the host of the assembly, delivered an address of welcome and read a letter of welcome from Mayor George W. Tiedeman, who is absent from the city.

Dr. Moore discussed the three essentials of the perpetuation of the influence of Moses, naming them as theology, religion and pedagogy. From this Dr. Moore went into a thorough discussion of the home, the proper influences for the children and the duties of parents.

Dr. Boggs, the new moderator, was born in Bombay in 1838. His grandfather was a scout under Gen. Francis Marion. He was a Presbyterian missionary in India. Dr. Boggs was educated in South Carolina and was a private in the Sixth South Carolina regiment in the Civil War. He served with the faculty of the Theological Seminary of Columbia and later was chancellor of the University of Georgia. Since the close of the Spanish War, where he served with the soldiers, he has been a resident of Jacksonville, Fla., and now of Atlanta.

A feature of to-day's session was the presentation of the historic gavel made of wood from the first church John Calvin ever served as a pastor. The wood has been in service more than four hundred years. The presentation of the gavel to the moderator and assembly was made by Mr. C. S. Wood, of Savannah, who told the story of Calvin in Geneva and of the city where the church stood from which the gavel was carved.

At to-night's session Dr. Charles Merle D'Aubigne, of Neuilly-Sur-Seine, France, spoke on "Calvin, the Man and His Times." The need of more missionaries was emphasized to the assembly by its executive committee.

Seventh Day Adventists.

Washington, May 20.—The slow advance of the Faith in the British Isles was the subject of a report read to-day at the conference of the Seventh Day Adventists. It was stated by Elder W. T. Bartlett that in thirty years the records showed only 1,700 converts. In Ireland, he said, there had been less than one hundred converts. He attributed this to the greatest strength of the churches of England and Rome in the British Isles.

Sunshine Society Meets.

New York, May 20.—About 800 women attended the annual convention of the International Sunshine Society to-day at the Hotel Astor. Mrs. E. C. Burgess, of Brooklyn, delivered the address of welcome. Of the 3,000 branches of the society, 914 were represented by delegates or written reports. Invitations were given to meet next year at Los Angeles, Chicago and Atlantic City.

Reformed Presbyterians.

Philadelphia, Pa., May 20.—At the annual meeting of the General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America here to-day, the Rev. A. L. Benson, of Clay Center, Kas., was elected moderator and the Rev. J. Y. Joyce, of this city, was re-elected to fill the position of state clerk. The Rev. W. R. McChesney, of Cedarville, O., the retiring moderator, was elected as assistant to the latter.

Sunday-School Convention.

Terre Haute, Ind., May 20.—The National Sunday-school Convention of the Methodist Episcopal Church opened in this city to-day. Six hundred or more delegates are in attendance, most of them representing Indiana, Ohio and Illinois.

Christian Church Convention.

Seymour, Ind., May 20.—[Special.]—The annual convention of the Christian churches of the Fourteenth district is in session at Scottsburg this week. About one hundred delegates are in attendance.

PANIC IN CROWD ENDANGERS TAFT

(Continued from First Page.)

an party. Now, I understand that some of my Republican friends think I have lost sight of the Republican party in putting into office in North Carolina, a gentleman now upon the Supreme bench of the State, a lawyer of the highest eminence and learning and integrity, but a Democrat.

"I promised, after I was President-elect not before the election, to the South that I would do the best I could to wipe out the feeling that the central Government at Washington was a Government alien to the Southland, and I pointed out that the only way by which the executive could cure that feeling was, in so far as in him lay, to put into office men in whom the community at large, without regard to party, would have the highest confidence. Now, I am trying to do that, and I am going to appoint Republicans and I am going to appoint Democrats, striving in each case to get a man who will commend himself to the community in which he lives.

* * *

To His Critics.

"It is suggested that it is an insult to the Republicans of a district to appoint a Democrat a Judge, because from that it is to be inferred that there is no Republican worthy of the appointment, and I understand that there are some gentlemen in the Democratic party who are willing to make that inference as strong as possible. But I venture to say that when the whole account is added up that spirit will have disappeared and the Democrats who seek to utter it will find that it is not a popular method of attacking the Republican administration, after all.

As a vindication and justification for his course, the President referred to the fact that President Harrison put one Democrat on the Supreme bench and two on Circuit Courts of Appeal.

"The Federal judiciary, my dear friends, to my mind is the strongest bulwark that we have in all this country to protect ultimately our institutions and civil liberty and those of the things in the Federal Constitution that we most love and most hug to our bosom, if we are to continue this civilization.

"And, therefore, there is no more sacred duty that the Executive has than in the selection of men whose appointment and service on the bench will strengthen it with all the people at large. Ordinary considerations of political partisanship have much less application to the appointment of Judges than they do to others and temporary offices."

* * *

Speaks To Negro Students.

To the colored students of Biddle University the President said, in part:

"There is growing over the entire South a feeling due to economic conditions that you will be a necessity for the prosperity of the South, and if you will only do what you ought to do to make your race happy you can demonstrate to the white men of the South [illegible] ourselves of the confidence of the community that it is as much to their interest to treat you well as it is to your interest to have them treat you well.

"One of the most satisfactory developments of the last ten years is the interest that your Southern white neighbor is taking in your welfare, your education and your profit. It is easy for us of the North to criticise both sides and to express sympathy and hope that things are coming out all right, but the place where the thing is to be done is here where you live.

The President ridiculed the idea that the two races cannot live amicably in the same country and that the only way to solve the problem is to send the negroes out of the country.

"The time is coming, in my judgment," he went on, "when the business men of the South are going to recognize much more fully than they do to-day the great advantage the South has in your presence on the soil. Your race is adapted to be a race of farmers first, last and all the time."

WOODS BROUGHT BACK FROM DAYTON.

Fred Woods, who made his escape from the prisoners' room in the Police Court apartments March 25, while awaiting trial on a charge of housebreaking, was captured at Dayton, O., Wednesday morning by the police of that city, and identified on a description sent broadcast by the Louisville Police Department after the prisoner's escape.

Patrolman Sidney G. Frazier, of the Sixth district police station, was sent to Dayton for the prisoner and returned with Woods last night. He was placed in jail and will be presented in Police Court to-day.

It will be remembered that Woods, with other prisoners, made an escape from the prisoners' room in the City Hall annex by forcing a light pine door during the absence of the guard. The other men were caught by officers attached to the court before they got out of sight of the courthouse, but Woods made a successful get-away.

Six Years For Adler.

New Orleans, May 20.—William Adler, recently convicted on the charge of misappropriating funds of the now defunct State National Bank of New Orleans, of which he was president, was this afternoon sentenced to serve six years in the Federal prison at Atlanta, Ga., by Judge Boarman in the United States Court.

Body of Missing Girl Found.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 20.—The mutilated body of Annie Poltera, the 9-year-old daughter of a rancher, was found today in a secluded spot off the roadway in Griffin Park, near this city. The girl's throat had been cut from ear to ear. She had been missing since last Monday.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

THE BEST
"APENTA"
NATURAL APERIENT WATER
BOTTLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA PEST, HUNGARY.

MAYPOLE DANCE FOR ELKS' LITTLE ONES

HOME TURNED OVER TO YOUNGSTERS LAST NIGHT.

RINGS TO BE HUNTED FOR ARE FOUND.

ICE CREAM AND CAKE, TOO.

A throng of fond mothers and doting fathers stood and sat about the assembly hall at the Elks' Home last night and watched with paternal pride the happy, rollicking youngsters enjoying to the fullness of their hearts the annual children's carnival and Maypole dance given especially for the little sons and daughters of members of the Louisville B. P. O. Elks.

The "Queen of the May" was little Miss Marie Louise Wolf, upon whom the "purpie" fell by lot. She is a wee tot, the pretty little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Al Wolf. When the number was drawn from the hat naming her the queen she was escorted to the big, black chair that is the seat of the exalted potentate that swings the gavel when the mystic order of "papas" are doing things at lodge. When lifted to the "throne" and deposited upon the cushion she looked the little "ruler" she was to be. Gracefully bending her golden-tressed head she accepted the crown of roses, amid applause that would have honored a real queen.

Four maids of honor, also named by lot, placed a quartet of pretty girls in the court of the "queen," after which the entire gathering, old and young, marched past the throne and bowed obeisance to "her majesty and her majesty's court."

In the center of the hall stood the Maypole. At a signal from the master of ceremonies the orchestra struck up a rollicking two-step and in flitted a bevy of pretty, laughing, graceful little girls. Like fairies they flitted around about the pole, at last taking each a ribbon. Swinging round and round they soon had wrapped the pole with parti-colored ribbon, converting it into something that mimicked truly a big stick of candy.

The next diversion was the ring hunt. R. W. Brown announced that four pretty gold rings were to be hidden about the room. This attracted the attention of every child in the big hall. They were at once alert, watching every move he made. Finally "time" was called and the happy throng darted hither and yonder to every covert spot where even a pin could be concealed. Twenty minutes were given as a time limit. One by one the golden circlets were found, a shout of glee announcing each successful search. When all the rings were found the boys were given a chance. A handsome watch, donated by David Hirsch, was offered to the boy pinning a tail to a canvass donkey nearest the right spot. This proved an amusing diversion. The canvass donkey was placed upon the stage, and, blindfolded, each with a paper tail, the boys entered the room and were guided to the stage. When all had placed a tail upon his donkeyship he was indeed well tailed. They were pinned on every available spot, from the tip of his nose to close to where it "ought to be."

That many of the contestants had been "niggerin'" before the contest was shown by the fact that a decision was necessary to award the prize. Half a dozen tails were attached "mighty nigh" where nature would have hung the caudal appendage, had it been called upon to supply this most necessary adjunct in fly time. Master Charles Uhrig, son of Charles Uhrig, was the lucky one, he having given the donkey the missing "anecdote" right where he wanted it.

Next came the surprise of the evening, which was highly enjoyed, not only by the little folks, but by all who saw and heard. Little Francis Murphy, daughter of M. J. Murphy, appeared upon the stage in a graceful figure of dancing. She executed the dance with credit and was given round after round of applause. Her encore was a sweet little song, sweetly acted and lisped so baby-like that a hundred lips were pursed to kiss her at the close.

Little Eleanor Block, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Block, executed a pretty little skirt dance, and she, too, smiled her way into the hearts of the audience as she tripped fairy-like, to the strains of the dance.

When the programme in the hall was concluded for the children they were marched down into the basement, where there were many tables, bedecked with flowers and loaded with ice cream and cake. The "mamas" took care of the little ones down there, but no restrictions were put upon the quantity of cake and ice cream they would consume. There was plenty of cream and "oodles" of cake, and the little ones enjoyed it to the fullest. When the juvenile contingent left the hall and gathered about the ice cream, the older "children" found that they could not resist the temptation of a lazy waltz. Many couples took advantage of the opportunity and glided about the floor until the flock of children returned.

The maids of honor and the court of the queen were little Ruth Schildt, Virginia Williams, Mary Louise Nobbe and Evelyn Odom. The rings were found respectively by Louise Goeppert, Martha Leonart, Mary Bell Boden and Anna Kretchner.

KENTUCKY NEGRO

KNOWN IN MINSTRELSY DIES IN NEW YORK.

Ernest Hogan, Writer of "Coon" Songs, Passes Away, Victim of the White Plague.

New York, May 20.—[Special.]—Ernest Hogan, one of the best known of the negro comedians and song writers, died this morning at his home in The Bronx of tuberculosis. Hogan had been ill since last winter, when he was taken sick on the stage of the Fourteenth-street Theater and was compelled to give up his engagement.

He was born in Bowling Green, Ky., about fifty years ago. His mother was a cook in the family of a Judge Hogan at Bowling Green and the boy took the family name. When he was 20 years old he left Kentucky and went on the stage, playing with minstrel shows through the South and West. For several years he was with Black Patti and her "Troubadours," and later went to Australia, where he remained two years with one of his own shows, "Lucky Coon." Later he went under the management of Hurtig & Seamon.

He wrote the book and music of "Rufus Raftus," in which he starred for two seasons, and then of "The Oyster Man," which he was producing at the time of his illness.

Hogan wrote several hundred songs, of which "All Coons Look Alike to Me" was the most successful. It is said that he cleared $40,000 from this song alone. Among his other songs were "Lamb, Lamb, Lamb" and "C-H-I-C-K-E-N Spells Chicken." He was billed always as "The Unbleached American." His wife was Anna Wilkes, a colored singer, from whom he was separated and who now is playing in Europe. He lived at the Bronx address with his mother.

PRIZES DISTRIBUTED AT NAVAL ACADEMY.

Sword Offered By Daughters of the American Revolution Goes To a Louisiana Boy.

Annapolis, Md., May 20.—Announcement was made at the Naval Academy to-day of the award of three much-coveted annual prizes to members of the first class of midshipmen.

By his general excellence in seamanship and international law, Midshipman Theodore S. Wilkinson, of Myrtle Grove, La., won the sword offered by the National Chapter, Daughters of the American Revolution. The handsome sword offered by the class of 1871 for general excellence in theoretical and practical ordnance, went to Midshipman William Ward Smith, of Springfield, N. J., and the trophy cup, offered by the Sons of the American Revolution for excellence in practical ordnance, was won by Midshipman Harold T. Smith, of Tacoma, Wash.

WHEAT BRINGS $1.53 ON CINCINNATI EXCHANGE.

Cincinnati, May 20.—A new high record for wheat was established on the floor of the Chamber of Commerce here to-day when a choice carload of No. 2 red wheat sold for $1.53 a bushel. This price has been exceeded but once before in this city, and that was in 1876 when wheat sold at $2.15 a bushel.

AS SACREDLY GUARANTEED AS THE COIN OF THE REALM
OLD TAYLOR BOTTLED IN BOND

J. T. Taylor & Sons
INCORPORATED
DISTILLERS. FRANKFORT, KY.
HAVE MADE THE FIGHT FOR INTEGRITY OF KENTUCKY WHISKEY.
OLD TAYLOR IS ACCEPTED INTERNATIONALLY AS THE TOPMOST BEVERAGE WHISKEY.
THE PREMIER KENTUCKY WHISKEY

Sunday Reading For All the Family.

* * *

THE Illustrated Sunday Magazine with Sunday's Courier-Journal will be found to be fully up to the standard in interest. Pictures with the breath of spring in them, good fiction and feature stories that will hold the interest even in the face of spring fever attacks, fill the space between the attractive colored covers.

* * *

ON the local picture pages will be found, among other things, clever photographic studies by Miss Kate Matthews, of Pewee Valley, and Dr. R. S. Tuttle, of Bardstown. "Market Day" and "A Portrait," by Miss Matthews, and "The New Reel," by Dr. Tuttle, are pictures which will please the eye of every reader of the Courier-Journal. Among other pictures are "Gathering Mountain Flowers" and the likenesses of the graduating class of the Jefferson School of Law.

* * *

"THE Crime of a Restaurant," written by Mrs. Mary E. Holland in collaboration with Hugh C. Weir, is the leading story in this issue, and the title suggests some of the seemingly baffling mystery related in the recital, which is based on Mrs. Holland's experiences in a case of the kind. Other features are a poem by Edwin Carlile Litsey, of Kentucky; "Mrs. Vail's Story," a bit of fiction by Eleanor Talbot Kinkead; "Sweet Janice's Soul Mate," by Newton A. Fuessle, and "The Price of Silence," by Roland A. Phillips.

* * *

The Illustrated Sunday Magazine Is Free With Every Copy of Sunday's Courier-Journal.

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Is the highest development of the printing art. No other process is comparable to it. Our high speed process enables us to produce this work at prices only a little in advance of what you pay for ordinary lithographing.

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We make a specialty of trimmed Hats.

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fully understood that the amendment was withdrawn and that cottonseed oil was on the free list as provided in the Payne bill. Mr. Aldrich nodded assent and the chair so announced.

Mr. Simmons then reiterated his belief that a small duty should be placed on cottonseed oil.

* * *

La Follette Offers Amendment.

Offering an amendment to further reduce the duty on quebracho to one-quarter of a cent a pound, Mr. La Follette declared that the tanning industry was being driven to Canada, where quebracho is admitted free of duty. He declared that the oak and hemlock have been killed off so that now only the inferior chestnut is left, which could be used successfully to make an extract to mix with the imported quebracho. By a vote of 29 to 38 the La Follette amendment was rejected—Senators La Follette, McCumber, Nelson, Smith, of Michigan; Beveridge, Borah, Brown, Burkett, Cummins, Clapp, Dolliver and Gamble, Republicans, voting with the Democrats in favor of the reduction; while Senators Foster, Martin, Simmons, Daniel and Smith, of Maryland, Democrats, voted with the Republicans against the reduction. By a viva voce vote the duty recommended by the committee of one-half cent a pound was agreed to.

"The trusts are ghosts," declared Mr. Heyburn, in replying to suggestions that the "lead trust" was interested in the duty on lead.

Mr. Nelson taunted Mr. Heyburn on the former attitude of his State on the silver question.

"I never followed the silver god out of the Republican party," replied Mr. Heyburn.

"You are following a lead god now," retorted Mr. Nelson amid general laughter.

* * *

Penrose Presents Figures.

Mr. Penrose undertook to demonstrate by exact calculations that the difference of duty being considered for on white lead would amount to 25 cents in the painting of a farmhouse. Mr. Cummins protested against the "suggestion that the trust or combination or individual shall be set loose to rob the American people simply because it only steals 25 cents." He did not agree with the Senator from Idaho in his eulogy of the trust.

"I hope his voice is not the voice of the Republican party," he said.

Mr. Heyburn disavowed intimating that there were no trusts. He said he was only referring to a lead trust.

"Then," interposed Mr. Clapp, "why did you say trusts were ghosts—ghosts in the plural?"

"I would like to see the reporter's notes of what I did say before making a reply," said Mr. Heyburn.

Mr. Aldrich appealed for a vote, saying half of the day had been consumed in a debate on this one section.

"I hope," he said, "we will be able to take votes more frequently."

* * *

Get No Satisfaction.

Mr. Clapp declared that repeatedly Senators have sought to know the difference of cost between production in this country and abroad.

"And every time," he continued, "that question is asked, we are referred to a preparation of the protective tariff."

"I appeal to Senators to allow a vote to be taken on this amendment," said Mr. Aldrich, standing in his place and looking over the chamber appealingly.

Mr. Bristow declared that the lead industry was a trust and "every year exacts $1,000,000 from the American people for which it gives them nothing in return."

A vote was taken, the Curtis amendment fixing the rate on white lead at 2½ cents a pound instead of 2¾, as proposed by the House and 2¼ as originally recommended by the Finance Committee, was agreed to.

Senator Tillman to-day proffered some advice to Senator Aldrich, in charge of the tariff bill. It came at the close of the day, after the Finance Committee's triumph on white lead.

Before another paragraph could be taken up, Mr. Tillman arose and said he wanted to make a suggestion to the chairman of the Committee on Finance.

* * *

No Use In Talking.

"We have," he said, "just spent the best part of a day in a useless wrangle, resulting in the usual victory by a majority of eight or ten votes for the astute manager in control of this bill. I want to suggest that he might get a good many more votes if he would enforce the rule which forbids a Senator to speak more than twice on the same subject."

"I am not sure," said Mr. Aldrich in reply, "that I do not observe the suggestion and criticism of the Senator from South Carolina. I have been hoping that much of the discussion here which seemed unnecessary, would cease."

"But the talk grows deeper every day," said Mr. Tillman.

"Not deeper," replied Mr. Aldrich, smiling.

Mr. Aldrich appealed for revelancy in the discussion in the paragraphs of the bill.

"I accept," he said, "the criticism of the Senator from South Carolina because I think it is deserved."

Mr. Tillman being accused by Mr. Bacon of being the chief offender in speaking many times upon the same amendment, protested, and his protest was followed by a statement by Mr. Aldrich that it was his intention at an early date to satisfy the Senator from South Carolina that the tariff bill should be proceeded with, "morning, afternoon and night, until disposed of."

* * *

Objects To Night Sessions.

"We don't want any night sessions," appealed Mr. Tillman. "I want to say," continued Mr. Tillman, looking over the Senate chamber in a hesitating manner, "that while I don't want to call down castigation upon my head, speeches for home consumption are getting too frequent for my comfort."

Mr. Bacon declared that what the Senate needed more than anything else in his judgment was "dignity."

The Senate then proceeded to adopt, with little discussion, several paragraphs of the chemical schedule. The duty on acetate of lead was reduced one-eighth of a cent a pound below former committee recommendations.

The committee's recommendation for an increase of the duty on bichromate from 1¾ cents per pound over the House's recommendation of 1 cent a pound was sustained forty to twenty.

TELLS WHAT HE SAID.

Gov. Johnson Replies To Senator Bailey's Charges.

St. Paul, Minn., May 20.—Gov. John A. Johnson, when asked to-day if he had read the statement made in the United States Senate yesterday by Senator Bailey, of Texas, in which Mr. Bailey criticised the Governor for making alleged untruthful statements in regard to the minority in the Senate in its attitude toward the tariff bill, said:

"So far as Mr. Bailey is concerned I do not care to make any denial of his charges, but I do care to have other Senators in the South know that I did not make the statement that the railways of the South influenced any Senators. Nor did I make any statement reflecting on any Senator from the South or any other section.

"I did say that the Republican party would be held responsible for the result of an extra session, and could not screen itself behind the co-operation of a few Democrats acting with the conservative Republican element of the Senate."

House Holds Brief Session.

Washington, May 20.—The session of the House to-day lasted but five minutes. There was such a meager representation of members that Mr. Macon, of Arkansas, raised the point of no quorum. This was promptly conceded by Mr. Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, who was the Speaker pro tempore, and thereupon on motion of Mr. Payne, of New York, adjournment was taken until next Monday.

Gov. Clark Confirmed.

Washington, May 20.—The Senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Walter E. Clark to be Governor of Alaska.

AGED INDIANIAN LAID TO HER REST.

Evansville, Ind., May 20.—[Special.]—Mrs. Magdalena Bosier, one of the oldest women in northern spencer county, Ind., died last night at her home at Mariah Hill. She had been a widow since 1849, her husband having died in that year of cholera while a passenger on a boat from New Orleans. Twenty-two other passengers on the boat died of the cholera before the steamer reached Troy, Ind. There was great excitement among the people along the Ohio Valley as the steamer bearing the cholera patients came plowing up the river, and at many places the boat was not allowed to land.

Contract For School Building.

Madison, Ind., May 20.—[Special.]—The contract for constructing the new North Madison schoolhouse was this evening awarded to J. H. Gallbreath & Co., of Indianapolis. There were seven bidders.

BIG TOBACCO SALE IN CLARKSVILLE DISTRICT.

Clarksville, Tenn., May 20.—The Dark Tobacco Growers' Association has made large sales of tobacco to the American Tobacco Company, Italian Regies and Spanish Government. Sales over the district will aggregate 10,000 hogsheads, and at Clarksville nearly 4,000 hogsheads. Types have been selected by the buyers and settlements will be made as soon as the tobacco can be sampled. It is the biggest sale ever made by the association and indications point to an early disposal of the entire crop.

"Good"
at Breakfast, Lunch or Supper
Delicious
Post Toasties

A new dainty of pearly white corn, by the makers of Postum and Grape-Nuts.

Toasties are fully cooked, rolled into thin wafers and toasted a crisp, golden-brown.

Ready to eat direct from the box with cream or good milk. The exquisite flavour and crisp tenderness delight the most fastidious epicure or invalid.

"The Taste Lingers"

Popular pkg. 10c.
Large Family size 15c.

Sold by Grocers.

BROKERS ASSIGN.

SEDERQUIST, BARRY & CO. GO TO THE WALL.

Members of Consolidated Stock Exchange of New York Doing Small Business.

New York, May 20.—The assignment for the benefit of creditors of the brokerage firm of Sederquist, Barry and Company, of Boston and New York, was announced to-day on the Consolidated Stock Exchange, in which the firm had a membership.

The assignment is said to have been due to the failure of customers short of stocks to put up margins. It is understood that the firm has no outstanding commitments on the New York Consolidated Exchange. Its business in this city was not large.

Causes Another Failure.

Boston, May 20.—The failure of Sederquist, Barry and Company was followed during the forenoon by the suspension of Edward P. Cramm and Company, Congress street. It was stated that Cramm and Company were creditors of Sederquist, Barry and Company, and this was confirmed when E. P. Cramm joined Jacob and Frank Heins in involuntary bankruptcy proceedingse against the Sederquist Company in the United States District Court.

FILIPINOS AGAIN ASK FOR THEIR INDEPENDENCE.

Resolution Adopted Before the Adjournment Sine Die of the General Assembly.

Manila, May 20.—With but slight variation from its action of final adjournment of the session of 1908, the Philippine General Assembly in the closing hour of its session to-night adopted a second resolution declaring in favor of the independence of the islands.

The last formalities with the Philippine commission had been exchanged and the statutory hour of adjournment had passed when the question was presented by Speaker Osmena. He said the policy of the Assembly was to work in harmony with and support the Government in all measures calculated to advance the interests of the Filipinos.

Nevertheless the members had not abandoned their original aspiration for independence, and therefore he moved that the Filipino delegates to the Congress of the United States be instructed to present the question to that body whenever an opportunity was offered. The members of the Progresista or minority party asked permission to abstain from voting, which was granted.

SHRUBB BEATS ST. YVES IN A TWENTY-MILE RACE.

Montreal, Que., May 20.—Alfred Shrubb, the English middle-distance champion, proved his ability to go farther than fifteen miles in winning style by defeating Henri St. Yves, the Marathon champion from France, in their twenty-mile race on the Montreal A. A. A. ground this evening. Shrubb won by a lap and a quarter, about 600 yards, in the fast time of 1 hour, 54 minutes and 25 seconds. St. Yves finished out the race in 1:56:24.

It was a big surprise, St. Yves being practically a 1-to-2 favorite. Reports that Shrubb's leg had gone back on him led most of the experts to believe he would fall after the fifteenth mile. Shrubb took the lead after the first twenty yards, and, setting a fast pace, opened a big lead in the early stages of the race. He was limping badly when the finish came, but ended the race with a strong sprint.

St. Yves ran his usual race, with short, choppy strides, but had not the speed to go after the Englishman. Five thousand people saw the race.

UNITED WITH FAMILY AFTER LONG ABSENCE.

Children of C. S. Linwell Discover Father In Louisiana Charity Hospital.

Shreveport, La., May 20.—[Special.]—C. S. Linwell, an aged white man, was reunited to his two children here to-day after a separation of twenty-five years. He was confined in the Charity Hospital when it was learned he was from Princeton, Ind., and his children, who had long thought him dead, were informed.

They hurried to his bedside. The party left to-day for Princeton, Ind., where he will spend his last days with his son and daughter. It could not be learned what caused him to leave home a quarter of a century ago and never write his children. His son is a prominent physician at Princeton.

CAPT. ROCHESTER CUMING, NAVAL HERO, IS DEAD.

New York, May 20.—Capt. Rochester Cuming, who as a Lieutenant on the converted scoutship Harvard, carried the first news of the strength of Cervera's squadron in Santiago Harbor before the battle which terminated the Spanish naval power, is dead at his home in Englewood, N. J.

Capt. Cuming, who in recent years had been in command of Oliver Harriman's private yacht, was sent ashore from the Harvard by Admiral Sampson soon after Cervera's fleet entered the harbor of Santiago, and after a perilous journey he reported to the American commander the strength of the Spanish naval forces.

TANNER'S LIBEL SUIT SETTLED BY AGREEMENT.

Ballston, N. Y., May 20.—The action of Frank Z. Jones against Corp. James Tanner to recover $25,000 for libel was settled to-day. Jones alleged that Tanner sent out a letter saying that Jones collected money from several prominent G. A. R. men. This morning the committee of three veterans on each side held a conference and settled the case. There was no money consideration, but the parties signed a statement, Tanner saying that he had been misinformed as to the alleged collection of money. Jones said he was satisfied that Tanner did not make the statement with malice.

WITHDRAWS FROM RACE FOR ATTORNEYSHIP.

H. S. Vansant Writes Card To His Constituents Stating His Reasons for Quitting Contest.

Frankfort, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—H. S. Vansant, of the State Insurance Department, has announced his withdrawal as a candidate for the Republican nomination in the Twenty-ninth judicial district, thus giving A. A. Hudleston, the incumbent, a walk-over for renomination.

Mr. Vansant is one of the most prominent young lawyers in Metcalfe county and his friends say that he stood a splendid chance to win. Mr. Vansant writes a card to the Republicans of the district, telling of his reasons for withdrawing, as follows:

"To the Republicans of the Twenty-ninth judicial district: I have decided to withdraw from the race for Commonwealth's Attorney. I entered this race with strong faith in my ability to win the nomination and still believe I should have by all rules of fairness won over my opponent, but all my duties as a public official at Frankfort kept me out of the district, except on occasional flying trips, until my opponent had the district well organized and when the committee called the primary at such an early date I felt like this, in connection with my duties at Frankfort, almost forced me out of the race. Later I found that my duties at Frankfort would still demand a part of my time or else I would be compelled to resign my present position, so I decided to accept the inevitable and withdraw from the race.

"In quitting the race I desire it distinctly understood that I have the kindliest of feelings for every Republican in the district, and, as I am yet a young man, I hope to retain your friendship and good will and if I can only have this I will still hope that fortune will some day favor me. Thanking my friends who offered to aid and stand by me in the race and regretting that I find it necessary to take this step, I am, your friends,

"H. S. VANSANT."

Fatal Electrical Storm.

Edgefield, S. C., May 20.—A fatal electrical storm swept this section to-day. Two small negro boys were killed by lightning at Johnson and a negro child was badly injured by bricks from a chimney which had been knocked over by lightning. Here and there small houses were razed and the courthouse was damaged.

DURING MAY WE OFFER
The Very Best of
CAMDEN HIGH-GRADE PITTSBURG COAL
Per Ton $3.75 Per Ton
"Old Lee" Anthracite $7.75. "C. C. B." Poca Lump $4.40.
Both Phones 585.
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More Trains and Faster Time to Colorado via Burlington Route

Effective May 23

The Burlington Route will have

-5 Through Trains to Colorado 5-

¶ Three of these are electric-lighted, one-night-on-the-road trains leaving St. Louis 2:15 p. m., and Chicago 9:45 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

¶ Note new leaving time from Chicago (4:30 p. m.) of famous Denver Limited No. 1 which arrived in Denver "on time" 355 times during 1908.

¶ The other trains leave St. Louis 9:01 p. m. and Chicago 11:00 p. m.

¶ When you travel via Burlington you get a really comfortable ride, unequaled service and arrive "on time" with astonishing regularity. Send for folders and Colorado handbook.

W. A. Lalor, Assistant General Passenger Agent, St. Louis

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KINGS' VISITS

Edward the Only Ruler Welcome To All Lands.

CZAR STAYS CLOSE HOME TO SAVE HOSTS ANXIETY.

SENTIMENT ALWAYS FELT OUT BEFORE ROYAL TRIPS.

COLD SHOULDER AVOIDED.

King Edward is the freest of all monarchs at the present day as regards his visiting. There is no country in Europe he cannot visit with assurance of safety and cordial reception. Brother potentates may well envy him, says Cassell's Saturday Journal (London). There is perhaps not another monarch that has not certain countries forbidden him. One or two cannot count upon a reception anywhere.

The enormous preparations that have to be made to secure the safety of the Czar when he pays a visit to another country make him anything but a guest acceptable to his hosts. Personally he is much liked by brother sovereigns, but a terrible feeling of responsibility with regard to him seems to chill the air around him. He brings anxious days and nights with him, and, however desperately officials and others may strive to appear cheerful and at ease, it is most frequently a failure. The Czar knows they will be most heartily pleased to see the back of him, and his sensitive nature shrinks from imposing disagreeable experiences on others.

The Sultan of Turkey was a royal black sheep that no one thought of inviting. When the Emperor of Germany some years back sought to get him to Berlin he found such feeling aroused that he regretfully abandoned the idea. The atrocities in the early part of his reign barred him from "Society." The King of the Belgians, in consequence of domestic quarrels and the enormities credited to his Congo rule, finds it advisable to take his trips abroad incognito. King Peter of Servia is a monarch no one cares of inviting to "put his legs under his board."

The German Emperor is barred from Paris—a city he has longed for years to visit—and it is only in recent years that a king of Spain could venture there assured of a friendly greeting. With the exception of King Edward there is no monarch who would care to visit more than one or two countries without first having careful inquiries made as to whether it would be wise for him to do so. Monarchs have to be cautious in their calls.

* * *

Anxious Anticipation.

For some months beforehand the representative of the would-be caller makes investigations into the popularity of his royal master among the people proposed to be visited. In all directions well-paid eyes and ears are busy collecting information. Very often the results of these inquiries are such that a proposed royal trip is promptly nipped in the bud. It is a blow to the prestige and the popularity of a sovereign with his own people for him to be coldly received in another country. And as regards his reception, "the man in the street" counts for more than is commonly supposed. What will his attitude be? Will he greet the distinguished guest with a cheer, receive him with cold silence, or will he even groan? The state progress of a royal visitor to Britain through the streets of London is a matter of the most anxious anticipation by the Ambassador or other minister who has made himself responsible for his coming. Frequently he takes precautions to make sure that at certain parts of the route the great personage shall be received with enthusiasm—a sprinkling of persons ready to applaud at a price has an infectious effect upon a crowd.

The representative of a monarch who is anxious to visit us, and who has to inform him there is a possibility public approbation of him may not be quite so strong as is desirable, has a disagreeable task to perform. Monarchs are hard people to persuade that they are not universal favorites. The Ambassador probably tears up a good many drafts of the letter he writes to the foreign minister of the country he represents before he hits upon the most felicitous terms in which to express the disagreeable truth. But woe to him if, through his not putting things strongly enough, his royal master is induced to come and then chances to be badly received.

* * *

A Common Excuse.

"In consequence of the sudden illness of Her Royal Highness Princess X the visit to the court of Blank has had to be postponed," is a common explanation of the abandonment of a royal call. It may frequently only mean that some unexpected incident has occurred to make it doubtful whether the reception by "the man in the street" would be all that might be wished.

The popularity of some monarchs undergoes sudden and violent changes in different countries. In case of one of them receiving an intimation from his representative that his popularity has suddenly declined to zero, Princess X's sickness is an excuse for not risking a hostile domonstration. A large number of royal visits are abandoned in this fashion every year, and it is probable there will be a good deal of this diplomatic illness in royal families this year, the popularity of some monarchs in various countries having lately fluctuated in the most remarkable fashion. It does not promise to be a good visiting season as far as the rulers of Europe are concerned.

OFF TO STUDY SNAILS.

[New York Sun.]

Prof. Henry F. Crampton curator of inverterbrate zoology of the American Museum of Natural History, has left New York bound on an expedition to the South Seas for the purpose of continuing his studies on the variation and distribution of snails, a work which he began in 1906 for the museum and continued in 1907 and 1908 under a grant from the Carnegie Institution. Professor Crampton will be away for eight months and will devote most of his time to the Society Islands, Cook Island and the North Island of New Zealand, Samoa and Hawaii.

His present journey is the fourth undertaken to the South Seas, the first of which was conducted under the auspices of the Carnegie Institution of Washington.

On former journeys Tahiti and other smaller islands of the Society group were thoroughly explored and more than 170 valleys of different islands were investigated.

The particular object of the research is terrestrial snails that live upon the vegetation in the moist jungles of the upper valley regions.

While on the forthcoming journey Professor Crampton will revisit the Society Islands for the purpose of verifying important observations. He will then visit Cook Island on the way to New Zealand. Afterward he will go through the Tonga Islands to the Samoan group, where explorations will be made for two or three months. Returning by way of Fiji, Prof. Crampton will visit Honolulu, where he expects to take the field with some of the officers of the Bishop Museum and where studies will be made of the famous collections in the Bishop Museum made by Garrett.

Live specimens will be brought home for experimental study here and at the Carnegie Institution station in the Tortuga Islands. Professor Crampton will make ethnological studies in these several groups, paying particular attention to traditions that soon will be lost by the deaths of the older chiefs in the islands. He is also taking for the department of anthropology a phonograph and blank records in order to obtain records of native songs and chants.

When Your Head Aches

don't take chances with your heart by dosing with headache cures. It's caused by upset stomach or inactive liver.

Nature's Remedy

REG U.S PAT OFFICE

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will settle the stomach and make your liver act without violence but effectively. It will remove the cause and cure the headache.

53 **Get a 25c. Box**

Better than Pills for Liver Ills

BIG INDUSTRY.

Fifty Million Dollars In Moving Picture Shows.

ATTENDANCE LAST YEAR FOUR MILLION A DAY.

NEARLY 190 MILES OF FILM FOR THEIR INSPECTION.

SEVEN THOUSAND THEATERS.

While baseball undoubtedly deserves its title as the national sport of America, there is at least one other diversion which attracts a greater number of Americans. About 10,000,000 persons paid admission to baseball games in the record-breaking season of 1908; the moving-picture show drew an attendance of 4,000,000 daily, a total attendance of more than a billion; or an average of one visit a month to this form of amusement for every man, woman, and child in the whole country, says the New York Evening Post.

Already this infant industry has developed to a point where $50,000,000 is invested in it, and 7,000 moving-picture houses are scattered over the country. Of the larger cities, Chicago has at present 313 moving-picture shows, and probably will have 500 before the end of the present year. New York has 300, St. Louis 205, Philadelphia 186, San Francisco 131, Pittsburg 90, and Boston 31. Hundreds of smaller cities and towns have from one to a dozen, and the craze has extended to Mexico, Central and South America, and the Panama Canal Zone.

Nearly 1,000,000 feet, or 190 miles, of films are shown every day in the United States. At the average rate of speed fourteen separate pictures pass the eye every second that the machine is in motion, so that very day making of these films is in itself an enormous business. The organization which controls them not only has agents photographing scenes in every part of the world, but maintains theaters and out-of-door establishments, where complete plays and all sort of other activities are presented before the camera.

Until recently, theaters were, as a rule, segregated in certain sections of the large cities. Cities like New York, Chicago, and Philadelphia cover such areas that the working people had little or no time after returning from their day's work to travel to a distant section for recreation. Besides, it was expensive. To a man who has to support a family on small earnings every nickel counts, and carfare is a serious consideration.

* * *

At the Doors of the Poor.

Instead of the millions of these people having to go to the moving picture show, it has come to them. In every neighborhood in the large cities the shows have been established. In fact, they are most numerous in the thickly-populated parts of the city. The moving-picture exhibitor does not have to go to the expense of constructing a theater. His equipment is so simple that all that is necessary is to rent a store or hall, to comply with fire regulations, and to ornament it inexpensively. The cost is insignificant compared to that of equipping the regulation type of theater, while the charge of a nickel or a dime brings within the reach of millions of persons a form of entertainment which formerly they could not afford.

Vaudeville managers did not foresee a few years ago that moving picture shows would chase out vaudeville itself and become a new and extensive national institution. But this is precisely what has happened. Within the last year at least a thousand theaters in the United States which formerly made an exclusive specialty of vaudeville have been forced to abandon that style of amusement for moving pictures. Where but a year or two ago vaudeville in these theaters was the important feature, and moving-picture scenes incidental, the condition is now reversed. If a remnant of vaudeville remains, it is merely confined to a singer or two who carol an accompaniment to a pathetic or humorous picture thrown upon the screen.

* * *

Purifying Movement.

It is because the moving-picture show has become so firmly established as an amusement for the masses that movements are under way in many cities to improve the quality of the pictures shown.

There is in progress a winnowing out process that is improving the quality and influence of the pictures displayed. It is recognized that depictions of train robberies, kidnapings, and arson, drunkenness, assaults, and murders have anything but a salutary effect upon the minds of spectators, especially in the case of youthful persons, who attend moving-picture performances in great numbers. In most cases these views were poorly posed—were "faked," to use the term employed in the business—and bore no resemblance to real life.

At one time a considerable proportion of the moving picture views made in the United States were "fakes." Scenes supposed to show Boers and Britons in deadly conflict really represented mobs of "supers" charging up or down Jersey hillsides, and such subjects as "the convict's escape" and "the drunkard's home" were posed with only the crudest attempt at genuine realism. Nine of the largest concerns in the United States and Europe recently combined. They now censor all films and say they will efface the vicious features of the business. There are still a few film manufacturers not included in this combination, which is called a Trust by its opponents.

* * *

Used For Special Purposes.

One of the peculiar developments of the moving-picture business is the demand for views for special purposes. Manufacturers, lecturers on travel and other topics, prohibition agitators, and others interested in persuading the public to accept their statements, find the moving picture a valuable adjunct. In a recent case in which a New York transportation company was sued for injuries said to have been caused to a boy in an accident, moving pictures were produced in court by the defendant as part of the evidence. They showed the boy at play in the street and were intended to prove that he was not as badly injured as had been asserted.

With Twentieth-century enterprise the anti-saloon leagues and prohibitionist lecturers in various States have introduced moving pictures as a substitute for the "horrible examples" exhibited by John B. Gough and his contemporaries. The modern substitute shows the supposed drunkard in the act of beating his wife or pawning his babies' shoes and later reeling down the street. Such views have been exhibited in a number of States in recent campaigns, and have helped to stir up popular feeling against the liquor business.

Emphasis is being placed upon the educational value of moving-picture views. The proposal has been made by the head of the People's Institute in New York to introduce them in the public schools in order to instruct the children in such subjects as the growth of plants, the habits of birds, or historical events.

TWELVE POLICEMEN WOUNDED IN FIGHT.

Clash On Streets of Paris Between Body of Workmen and Detachment of Officers.

Paris, May 20.—There was an encounter on the streets of Paris this afternoon between a body of workmen and a detachment of police. Twelve policemen were wounded in a struggle in which the workmen had the upper hand until a detachment of Cuirassiers galloped up, cleared the streets, and made many arrests.

For a short time the immediate neighborhood of the encounter was in panic. Shops were hastily closed and windows barred.

The unionist barbers to-day voted to go on strike this afternoon or to-morrow.

When the building trades workmen at their meeting voted to continue the strike the vote was far from unanimous. Some of the speakers urged that the struggle be kept up and that violence be used if necessary. As the meeting broke up the conservative section shouted: "There is no strike; let us go back to work."

The situation was very quiet this evening, all of the rioters having been dispersed. The Federation of Leather Trades has issued an urgent appeal to its various affiliated unions to strike.

HARGIS IS INSANE

COURT GIVES HIM INTO FATHER'S CUSTODY.

Lieutenant In Navy Never Recovered From Attack of Tropical Fever.

Washington, May 20.—Ensign Edward Guerrant Hargis, of the United States navy, a nephew of the noted Judge Hargis, of Breathitt county, Kentucky, was declared by a jury in Justice Anderson's court late to-day to be afflicted with "depressive insanity."

The jury in its verdict decided that he must be taken care of by his father, Alexander Hargis, of Kentucky, and that his wife, a daughter of Rear Admiral Hawley, United States navy, retired, shall get $100 a month out of the officer's allowance from the Government.

Hargis entered the naval academy from Kentucky in 1900. He won honors both in his class and on the athletic field. He also was an expert rifle shot and was personally presented with a medal by President Roosevelt. At a Cuban port two years ago Hargis contracted tropical fever, which brought on his present trouble. He married Miss Hawley in April, 1907.

NIGHT RIDER CASES ARGUED IN TENNESSEE.

Attorney General Cates Pleads State's Case and Lawyer For Defense Talks of Alibis.

Jackson, Tenn., May 20.—When the State Supreme Court adjourned here this afternoon until to-morrow morning, State's Attorney General Charles E. Cates had not concluded his argument in the case of the men convicted in the lower court at Union City of night-riding outrages in the Reelfoot Lake region. He will conclude to-morrow. The only other speaker of the day was Joseph L. Fry, for the defense. The alibi theory was urged at length by him.

Cates told the story of the death scene near Walnut Log that night, when Capt. Rankin was hanged and shot to death by the gang of night riders in their robes and masks. By the use of a map, he located the various points of interest in and around the lake connected with the case.

COL. COX'S CONDITION SOMEWHAT IMPROVED.

Family Is Still Apprehensive, and His Son Has Been Sent For.

The condition of Col. Cox, who is dangerously ill at his home, 1423 Third street, was said to be somewhat improved at 11 o'clock last night. The family is still apprehensive, as the slightest change for the worst might cause his death. His son, Lieut. Cox, has been sent for.

MISS TAFT AGREES TO UNVEIL MONUMENT.

Washington, May 20.—Miss Helen Taft, daughter of the President, has accepted an invitation to unveil the monument erected at Gettysburg, Pa., in memory of the soldiers of the regular Union army who participated in the Gettysburg campaign. The ceremony will take place on the 31st inst., and 2,000 regular troops will attend.

The principal address will be made by President Taft. An address will be made by Secretary Dickinson in case his health will permit.

MAJ. HERSEY MAKES LONG BALLOON TRIP.

Milwaukee, May 20.—The Milwaukee Aero Club's balloon "Pabst" made its second flight shortly after 2 o'clock this afternoon, with Maj. H. B. Hersey as pilot, accompanied by E. P. Vilas and Prof. W. S. Johnson. The aerial craft sailed away in a southwesterly direction. The balloon landed on a farm about forty miles west of this city this evening. There were no unusual incidents connected with the trip.

SEEK TO ENJOIN UNCLE SAM'S TARGET PRACTICE.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 20.—Residents of Catoosa county, Ga., declaring that the Government rifle range there is a menace to life and limb, are preparing a petition for injunction to prevent target practice by the Eleventh United States Cavalry. A bill will soon be filed at Ringgold, Ga., to-morrow morning

FRIGHTENED TO DEATH BY WARSHIP SEARCHLIGHT.

Fordoche, La., May 20.—Adeline Hawkins, a negress of this place, was literally frightened to death to-day by the powerful searchlight of the battleship Mississippi as it was on its way up the river to Natchez. "It is the judgment light," she exclaimed, and then fell dead.

MR. PAYNE "GETS BACK."

[Washington Correspondence of the New York Tribune.]

Representative Sereno E. Payne, of New York, objects to the word "waddle" when applied to himself. He is a stout man—some people are unkind enough to say fat—and he admits it, but he is not entirely cordial to those jovial friends who constantly remind him of his obesity. The other day one of the local newspaper men at the White House printed the following statement in his paper:

"Mr. Payne waddled out of the White House."

To-day this same reporter, whose girth is little less than that of the tariff framer, ran out of the White House and overtook Mr. Payne as he was leaving the mansion.

"Any news, Mr. Payne?" he asked.

"You just say," answered Mr. Payne, "that a newspaper man waddled up to Mr. Payne and was told there was no news, and he waddled away again."

And the newspaper man did waddle away, and Mr. Payne waddled on with all the dignity his mirth would permit.

ROSE GIVES FIGURES TO CLINCH ARGUMENT

PROHIBITION A FAILURE WHEREVER IT IS TRIED.

MILWAUKEE'S MAYOR MEETS NEW OPPONENT.

DEBATE AT PEORIA, ILL.

Peoria, Ill., May 20.—Arguing along the lines that prohibition does not prohibit, Mayor David S. Rose, of Milwaukee, met Dan R. Sheen before 2,000 people at the Collseum here to-night on the negative side of the question:

"Resolved, That prohibition, as applied to the manufacture and sale of intoxicating beverages is right."

The local advocate of cold water opened the debate with an address of one hour. He urged the protection of the homes, of the schools, of the churches, and of the rising generation against the evils of the liquor traffic. Half of the criminals in the penitentiary, he said, were there through the effects of alcoholic stimulants. The Almighty established prohibition first in the Garden of Eden, the speaker maintained, when Adam was prohibited from eating an apple. Since that time prohibitory legislation had been passed and had been more or less effective.

Mayor Rose urged that the Almighty's mandate regarding the apple did not prohibit Adam eating it, and argued that since that time laws against the use of intoxicating beverages had been no more successful. The Milwaukeean quoted Scripture in support of the theory that Noah had been a drunkard after leaving the Ark; that the Saviour drank wine as a beverage, and that down through the succeeding ages wine had been manufactured and had been drunk.

He referred at great length to the failure of the army canteen bill and in this connection said:

"You can never legislate men into morality and this whole question of temperance and of prohibition is a moral question."

Continuing along these lines Mr. Rose said:

"From 1850 to 1880 seventeen States were under prohibition. They tried the experiment, and all of them abandoned the attempt.

"Alabama is a dry State, and criminality has been increasing since prohibition became operative. Last month there were twenty-three murders committed in the city of Birmingham.

"Milwaukee last year had but 968 arrests for drunkenness.

"Columbus, Ga., a dry city one-tenth the size of Milwaukee, had 1,096 arrests for drunkenness."

The speaker compared many wet cities with dry ones along the same lines.

Speaking of regulation of saloons he said:

"In Milwaukee we regulate; there is the solution of all of it."

Taking up the question from the economic standpoint he said: "Last year this industry paid into the Federal Treasury $223,000,000, they paid labor $56,000,000 and it paid to the farmer $109,000,000. Two million five hundred mouths were fed."

He closed as follows:

"So long as the Government undertakes to rule moral conduct by force, so long will the spirit of American manhood assert itself and rebel against an unjust interference with the liberty which belongs to us in the guarantee of our Constitution."

Each man was allowed thirty minutes in rebuttal. In his closing argument Mr. Sheen attacked moral conditions as they prevailed in Milwaukee.

The debate was concluded at 11:30 o'clock by Mr. Rose, who repeated his previous arguments and gave more figures and comparisons of wet and dry localities.

SAFEGUARDING BUTTER.

[Consular Reports.]

The Dutch Parliament has recently passed an act for the prevention of the adulteration of butter in Holland, and Consul Henry H. Morgan, of Amsterdam, forwards comments thereon by a local newspaper, from which the following points are given:

"To exclude every possibility of fraud, the act provides for permanent Government supervision, at the expense of the makers, in places where both butter and margarine are made. Not only are butter and margarine defined, but the act provides that butter shall contain a minimum amount of butter fat, which will prevent the sale of butter with an excess of water, and also makes it impossible to use any other adulterant. This provision is considered very important, as no analyst will henceforth have any difficulty in estimating the exact amount of volatile fatty acids present in a sample of butter or margarine.

"No foreign fats are allowed wherever butter is made, the act providing that from time to time a list shall be published giving the names of all substances considered adulterants, and which must not be present in places where butter is made.

"The punishment for the violation of the law is imprisonment for not more than a year, no fines being provided for, while the Judge, in certain cases, as additional punishment, is allowed to order the publication, at the offender's expense, of the material portion of the judgment."

The Dutch journal from which the foregoing is taken believes that this law will surely put a stop to all manufacture of fraudulent butter in Holland.

TUBERCULOSIS AND GENIUS.

[New York Times.]

John Milton, Dr. Samuel Johnson, Sir Walter Scott, Percy Bysshe Shelley, John Keats, Thomas Hood, Laurence Sterne, Thomas de Quincey, Elizabeth Barrett Browning, Henry Thoreau, Moliere, Schiller, Goethe, Robert Louis Stevenson, Sidney Lanier, Nathaniel Hawthorne, Ralph Waldo Emerson, Honore de Balzac, Jane Austen, Samuel Butler, Edward Gibbon, Francis Beaumont, Baruch Spinoza, Immanuel Kant, John R. Green, Richard Baxter, Marie Bashkirtseff, Jean Jacques Rousseau, John Ruskin, Charles Kingsley, Robert Southey, and Mme. de Staël are among the geniuses found by Arthur C. Jacobson, M. D., who has studied their health records, to have suffered from some form of tuberculosis or to have died of it. In all of them, he believes, the feverish optimism of the disease quickened, excited and inspired faculties of extraordinary potentiality.

Most of the men and women enumerated were cut off untimely, but some of them lived to a great age. The significance of Dr. Jacobson's study of their cases is in the fact that the disease which affected so many kingly and princely intellects has never been necessarily fatal, that it is now being conquered, and, while it may have fanned, it never kindled, the flames that might have burned as brightly under other and more healthful stimulus.

Cortelyou's Daughter Dies.

New York, May 20.—Helen Cortelyou, the 9-year-old daughter of George B. Cortelyou, former Secretary of the Treasury and now president of the Consolidated Gas Company, died last night at the Cortelyou home, Huntington, L. I.

Two attacks of grip which the former Secretary's daughter suffered during the winter had undermined her health and left her in an extremely nervous condition and with a weakened heart, which finally failed under the attack.

Seeks To Issue Certificates.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 20.—James P. Goodrich, receiver for the Cincinnati, Chicago and Louisville Railway Company, petitioned the Federal Court for permission to issue $1,500,000 in receivers' certificates for the purpose of continuing the operation of the railroad. The needs of the company are detailed as repairs, equipment, improvements and betterments. The road is not completed.

Shooting Follows Argument.

Frankfort, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Bacon Robb, an installment merchant of this city, was shot to-night by Morgan Brawner at a local resort. Robb is seriously wounded. The shooting occurred after a fight resulting from an argument.

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RARE BIRD WITH FOUR FEET.

[Battle Creek Correspondence of Detroit Free Press.]

The fact that the American Museum of Natural History of New York has sent an agent to South America to try to secure a specimen of the rare four-footed bird called the hoatzin is of great interest to Battle Creek people, because the fact that the only specimen of this bird in the United States (preserved in alcohol) is in this city. It is owned by Prof. Edward M. Brigham, the South American traveler, who is now instructor in geology in the local High School and curator of the High School museum.

Prof. C. William Beebe, curator of the birds at the Bronx zoological park, New York, is the man who will make the trip. He will be accompanied by his wife. They go to Dutch Guiana. There they will take a canoe and go 200 miles up the Essequibo River in search of the bird.

This bird has always attracted much attention among scientific men because it has four feet. It is so contrary to the accepted order of things that a bird should have four feet that the discovery of this quadruped bird was a surprise to ornithologists.

Prof. Brigham found these birds in 1881-82 while making embryological studies in the interior of the great island of Marajo, at the mouth of the Amazon River. This bird confirms the evolutionary theory that birds descended from reptilian ancestors. Many fossil birds show marked reptilian characteristics, having teeth, etc. The whole evolutionary process is shown in the hatching of the egg of this bird, whose scientific name is opisthocoma cristata, and which is known to the natives as the cigana (gypsy).

The bird, progressing in its embryological course, passes into the reptilian ancestral type and before its evolution has carried it beyond the reptilian phase it emerges from the eggs as a quadruped animal, hatched from an egg laid by a two-footed, two-winged bird. There are well-developed toes, each terminated by large well-developed claws.

For many days after hatching and before it is able to fly the young uses these claws to climb about the bushes and trees. But "fore" feet are purposeless for an ordinary bird. Then the modification begins, and the fore limbs are developed into wings—the final postnatal result.

The adult specimen in size and general appearance resembles a pheasant, but is no relation, as the cigana or hoatzin is the sole survivor of its genus, its family, its order, of which geologists have found numerous representatives in a fossil state.

The geographical range of the bird is quite limited, it being found only along the margins of the Amazon and Orinoco Rivers. The cry uttered by the adult cigana is unlike that of any other bird, and is so doleful and demoniacal that it sounds as if the bird were mourning for all its extinct relations. The bird is usually the most demonstrative in the night.

FOUND RICH COPPER MINE.

[Marquette (Mich.) Special to Detroit Free Press.]

Residing with his daughter in Rome, Edwin J. Hulbert has the distinction of being not only the discoverer of the famous Calumet and Hecla copper mine which already has paid $110,000,000 in dividends, a record that is without parallel in the world's history of mining, but of being the first white person born on Lake Superior and the oldest living pioneer of the region. He was born at Fort Brady, Sault Ste. Marie, on April 30, 1820, and was the son of John Hulbert, who had located there in 1813 as sutler to the garrison. His mother was a sister of Henry R. Schoolcraft, the famous geologist, explorer and etymologist.

In the course of time Edwin Hulbert removed from the Soo and became mining engineer at the old Cliff copper mine at Eagle River, on the Keweenaw peninsula. In 1853 he found specimens of copper rock that had become detached from the now celebrated Calumet conglomerate lode. He recognized the wonderful richness of the vein and set out in search of the formation. For years, however, the lode kept its secrecy and defied all known methods of exploration.

Mr. Hulbert expended a large amount of money in the invention and manufacture of specially designed exploring instruments, which he now has in his possession at his home in Italy. After years of study, self-sacrifice and expenditure of funds he decided the time for action had come, and he purchased from the Government at $1.25 per acre, the land on which the Calumet and Hecla mine now exists.

This was in 1859. Mr. Hulbert sent his brother John and his trusted explorer, Capt. Amos Scott, to open the lode. The men located the place named in the instructions and found it a piece of flat, wet ground, where there was no evidence of a mound, uplift or float rock. Capt. Scott was dubious regarding the outlook. Nevertheless, they began work at the spot directed and within a short time the operations had resulted in the opening of what has long since been the No. 4 shaft of the Calumet mine.

Capt. Scott died years ago and John Hulbert passed away recently at Detroit. Edwinn Hulbert is an invalid. His mine long ago passed from his possession, but it is seen to by the interest now in control of the property that he shall never want.

AFTER AFRICAN BUFFALOES.

[John A. M. Lethbridge in Forest and Stream.]

After all, one may shoot elephant or rhino, but a buffalo is, I think, the pick of the basket. Undoubtedly he is the most dangerous of all African game, and I think this is the opinion of all who have hunted him. He is no mean antagonist, for he is most ferocious and savage, and has strength and cunning to back it up. If you wound one of them look out.

The sun was just going down when, turning around a sharp bend, I came upon five buffaloes not more than 100 yards from me, and among them were two fine bulls. They had evidently just come out from the thick bush and were busily feeding, but one cow must have heard us, for she began to be suspicious. It did not take me a moment to make up my mind, and aiming just behind the shoulder of the nearest bull I fired, and down he went like a log.

For a moment the remainder stood perfectly still, long enough for me to fire my second barrel at the other bull. That my shot was good, I knew, but it had—or seemed to have—no effect on the bull, which dashed into the bush with the rest. Now, as I have said, following a wounded buffalo is no fun, and I thought it best to let well enough alone until the following morning.

Luck was with me, and the following morning we took up the trail, and had not gone more than about 100 yards before we came upon the bull, dead, of course, and untouched. I found that my bullet had cut the bottom of his heart, but he still had had sufficient strength to travel that distance. A right and left at buffalo and both bulls is something worth making, and to say that I was proud hardly describes my feelings. Although it was a piece of extraordinary good luck, I had had luck with the heads afterward, losing both in the capsizing of a canoe on the Zambesi.

MILLIONS OF FISHHEADS.

[Chicago News.]

Did ever any person see a pile of 37,000,000 codfish heads? The fishermen of Lofoten Islands, situated off the northwest coast of Norway, say yes and the camera seems to support the contention. At any rate, there is a grewsome tale of fishheads the year round at those celebrated fishing islands. Shiploads of the heads are sent to agricultural communities for fertilizer, the bony formation alone being valuable for such a purpose.

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All communications should be addressed to the Courier-Journal and not to individuals. If writers who submit MSS. for publication wish to have rejected articles returned they must in all cases send stamps. The editors are glad to examine MSS., but return postage must be included.

FRIDAY.....MAY 21, 1909

"Business."

Thursday Evening, May 20.—The New York stock market was very strong in the early trading, touching new high levels for several issues, but reacted in the afternoon and closed easy with fractional net declines.

Money on call was easy at 1¾ to 2 per cent., ruling at 1¾. Time loans were dull, with weakening tendency, at 2¼ to 3¼. Sterling exchange was steady.

The Chicago wheat market ruled strong on bullish foreign news and a continued light movement in this country, closing ⅛ to ¼c net higher. Corn closed easy, oats firm and provisions steady.

The cotton market opened steady at a few points advance, moved irregularly, with trading active, and closed but slightly changed.

The Chicago cattle market was steady, the hog market 5c to 10c higher and the sheep market steady.

A Golden Wedding.

It is a merry time in England, for Lord and Lady Roberts are celebrating their golden wedding.

Fifty years "Bobs" has been a loving husband and from all quarters of the Empire come messages and gifts to him and his venerable bride. And that the Field Marshal and his wife should be recipients of such lavish affection is not surprising. He has won the British faith and loyalty by his career in the British service. He has fought for England in Asia and Africa and, despite his age, he would be willing to fight some more if occasion arrived. And so to him on his golden wedding day go the greetings of his countrymen—to him and to her who has shared with him his life and his glory.

Probably the panic which is now stalking through England—this fear of an immediate German invasion and conquest—accentuates the adulation heaped upon the heads of "Bobs" on his wedding anniversary. The British mind looks to him as a sort of military savior. In India and in South America he brought victory out of disaster and made the British flag to wave in triumph over battlefields of dead and dying. He transformed sinister emergencies into national holidays. In the British mind to-day revive the pictures of his deeds in the Transvaal only a few short years back. Did he not save England from the determined forces of Oom Paul? Did he not swiftly turn a national funeral into a national frolic?

Then who else, now that the Germans are descending on the British Isles in dirships, via subterranean passages, by invisible ships and in a million other ways, while the British must stand in dismay, shall be the comfort and the stay save Gen. Lord Roberts? To whom other shall the people turn for a commander from whom salvation shall come?

Surely, Lord Roberts could not have celebrated his golden wedding at a time better calculated to win for him and the Countess the honest and earnest love of a worshiping and prostrate people. But had the event fallen in another year he would have received and deserved the homage of his countrymen and the congratulations of all races who esteem a man of action, courage and resourcefulness.

A man of war is a man of blood, but, all the same, the fate of races is in his hands. Lord Roberts had his military problems to overcome and he overcame them with splendid success. He is England's most distinguished military leader to-day. And, without weighing the political merits of the wars he has commanded, it is only proper to extend to him a cordial greeting and to wish him many another anniversary with the lady of his life's romance.

H. H. Rogers.

The death of H. H. Rogers in the very day of his victory, has an almost tragic fitness; but a few weeks since he had celebrated the consummation of his ambition and had realized with the opening of the Tidewater railroad, a dream which many had derided. Now he is numbered with the dead.

Of the men who mold the fortunes of the markets from 26 Broadway, H. H. Rogers was probably the best hated and the least known; there was about the man a certain saturnine grimness, a certain brusque aloofness which seemed to intimate in no uncertain way that the Standard Oil business was emphatically his business and not at all yours. The smug and apologetic air of mild benignity which sits so well on the older Rockefeller had no place in his make-up, neither had the petulance of the younger; he was content to be known as harsh and unapproachable, to be misunderstood, maligned.

His friendships and ideals were singularly romantic. Three visions possessed his life. Fairhaven, the land of his nativity; Mark Twain, the friend of his maturity; and the Tidewater railroad, for which, in a sense, he gave his last breath. To these he was wholly devoted, making of one a civic paradise, of the second a prop and a bulwark, of the third a devouring ambition; and all three justified themselves of his choice.

There are in many partnerships an "old man" who is all gentleness and geniality, who would if he could; and yet another "old man" to whom are passed up the asperities; on whom devolves the dirty work; whose "No" is all the harder and the rougher for the mollifying mellifluence of his colleague.

Such a one was H. H. Rogers. A constructive genius of the type of Commodore Vanderbilt; a philanthropist with a real hatred of a brass band; a typical American who had made himself and helped notably to make his country.

A Reform That Is Imperative.

Under the former city charter, the Louisville School Board was composed of twenty-four members, two from each of the wards. The present charter made a change by reducing the members to fourteen, or two from each of the magisterial districts. The change was demanded because of the unwieldiness of the larger body. In view of the unwieldiness of the existing board still another change is imperative. From fourteen members the body must be reduced to a mere group, to about five men, say, chosen from the city at large.

The parks are administered by a small commission. The sewer construction is managed by a small commission. The waterworks system is under the control of a small commission. In each of these branches of public work the results have been most satisfactory. There is no more reason why the schools of Louisville should be in the hands of a large, clumsy, indifferent and wire-pulling body than there is for the branches mentioned to be so controlled. And it is to the project of bringing about such a change in the scheme of school management that the citizens of Louisville should address themselves during the next few months.

The change can be accomplished only by an amendment to the charter. That amendment can be obtained only from the General Assembly. The General Assembly is to meet next January and its members are to be elected in the coming November. Naturally, therefore, it is for the people of Louisville to watch carefully the attitude of the Louisville candidates on the proposition to substitute a small commission for the present large board. Upon the Louisville delegation to Frankfort must rest the large part of the burden of obtaining the amendment. Only ardent champions of the amendment should be placed on guard.

As far as members from the remainder of the State are concerned, it is not to be supposed that the manner of organizing the Louisville school management will cause them much concern. It is not to be expected that from them will come the initiative in bringing about the reforms that are so desirable. Nor is it to be supposed that from them will emanate any objection, for the question is purely local to Louisville and involves no disturbing political policy. It is in Louisville, then, that most of the work must be done in the interest of the reconstruction of the school management. It is here that the people must be aroused to the need of the change and the wisdom of sending to the General Assembly men who are not only in sympathy with the movement but who champion it with all their heart.

The underlying idea of the movement is to take the public schools out of politics, to make them virile educational institutions, to insure their economical administration, to place them in a compact group, to get rid of the billingsgate and disorder that, as everybody knows, has been all along and ever will be inseparable from the present scheme of organization. The great tendency in other cities is to smooth out kinks in their respective school systems, to eliminate politics and to substitute the strictest and most scrupulous considerations of economy and efficiency, and Louisville should join the lines of progress.

Abolish the School Board; create a small commission of men whose party affiliation no one shall care about; give us economy and educational virility—therein lies a platform that is of immediate importance to all citizens of Louisville. It is the Courier-Journal's platform and it is by the Courier-Journal recommended to the sober thought of the taxpayers and voters.

Two Budgets.

"They order these things better," said Laurence Sterne, as he took the first step on that journey, labeled sentimental, and notorious for its happy habit of erecting sign-posts where one should not walk. "They order things better" as well in Britain as in Bretagne, and (more notably) to-day in Piccadilly than in Paris.

How to raise the wind,—that is the international puzzle, with such a prize "hung up" as may tempt the inner circle; how to wheedle just a little more with a smile and a smirk. Some nations have no money because they have spent it, and, like Japan, have nothing but an antique exhibit in nautical hardware to show for it; others, like, Germany, are hard up because they have drawn on the credit of unaccomplished achievement and have, as it were, mortgaged the future. They must, perforce, keep up the imposing front of braggadocio, until they are good and ready to "bluff" the others, who sit in with them, out of the game. It may occur that some poor, reckless nation, with an unapproachable capital such as Teheran or Tokio, may elect to call the "bluff," but those are of the impossible accidents which do not arrive.

But, big or little, Europe, like America, needs funds; and, since the only way to attract is by wiles and artifices, since auto-suggestion was understood on Lombard street and in the Rue Lafitte before it dawned upon the docks, so the pleasant and engaging spectacle of gilding the golden pig is going on merrily. We take up our exchanges and we read, "currente calamo," that never was Prussia in prettier shape, that the Herren Landswirthe are ahead with their rents, and that even the Fliegende Blaetter has blue-penciled all jokes on automobilisten, ja, for that they have become so commonplace and alltaeglich. Again we turn to that infallible fountain of chastened fun, le Figaro, and discern how, notwithstanding messieurs les grevistes who won't deliver letters, life round the Cercle de l'Etoile is just as starry as ever, and a trifle more expensive. "Vive la bagatelle" has more votaries than "Vive Pataud," and the Moulin Rouge, like the mills of the gods, grinds exceedingly small. Again we are permitted to peep into that holy of holies where none but American duchesses have the entree and which is above the cheap notoriety of a charity bazar, and there, with reverent submission, we may dimly distinguish the savor of the sun-kissed dollar mark which comes of stockyards or stocks. As Gilbert sang: "It really doesn't matter, matter, matter, matter," the boy who's got the golden spoon he always cleans the platter.

But, as we have said, European finance ministers, who are accustomed to beg, beg nobly; not only nobly, but effectually. They do not, like brother Aldrich, paralyze a nation's business by an age-long discussion, which, by their own reckoning, shall not add more than an inconsiderable fraction to the revenues; either they commit or demit en bloc. Mr. Lloyd George, for example, whose scheme has been marked for distinction as a "Red Flag Budget," was able to pass on the very night of its reading all those elementary changes, such as the tobacco schedule, which, by ventilation and discussion, would lose their ability to produce. Whatever may be the fate of his proposals, they cannot be circumvented.

That is not the American way. First, inspired paragraphs give the tip, next unofficial reports provide the corroborative details, and finally the proposition has to be side-tracked because a trade, forewarned and forearmed, has protected itself.

No, we say it regretfully, they do order these things better abroad; Britain's new burdens do not fall upon the consumption of the people, they are confined to luxuries or semi-luxuries. Here, on the other hand, practically the whole charge of our national Government is borne by taxes on the consumption of the masses—upon the needs of the people rather than upon their wealth or their ability to pay. Great Britain, says an English critic, is more considerate of her poor; and then adds, that there are here no poor, in his acceptation of the term. That, if it be true, is not the fault of Mr. Aldrich and his friends.

It is not known in this part of the country what is the basis of Senator Bailey's assumption to speak as the tribune of Democracy. His assaults upon such Democrats as Johnson, Rayner and Smith; his decree that taxed iron ore is Democratic and free iron ore is not; his announcement that the doctrine of free raw material is a "heresy" which "the Democratic party has repudiated," is more diverting than otherwise impressive. There is nothing in the records of the men to command for the Texas Senator general recognition of his authority to sit in judgment on the Democracy of Rayner and Johnson or to compel acquiesce in his dictum that the principle of free raw materials, expressly favored by the Democracy, is a heresy to Democracy. The action of Senator Bailey and his Democratic associates in voting against free iron ore and the action of Democratic Senators in voting against free lumber demonstrate that there is in the United States Senate no such thing as a cohesive party for Democratic tariff reform.

The Governor of New York has again proved his right to the respect of the country by vetoing the bill providing State pensions for Federal veterans. He clearly showed that the measure was invalid, and he might well have stopped there in assigning reasons for his veto. A less courageous man would have stopped there, but Gov. Hughes proceeded to define his opposition to the principle of the bill. The scheme is regarded as an attempt by his enemies to put the Governor in a hole, but the game of hole-putting is one at which he has demonstrated himself to be a bold and expert player.

T. Jenkins Hains, upon his acquittal on the charge of murder, loudly proclaimed his purpose to write a novel in extolment of the unwritten law. Now that his brother has been convicted on the same charge perhaps T. Jenkins will write a sequel to his novel.

The Harlem man who risked his life to save a basket hat from the water was none the less a hero because it was empty. How could he know that there was nobody under it?

THREE-CORNERED

Fight For Congress Predicted In the Eleventh.

EDWARDS, POWERS AND FINLEY WILL MAKE UP FIELD.

LATTER TWO THINK REPUBLICANS OWE THEM OFFICE.

COURT OF APPEALS DECISIONS

Frankfort, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Some of the most interesting laundry work ever done on soiled political linen is being eagerly awaited in the Eleventh congressional district as the result of the announcement by close friends of Charles Finley that he will be a candidate to succeed Don C. Edwards in Congress. Caleb Powers is conceded already to be a candidate, and Edwards' friends say he will not give up the prize he has held for several terms without a struggle. So a three-cornered fight that will attract attention all over the State is expected when the time comes for the Republicans to make their next nomination.

Any fellow feeling that Finley or Powers might have for each other as a result of the cloud which both were under for so long—the indictments for complicity in the Goebel assassination conspiracy—will not count in keeping either out of the scramble for the congressional job, say friends of both men here at the Capital. Both feel that the Republicans owe them something good for their "martyrdom," and each thinks he is entitled to preferment first—Finley, because he was compelled to remain an exile so long away from his home to escape trial, and Powers because he spent so many years in jail after his three convictions.

* * *

Complicated Situation.

The situation in the Eleventh will be a rather complicated one, say Eleventh district Republicans who hold office "on the Square" now, and few are able to conjecture just how the alignment of forces will be made in a three-cornered race as forecast. One office-holder said to-day:

"Friends of Finley say that he is certain to have the 'machine' behind him when he gets into the race. You know he is a Hardin, and so is Walter Reid, railroad Commissioner A. T. Siler. When Finley had his 'home-coming' from Indiana after his pardon by Gov. Willson, Mr. Siler made an address of welcome. Commissioner Siler is chairman of the District Committee, and is very strong. On the other hand, Congressman Edwards is in a powerful position and has a machine, too, which will have to be reckoned with. Caleb Powers is practically on the outside, you might say, so far as the organization or machine is concerned. His incipient boom for Congress last time did him no good, and a great many of the best Republicans of the district think that he should keep out of politics altogether. And Finley also comes under this category, too."

Another Eleventh district officeholder said, when asked about the congressional prospects in the Eleventh:

"The best thing that Caleb Powers and Charley Finley can do is to get as far back in the mountains as they can and stay there, with their mouths shut and out of public sight."

* * *

More Insurance Companies.

Three applications for certificates of permission to do business in Kentucky were made to the State Insurance Department to-day by representatives of companies, which cover together the various risks for which insurance is generally written. Commissioner Bell did not issue the permits in any of the cases, waiting until he has thoroughly looked up the records and data concerning the companies, before allowing them to come into Kentucky. The three companies which applied for admission are:

The Consolidated Casualty Company, of Charleston, West Virginia, which writes accident and employers' liability. It has $200,000 capital stock. The Law Union and Crown Fire Insurance Company, of London, England, with paid up capital stock of $1,000,000; and the Cleveland Life Insurance Company, of Cleveland, Ohio, with $100,000 capital stock.

* * *

Ill Luck In Bunches.

Ill luck certainly has been following the family of Polk Conway for some time and another stroke followed to-day when the Court of Appeals decided against young South Conway in a damage suit against the L. and N. railroad. South Conway was hit by a train on the L. and N. railroad and brought suit for $5,000 for his injuries and for the killing of the horse that he was riding. The lower court granted peremptory instructions in favor of the railroad and this is upheld by the Court of Appeals, which says the proof shows that the plaintiff made out his case. Judges Hobson and Nunn dissented from this opinion.

Polk Conway, the father, is in bed from a kick by a mule and is in a serious condition, with two ribs broken. His daughter, Mattie Conway, was recently killed by an L. and N. train and several nights ago the cars also killed a fine horse belonging to Conway.

* * *

Other Decisions.

The Court of Appeals to-day granted a new trial to John Magan, who was given a sentence of two years in the penitentiary for the killing of Jim Woods at Central City. The reversal is for errors in the admission of testimony.

The judgment of the Hardin Circuit Court was reversed in the case of the L. and N. railroad against Aaron Smith's administrator. Smith was killed by a cave-in of dirt while working on an extension of the L. and N. His administrator recovered judgment for $5,000. The court here says that the contractor for whom Smith was working was liable and not the railroad.

* * *

Overdose of Poison Fatal.

Robert C. Johnson, aged 61 years, a well-known resident of the Forks of the Elkhorn neighborhood, died this morning at 9 o'clock at the home of his daughter, Mrs. W. M. Allen, as a result of an overdose of morphine. Mr. Johnson was found about 7 o'clock in an unconscious condition in his room. He lived only about two hours. Dr. Montfort, of Woodlake, was summoned as soon as Mr. Johnson was found, but he was not able to save the life of the poisoned man. Dr. Montfort said this morning that Mr. Johnson took the poison by accident and that he had taken the morphine to relieve his suffering. Dr. Montfort said that he was confident it was not a case of suicide.

Mr. Johnson was born in Philadelphia and had lived in St. Louis. The funeral will be held to-morrow morning in Cincinnati. His daughter was a sister-in-law of Mrs. South Trimble. Mr. Johnson had not been well for some time.

* * *

Governor At Mansion.

Gov. Willson did not come to his office this morning, remaining at the mansion to work uninterrupted. He appointed James A. Renner Police Judge of Centertown, Ohio county, vice W. S. Faught, who resigned to become postmaster of the town.

NEW UNIFORMS FOR PUSH-CART MEN.

The negroes who push the hand patrols in the down-town streets will blossom out to-day in new khaki uniforms and helmets of a shade exactly matching their complexion. These men form a valuable part of the street-cleaning department in the financial and retail districts of the city. Superintendent Harry T. Crittenden, of the department, will see that the men bathe the uniforms with such frequency as to keep them clean.

All the hand patrols are in charge of negroes, whose political affiliations have been of more importance to the Board of Public Works than the efficiency of their work. The street cleaners proved a valuable aid in the "two-bit" primary and no white men need apply for any of the hand patrol jobs until after election, when it is possible that some of the colored brethren will be ditched for white men.

A SENSITIVE MOUNTAINEER.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

As a Kentucky mountaineer, I often have had occasion to feel grateful to the Courier-Journal for the stand it has taken editorially in defense of the mountain region of this State. However, I fail to see why such tommyrot—in the guise of news—as the inclosed clipping from Sunday's Courier-Journal should be allowed to appear in the columns of a newspaper published in Kentucky and ranking as one of the best in the country. I have no fault to find with the essential statements in the special from Hindman. The fact that a party of prominent Louisville ladies, all highly connected and identified with an important work for the improvement of conditions in Kentucky, is touring the mountains, being favorably impressed with the natural resources and the scenery of the region, and having an enjoyable trip, though the roads are rough and methods of travel uncomfortably primitive, is of sufficient interest to warrant the news correspondent in sending it to his paper as a special and to justify the paper in publishing it. But what is there to justify either the correspondent in sending or the paper in publishing the statement that "the members of the party of ladies report no trouble from the mountaineers?" Is there any thing at all remarkable in the fact that the mountaineers have given no trouble to this party of ladies? What trouble was anticipated—the same that might be expected in the brigand haunts of Turkey or Italy, or among the savage tribes of interior Africa, or in the Eastside of sinful New York City? When, where and how has a party of visitors been given trouble by the Kentucky mountaineers? Your Hindman correspondent evidently means no injustice to the people of the mountains, as he follows up his first mysterious, insinuating statement with the one from the party of ladies that "there is no reason why parties of ladies should not tour the mountains alone." Still, he has the feeling that long has been fostered by newspapers, namely, that anything coming from the mountains must either have a glamour of romance about it or be steeped in sensationalism, in order to be readable, and he, first of all, wants to make sure that his special is readable to the extent that it will be included in his "string" for this month.

Now, Mr. Editor, you may say this is a lot of fuss and feathers about one little clause in an innocent little special from an obscure mountain hamlet. Perhaps it may seem that no one but a supersensitive mountaineer would have given such small matter a second, or even a first, thought. Still, there is a principle involved that means much to Eastern Kentucky and to the whole State. If some space-loving newsgatherer should send in a special from some mountain village stating solemnly that a party of prominent people are visiting in Louisville and "the members report no trouble from the citizens," you would take time to smile and send the "special" to your funny man for his next day's budget. If a Chicago paper should make a like statement as to what would be given trouble by the citizens of Louisville, wouldn't you have your cussing editor to roast him a nice brown to the tune of about two columns? You would have him shout at the Chicago man that Louisville is just as safe place for visitors as Chicago. I believe that, too. Moreover, I believe that the mountains of Kentucky are just as safe place for visitors, if not considerably safer, than either Chicago or Louisville, and I have never yet met an intelligent person, familiar with conditions in the mountains through actual contact, who would not bear me out in this statement.

The besetting sin of our mountaineers has been fighting, not with strangers, but among themselves. It is only too true that men have shot their neighbors—even shot them in the back from ambush and been acquitted in court by a jury of twelve men; but woe has it ever been to the poor devil who stole a pig, robbed a traveler, betrayed the innocence of a girl or insulted a virtuous woman. We admit with shame that we have undone ourselves through fighting, but we do not admit that our wild, strange mania for vengeance has carried with it degeneracy and criminality in general. We have had our feuds, our desperadoes and our moonshiners, and no one has suffered at their hands so much as our mountain people; yet, the best authorities on crime in this region declare that fewer than two in each hundred of the entire population are criminals.

Then, the final matter, in regard to newspaper stories is this: We cannot find fault with any fair statement of facts, no matter how hard the facts may hit us; but we certainly have just complaint when facts are distorted and innuendo used to paint the whole citizenship of the mountains a glaring red that is just to not more than one or two persons in each hundred. The Hindman special, in itself, is a very bitter pill to swallow. However, it is not the single drop of water that wears a hole in the stone, but the long-continued repetition, one drop after another. Just as long as newspapers will print and pay for this slanderous stuff just that long will space-paid writers continue to hash up things from tradition and fancy mixed with isolated or unrepresentative facts, making it impossible to break down the barrier between the mountains and the surrounding world, first, by keeping out capital and developing force, and second, by antagonizing the mountain people themselves. Kentucky can never be thoroughly awake and progressive governmentally, economically or educationally until the boundary lines of "the mountains," "the Bluegrass," "the Pennyrile" and of the various other sections are effectually blotted out and a Kentuckian is a Kentuckian wherever you find him.

As I mentioned in the outset the Courier-Journal as a rule has been fair and just to the mountain people. They need its support to set them right before the world, though it may chastise them rightеously when they do wrong. Above all, let it set a good example to the press of the State by coming down hard upon such petty side-thrusting as that in the Hindman special, of which there has been an appalling amount without cause.

Trusting that you will receive this in the spirit in which it is offered—suggestive rather than critical—I am sincerely yours, NAT B. SEWELL.

Madisonville, Ky.

TO DEDICATE FLAGSTAFF AT MASONIC HOME.

Impressive Ceremonies Planned, With An Address By Gov. Augustus E. Willson.

Complete arrangements have been made for the dedication of the flagstaff at the Masonic Home to-morrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. As this is the first flagstaff ever erected at the home, the Masons of the city will attend the ceremonies. An invitation is also extended to the public. The following programme has been arranged:

Procession of children to the ground marshaled by drum and trumpet corps of the home.

Opening Song—"My Country, 'Tis of Thee," children of the home.

Invocation—The Rev. R. D. Smart, Broadway Methodist church.

Introductory Address—Grand Master the Hon. Virgil P. Smith.

Response—T. L. Jefferson, president of the home.

Hoisting of the Flag—Capt. H. B. Grant, Civil War veteran.

Song—"The Star-Spangled Banner," children of the home.

Address—The Hon. Augustus E. Willson, Governor of Kentucky.

Benediction—The Rev. R. D. Smart.

Saluting the flag, followed by return march of the children led by drum and trumpet corps.

MORE RAIN TO-DAY, BUT SOME HOPE FOR TO-MORROW.

The weather man can't see anything but more rain for to-day, probably clearing to-morrow. The temperature will remain about the same.

East-End W. C. T. U. To Meet.

The East End W. C. T. U. will hold a social meeting at the home of Mrs. Glass, 827 East Market street, from 3 to 10 p. m. to-day. A brief literary programme will precede the social hour.

Mine Foreman Certificates.

The board of examiners will hold an examination of applicants for mine foreman certificates at the office of the chief inspector of mines, Lexington, Ky., beginning May 27. Three days are allowed for the examination.

MR. M'FERRAN APPEALS FOR A CONSOLIDATED SCHOOL.

[To the Editor of the Courier-Journal.]

We have before us as citizens of the county just now, in an acute form, the greatest of all questions that can concern us—is the better educational advantages to be afforded the children in our county schools. Much, very much, depends on the wisdom of our first steps taken in the next twelve or eighteen months in this direction. I think it is of the utmost importance that we consider carefully what is best to be done in the expenditure of the money which the people, through their Fiscal Court, have granted the children under the new law. I think we must accustom ourselves to look at this school question in a much broader and more advanced way than we have hitherto done. Our children are the most precious asset that we have, and we certainly should look carefully after their interest, present and future. I have read much about the method of consolidation of rural schools, and am most favorably impressed with its advantages. I venture therefore to ask your consideration of a synopsis of the arguments favoring this plan as set forth in the last biennial report of the Indiana State Superintendent of Public Instruction to the Legislature of that State at its last session. If it should meet your approval I should be glad to follow it by presenting the history and results of ten years of effort in several of the Indiana counties where the system has been in operation. I think this will prove interesting and profitable to all who are concerned with the improvement of our rural schools. I know no reason why our country children should not have an equal chance for real education with our city children. They can have it, and we as parents and patriotic citizens are recreant to our duty to them, to ourselves and to our country if they do not get it. Very respectfully, JOHN B. M'FERRAN.

Some brief arguments in favor of consolidation of our rural schools:

The district school finds its work difficult in:

(A) Classification and graduation, for (1) every child requires advancement each year of its school life, and each year requires an additional grade for this advancement, resulting in (a) too many classes; (b) short recitations; (c) no direction of the study period; (d) omission of many lines of work.

(B) Securing qualified teachers, resulting in (1) poor instruction; (2) false instruction; (3) lack of complete development of the child; (4) lack of genuine inspiration.

(C) Securing supervision, resulting in (1) dissimilar work in similar schools; (2) insufficient standards of excellence.

(D) No equipment, resulting in (1) a close confinement of study to a single text; (2) a dwarfing of the child's possibilities.

(E) Poor buildings, with poor heating poor lighting and ventilation, resulting in (a) physical discomfort, and (b) mental inactivity; (2) unsanitary surroundings, resulting in (a) bad health; (b) bad morals; (c) no aesthetic training.

(F) No social training, often resulting in (1) No desire for social intercourse; (2) uncouth habits and manners; (3) bravado among boys; (4) lack of judgment and taste in higher art; (5) self-centered interest among all ages.

Second—It is claimed for consolidation and centralization, and shown by experience that:

(A)—A large graded school may be built up by combining several district schools.

(B) The education and training in such schools will be better than in the district schools, for (1) with the same or even smaller teaching force for a given number of district schools the work may be divided by grades, resulting in (a) fewer classes for each teacher; (b) longer recitation periods; (c) reduction of the study periods; (d) time for careful lesson assignments; (e) presentation of all required subjects; (f) more thorough drill in certain parts; (2) every grade may be represented and (3) grades may be divided into sections, thus permitting frequent reorganizations of the classes whenever the ability of the pupils demands it.

(C) The quality of the teaching force will be improved; for (1) no teacher can present all subjects equally well; (2) certain teachers may be assigned to the grades for which they are best adapted; (3) teachers may specialize for particular grades; (4) department work may be introduced and special teachers assigned to particular subjects; (5) the tenure of service will be longer; for (a) the work will be more congenial; (b) teachers will not be seeking other promotion; (c) the social surroundings are more attractive; (d) the supervision will be better; for (1) the number of schools will be reduced; (2) more frequent visits may be made; (3) suggestions and directions may be carried out for there will be time to develop and exercise the best methods; (4) the presence and oversight of a strong principal will assist.

(D) The discipline will be improved, for (1) All grades do not require the same discipline; (2) The play element may enter into the work of the primary grades without attracting the attention of other grades, and the more formal discipline necessary for older grades may be made enforced without inflicting it upon the primary grades; (3) Experienced and older teachers will probably always be present in the building to support the organization.

(E) Better equipment can be secured and more use made of it, for (1) In many instances one piece of apparatus will serve the entire school, whereas the district plan would require a separate piece for each school, consequently with a given amount of money more classes of apparatus may be secured; (2) More classes of reference books and more literature may be secured for the reasons stated above; likewise more supplementary books; (3) There is more time to make use of the material provided and the teachers will be more familiar with its use because of greater experience and training.

(G) Better physical and sanitary surroundings will be secured, for (1) it is probable that a new building will need to be erected, and (2) a large building with a given number of rooms may be better and more economically constructed than the same number of separate single rooms of the same quality and equipment, for (a) there is less external exposure; (b) there is less hall space required; (c) there is less basement required for heating apparatus, coal rooms and toilet rooms; (d) one heating apparatus will serve all rooms with less expense; (3) the janitor service will be more easily controlled, for (a) one person may be secured to devote his entire time, whereas with separate rooms this is impractical. (b) In such cases the service becomes a distinct profession and the work is well done; (4) the toilet rooms are always under supervision by the presence of the janitor or a teacher at all times when a number of children are therein; (5) flush or dry closets may be installed, whereas in single-room district schools this is almost impractical; (6) better heating and ventilating systems may be installed, for the best systems are expensive and require expert attention, making such installations almost impractical in single-room buildings.

(H) The social training will be improved; for (1) the acquaintance will be increased; (2) the several districts will become unified; (3) the influence of trained teachers who will be perhaps more familiar with the forces and usages of good society will be felt in larger degree; (4) there will be a number sufficient to inspire an interest in lecture courses, school theatricals, reading clubs, debating societies and athletic clubs.

Third—In addition to the advantages heretofore enumerated there may be included: (a) The addition of the high school course of one, two, three or four years, which is impractical in single-room school with all the elementary grades; (b) the addition of manual training, if desired, together with training in domestic science, agriculture or other industries of the community, if the homes do not or cannot provide the highest and best training.

EXTRA PATROLMEN TO PROTECT THE SHRINERS.

In order that the Shriner hosts may be protected and properly handled and directed the Board of Public Safety will lose no time in appointing twenty-nine additional patrolmen allowed under the last Board of Public Safety ordinance. Mayor Grinstead, Chief Haager and the members of the Board of Public Safety held a conference about the appointments yesterday at noon.

The twenty-nine men are to be picked from a list of some 500 applicants. Chief Haager will sort over the list, picking out the men most suited for police duty. This will be done as rapidly as possible, as it is the intention to place the new men on the force by June 1. The appointments will, in all probability, be made some time next week.

Board Awards Contract.

F. G. Dreslin was awarded a contract yesterday afternoon by the Board of Public Works for grading Rowan street, between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-eighth streets. Mr. Dreslin was the lowest bidder. He contracted for the job at $1,260. The nearest bid to that of Mr. Dreslin was $2,170.

Points About People.

Misses Etta and Nellie Snead, who had expected to return from Europe June 1, have changed their plans and are now in Milan. They expect to spend the summer traveling through the Italian lake country.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Waldemar Wulff will entertain informally at bridge this afternoon at her home on Third avenue.

* * *

Dr. E. L. Pearce and Mrs. Pearce and daughter, Miss Susan Pearce, and son, Mr. Robert Pearce, have opened their cottage at Shakertown for the summer. They left yesterday and were accompanied by Miss Kathleen Jennings, who will be their guest for a week.

* * *

Mrs. J. W. Carpenter and granddaughter, Mrs. Robert Salter, of Danville, returned home yesterday after a visit of several days in Louisville.

* * *

Misses Blandina Griffiths, Lucy White Booker, Mary Prewitt Stucky, Mary Kent, Blanche Weissinger Smith, Mary Fox, Julia Caldwell, Edith Elwang, Maurice Bridges and Carrie Grinstead are among the girls who will attend the Central University carnival, which begins to-day in Danville.

* * *

Miss Anna J. Hamilton and the graduating class of the Semple Collegiate School have issued invitations to the commencement exercises, which will take place at the Woman's Club on the evening of May 21 at 8:30 o'clock. The members of the graduating class are:

MISSES.

Lily Paxton Edmiston,	Ella Milburn Ouerbacker,
Freda Elise Elwang,	Alice Nones Porter,
Margaret Ford,	Irma Blanche Rosenau,
Susie Cravison,	Mary Lacy Staib,
Margaret Virginia Giles,	Christine Thompson,
Elsa Porter Grahn,	Eunice Mitchell Lawrence,
Margaret Grundy McChord,	Henshaw Telfair Waters,
Maria Carr McDonald,	Eugenia Elizabeth Winkler,
Beesle Rosalie Osburne,	Sue May Whiteside.
Henrietta Klosse.	

* * *

Mrs. Samuel Halley, of Lexington, who has been the guest of her parents, Judge Helm and Mrs. Helm, has returned to her home, "Meadowthorpe."

* * *

Miss Jennie Benedict and Mrs. J. William Jefferson left last evening for Bucyrus, Ohio, where they will attend the national convention of the King's Daughters, after which they will go to Buffalo, N. Y., where they will attend the national council meeting. They will be absent ten days.

* * *

Mrs. William Harting, of Lexington, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Irvin Abell, returned home yesterday.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Wilson are visiting in Shelbyville, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hall.

* * *

Mrs. Robert Arthur Peter, Jr., and Mrs. Mazyck O'Brien will leave the first of the week for Lexington, where they are going on a short visit to Mr. and Mrs. Peter G. Powell, Jr.

* * *

Miss Lydia Thompson was the hostess of a bridge party yesterday afternoon, given in honor of her guest, Mrs. W. H. Alton, of New Mexico City, Mexico.

* * *

Mr. Albert Dick will motor to Danville to-day with a party of invited friends, who will be entertained at luncheon in Lexington by Miss Sunshine Sweeney. Mrs. Horace H. Grant will chaperone the party.

* * *

Mrs. G. Berton Armstrong, of Grand Rapids, Mich., who has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Owen Thomas, for two weeks, will return home to-morrow.

* * *

Mrs. Howard M. Bowman returned yesterday after a two-weeks' stay as the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Lawrence Kinnlard, in St. Louis.

* * *

Mrs. Waller Bennett and Miss Lucia Burnam, of Richmond, are the guests of their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Hume, at their home on Second street for several days.

* * *

Mr. A. C. Van Winkle, of Frankfort, has returned home after a short stay here on legal business.

* * *

Miss Louise Boyd entertained charmingly yesterday afternoon at her home in the Pennington Apartment on Cherokee Parkway at a tower shower in honor of Miss Phelps Chinnock, who will be married to Mr. Roscoe Willett in June. She was assisted in entertaining by her sister, Miss Margaret Boyd, and Misses Elizabeth Weissinger, Angie Vaughn and Ida Landrum.

Miss Boyd's guests included the following: Mesdames Ferdinand Walz, William O. Humphreys, David R. Hamilton, Ezra Witherspoon, Carrie Bradley Keller, W. Mortimore, Morris Caldwell, William Mason, William Bryan, of Birmingham, Ala.; A. B. Weaver, Scott Duncan, Henry F. Gray, Herbert Tashigan, H. B. Tileston, Hunter Brucker, Edward Veatch; Misses Amelia Downing, Edith Bohmer, Blanche Coolingood, Emily Stevens, Hallie Cary, Olive Spindle, Ruth Duncan, Josephine Benners, Clementine Newbold, Roberta Sheen, Artus James, Kate Shouse, Gitsy Speed, Anna Moran.

Misses Margaret and Lillian Weissinger were the hosts at a beautiful luncheon yesterday at the Country Club. The Misses Weissinger's guests included the following:

MESDAMES.

George S. Tiffany, of Fort Logan, Col.;	Wilson Cochran, Charles Ballard, Jr.,
Harry I. Wood,	David Castleman,
Arthur Garrison, of St. Louis;	Philip Weissinger, of Shelbyville.

MISSES.

Louise Bruce,	Elizabeth Thompson,
Suzanne Burnett,	Elston Veech,
Elizabeth Marshall,	Julia Mengel.
Anna Burge Muir,	

* * *

Col. J. J. Douglas and sister, Mrs. A. J. Ashburn, and Miss Jaja Ashburn left yesterday afternoon for a stay of ten days at French Lick Springs.

* * *

Miss Mary Dabney will be the hostess at a luncheon to be given this evening for Miss Margaret Darste, of Pittsburg.

* * *

Mrs. Henry Scott Gilbert entertained on Wednesday afternoon in honor of her guest, Miss Rosemary Rogers, of Cincinnati, and Mrs. Harry Wright, of Mexico City.

* * *

Miss Lee Long Babbitt will leave this evening for Washington. After a visit of several weeks she will go to Trenton, N. J., and later to Maine. She will return home some time in July.

* * *

Dr. Batts Overton Schulte was the host at a luncheon yes

"The Kayser"

Patent Finger-Tipped Silk Gloves

The pure silk fabric is made in our factory—made in our durable weave.

The double tips are famous as the tips that outwear the gloves.

The fit is perfection, as millions of women know.

And the guarantee found in every pair insures satisfaction.

50 Operations

The exquisite finish is due to 50 operations, through which every Kayser glove goes.

All this has come through 25 years of experience. There are no other gloves which compare with them.

These are the gloves which all women want, for they cost no more than the common.

So look in the hem—see that "Kayser" is there. That is the only way to be sure of the genuine.

Short Silk Gloves 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.25

Long Silk Gloves 75c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50

JULIUS KAYSER & CO. MAKERS NEW YORK

PERFECTION VENTILATING AWNING.

The ONLY AWNING MADE that shades the window and at the same time allows the HOT AIR to escape above and give perfect ventilation, keeping your room 10 degrees COOLER than ordinary awnings. WHEN RAISED IT CLEARS THE WINDOW ENTIRELY and does not obstruct the light or signs on the window.

Let us give you estimates.

Perfection Ventilating Awning Co. (Incorporated), 424-426 East Jefferson St. Cumb. Main 197—A.

Wm. G. Buschemeyer, President. Geo. R. Caspari, Sec. and Treas.

A Principal Bank for a Growing City with a Standard of Established Strength.

THE AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK

AT THE CORNER OF THIRD AND MAIN STREETS.

HAS ONE MILLION OF ITS OWN CAPITAL INVESTED IN GOLD BONDS ON HAND.

TO GUARANTEE YOUR DEPOSITS.

SIX MONTHS' CERTIFICATES ISSUED, BEARING THREE PER CENT. PER ANNUM INTEREST.

TENTS

That Last. All Sizes and Kinds. CANOPIES, TARPAULINS For Sale or Rent.

AWNINGS

We manufacture all our own Awnings, Tents and Covers. We have a complete line at the lowest prices, and insure prompt delivery. Deal direct with the factory and save money.

Kentucky Tent & Awning Co.

Both Phones 2427. 142 Third St.

Fresh Caught Fish

FOR WHOLESALE TRADE ONLY

No. 1 Yellow Salmon, per lb	12¢
Large, fine Blue Salmon	5¢
No. 2 Yellow Salmon	5¢
Buffalo, whole	7¢
Dressed Carp	6¢
Mullets, dressed	3½¢
White Perch	3¢
Red Snapper	10¢
Halibut	10¢
River Carp	3½¢
Spoon Cat	10¢

Our Dressed Mullets are fine stock; also this entire list.

WE GUARANTEE ALL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

JAMES SOWDERS, Mgr.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

SENATOR HOPKINS GETS EIGHTY-SEVEN VOTES.

His Managers Encouraged By the Accession of Nine Legislators On Joint Ballot.

Springfield, Ill., May 20.—Former Senator Hopkins, with a total of eighty-seven votes, made a gain of nine votes in the joint ballot to-day. Four Senators—Brown, Jones, Olsen and Schmidt—and Representatives Hagan, Hamilton, Hull, Mills and Pierson switching to Hopkins. All except Hamilton have been voting for Foss. Senator Jones explained his vote and declared that it was the duty of the Republican legislators to elect Hopkins, and that failing in that purpose it was the duty of the Republicans "by caucus or otherwise" to select and elect a United States Senator. The caucus idea ran through other explanations.

The Shurtleff vote remained at nineteen, and Congressman Lorimer was given one vote. As each was changed on the roll shouts of applause from the Hopkins forces were heard. In the anti-Hopkins camp the switching of votes was characterized as the final "supreme" effort to elect Hopkins. The Hopkins men saw in the changes an augury of victory for their leader.

The next joint ballot will be taken next Tuesday.

Owen County Marriages.

Owenton, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Miss Bessie Spalding, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Spalding, of this place, was united in marriage to-day to Mr. George Alexander Logsdon, of Cincinnati, an insurance man of that city. The Rev. J. S. Ransdell, of Monterey, performed the ceremony at the bride's home at high noon. After luncheon the young people left for their future home in Cincinnati.

Miss Myrtle Smith, of this county, and Mr. J. W. Maddox, of Sadieville, were united in marriage at Slayton.

Miss Laura Jones, one of Owen county's prettiest young women, who has been teaching school at Lenoir City, Tenn., was married to Mr. S. K. Johnson, of that city. Miss Jones was one of the most popular teachers of this county for several years and has been very successful in her work in Tennessee.

TOBACCO GRADER TO SUE MANAGER EWING.

S. G. Buckner Wants Money Alleged To Be Due Him From the Planters' Association.

Hopkinsville, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—That he has not been paid for his work as official grader of the $200,000 worth of asbocotton tobacco sold here under the Longview agreement, Samuel G. Buckner, a veteran tobacco man of this city, and former organization salesman, has instructed his attorneys to bring suit against General Manager Felix G. Ewing and the Planters' Protective Association.

He alleges that he is owed between $1,200 and $1,500. Mr. Buckner says that Mr. Ewing and Auditor Scales are willing to pay him only about $50 a month for two months' work.

General Manager Ewing permitted the Longview farmers to sell their tobacco in pools provided they paid the association 1¾ per cent. commission. It was the understanding of Mr. Buckner and the farmers that 1 per cent. was to go to the treasury of the association and the ¾ per cent. to the special grader for incidental expenses.

Mr. Ewing now claims the entire commission for the association, according to Mr. Buckner.

WITHERSPOON STATUE UNVEILED AT WASHINGTON.

James Bryce, British Ambassador, and Woodrow Wilson Deliver Addresses.

Washington, May 20.—In the presence of a distinguished gathering, the statue of the Rev. Dr. John Witherspoon, the famous Scotch Presbyterian clergyman, one time president of Princeton University, a signer of the Declaration of Independence and a member of the Continental Congress, was unveiled to-day with appropriate exercises.

The ceremonies incident to the unveiling were conducted in the Church of the Covenant, in front of which the statue has been erected.

John W. Foster, former Secretary of State, Chairman of the Board of Trustees, of the Witherspoon Memorial Association, presided and delivered an address, extolling the life and character of the revolutionary patriot. James Bryce, the British Ambassador, whose residence also overlooks the statue, and President Woodrow Wilson, of Princeton University, likewise paid tribute to the noted Scotch-American.

In attendance on the unveiling were many direct descendants of Witherspoon. The statue is the first erected in this city by popular subscription.

THE REV. MR. WHATHAM TAKEN TO INFIRMARY.

Louisville Minister Now In Baltimore, But Operation May Not Be Necessary.

Baltimore, Md., May 20.—[Special.]—The Rev. Arthur E. Whatham, rector of St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church at Louisville, was taken to the Church Home and Infirmary to-night for treatment. The Rev. Mr. Whatham arrived here last Friday and has been at the residence of the Rev. Christopher Sparling, rector of the chapel of the Advent, Charles and Ostend streets.

At the time of his arrival in Baltimore it was thought that an operation would be necessary, but it is now thought that his trouble can be cured without an operation.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BY COMPROMISE

Suit of Mrs. Amelia Curran Settled For $2,000.

THIRD ACTION TO GROW OUT OF THE SAME COLLISION.

ALTOGETHER HAVE COST RAILWAY COMPANY $6,000.

IN THE COURTS YESTERDAY.

After several witnesses had been heard in Judge Gordon's court in the suit of Mrs. Amelia Curran against the Louisville Railway Company for damages of $15,000, the attorneys representing both sides of the controversy settled the case on payment of $2,000 to the plaintiff. This suit was one of three which grew out of a collision between a street car and a surrey on September 4, 1906, in Crescent Hill. Altogether this collision cost the Louisville Railway Company $6,000 in damages.

P. F. McCarty was driving along Frankfort avenue near the filter plant and his surrey was struck by a car which came up behind. All three of the occupants, Mrs. Curran and Mrs. Bridget McCarty, wife of the man who was driving, were thrown out and all three were considerably hurt. In Judge Gordon's court Mr. McCarty obtained a verdict for $2,500 and in Judge Pleid's court Mrs. McCarty got $1,500. Her case was on the order of a test case and went to the Court of Appeals.

Three Wills Admitted To Probate.

Three wills were admitted to probate in the County Court yesterday as follows:

That of George Reuling, dated September 10, 1894, in which he specifies particularly as to the disposition of his estate, leaving everything to his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Reuling, for life or until she married again. After her death or marriage he directs the manner in which his possessions shall be divided among his own children, Maggie Reuling, George Reuling, Jr., Maria Reuling, Mrs. Catherine Bussart, Caroline Reuling, Elizabeth Reuling, Henry L. Reuling, Phillip Reuling and his stepdaughters, Lena Hiltz and Katie Elizabeth Hiltz. He names his wife, his daughter, Maggie, and his stepson, Frank Hiltz, as executors without bond.

That of Alice Killer, dated March 30, 1898, by which she leaves personalty to her daughter, Annie D. Killer, and a half of the rest of the estate, the remainder to be divided equally between three other children, Elizabeth Wyatt White, Franklin T. Killer and Frederick Killer. The Fidelity Trust Company is named as executor.

That of R. O. Waters, of Middletown, dated March 14, 1908, in which he leaves his estate to his wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Waters. His part of his father's estate he gives to Arthur E. Waters. He divides certain realty to his daughter, Annie Lemore Kline, and to another daughter, Laura V. Wood, he gives $300, Mrs. Waters agreeing to give part of the property bequeathed to the daughter to her.

Husband Makes Charges, Too.

Milam Wilcoxson yesterday in the Circuit Court filed an answer and a counterclaim to the divorce suit filed recently by his wife, Fannie Wilcoxson. He asserts that for several years past the plaintiff has been leading a faithless life toward him—an old man and fast growing blind—and that she has not heeded him when he has remonstrated with her. He denies in general that he ever beat her as she alleged.

He explains her reference to leaving the house by a second-story window by saying that she left his bed, saying, falsely, that he had beaten her, and that by the aid of boarders climbed out of the window, "in a night gown, with nothing but a shawl over her shoulders," and that so garbed she went some distance across the commons to the home of a single man, Bob Garnett.

There, he charges, in the "dead" of that same night, May 2 of this year, she borrowed his shoes and coat and together they walked about six blocks across the country to a house in Greenwood avenue.

He says he is 50 years of age and in poor health because of a severe illness three years ago. Together before that, he says, they worked and purchased a home at Thirty-sixth street and Woodland avenue. They were married on December 22, 1887, in this county.

Brings Tri-Cornered Suit.

Thomas Logsdon filed suit in the Circuit Court yesterday against William Evans, described as the owner of a saloon near Billiard room at Sixteenth and Market streets; William Quinton, who, it is alleged, conducts a poker game in connection with the former's house; Edward Leonard, owner of a saloon near Evans' place, and who, it is alleged, frequently "sits in" games of chance, said to be conducted by Quinton. The plaintiff says that between six months ago and five years ago, his brother, Tonie Logsdon, lost to Leonard and Quinton in the aggregate of $85 and that the defendant, Evans, got a "take-out" from each game. The suit is for $255, three times the amount lost.

Racing Partners In Court.

Asking for the dissolution of their racing business partnership and for a settlement of the accounts of the partnership owed to him, A. Lasance filed suit yesterday against J. J. Zurborg. He sets forth that last December they went into the partnership, their capital being two horses, Sister Evelyn and a filly by Pink Coat. He says Zurborg was to feed and stable the horses and he was to look after the financial end of the business. Zurborg failed to do what he had agreed to do, the plaintiff asserts, and he was compelled to advance large sums of money to stable and feed the "capital."

Joe Flannery Is Acquited.

In the Criminal Court yesterday Joe Flannery, indicted for alleged grand larceny in connection with Kate Mulligan, who is charged with knowingly receiving stolen property, was acquitted. The specific charges against him had to do with the alleged taking of a knife and a silver watch from the house of G. J. Roemek, of 1426 Deber avenue, and a rosary and two rings of the man's daughter. The charge was amended to petit larceny in the course of the trial, it being shown that the value of the alleged stolen property as charged in the indictment was slight. Kate Mulligan will be tried on June 21.

Jacobstein Gets Four Years.

Harry Jacobstein, under the name of E. Davis, indicted for stealing the diamond pin of William Bott during the hanging of Willie Carter in the jail yard on April 16, was convicted on the charge against him in the Criminal Court yesterday morning and sentenced to serve four years in the penitentiary. The pin was valued at $20 by its owner and is said to have been found in Davis' hand. Before the case went to trial the Commonwealth's Attorney, Joseph M. Huffaker, offered to give the prisoner a sentence of one year in prison if he would plead guilty.

Sue For School Expenses.

Miss Jane M. Hart and Miss Ada W. Hart, who are under 21 years of age and sue in the name of their mother, Mrs. Mary Weller Hart, filed a suit in the Circuit Court yesterday against the Fidelity Trust Company, asking that they be paid $1,000 each in addition to the $100 a month already allowed them so that they can go to a "finishing school" in New York. The petitioners are the children of L. W. F. Hart, Jr., and beneficiaries under the will of John H. Weller. The Fidelity Trust Company is their guardian.

Court Paragraphs.

—Leonora Kaiser sued Catherine Kaiser, asking for the sale of certain described real estate and a division of the proceeds.

—Tonie Logsdon sued Martha Logsdon for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married in Louisville on January 1, 1902.

—Walter D. Burnham and others sued Helen A. and Helen J. Burnham to obtain consent for the sale of certain described real estate.

—The grand jury indicted Jennie Mosby for grand larceny and dismissed charges of striking and wounding against John Staebler and Clayton Mosier.

—C. C. Curtius sued the Louisville Railway Company for $20,000 as damages for injuries he says he received when pushed into a glass window of a West Walnut-street car.

—Mayme Karman sued Martin Karman for $5 a week as alimony for the support of herself and an infant child. She charges abandonment and says that they were married on April 20, 1908.

—Mattie T. Harrison sued Sam F. Harrison for divorce, for alimony of $5 a week and for custody of their 8-months-old child, Ethel. She says they were married in Louisville on October 18, 1906, and charges cruel treatment.

—Amelia Burry sued the Louisville Railway Company for $20,000 as damages for injuries she says she suffered on January 5 when she was tripped by a projection at the rear of an Eighteenth-street car from which she alighted and which she tried to pass behind.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., May 20.—Eastern division sitting:

Wootton, etc., vs. Murrell, etc., Leslie; affirmed.

Conway vs. L. and N. Railroad Company, Franklin; affirmed, whole court sitting, Judges Nunn and Hobson dissenting.

C. and O. Railroad Company vs. Meyer, Campbell; affirmed.

Magan vs. Commonwealth, Muhlenberg; reversed.

L. and N. Railroad Company vs. Smith's administrator, Hardin; reversed.

Schneider vs. Holzhauer, etc., Campbell; reversed.

Little vs. Cornett, Perry; appellant filed notice and motion and moved to revive judgment for cost against W. H. Brown and J. T. Blair as administrator of C. H. Brown; appellees object and given ten days to respond.

Seelbach Hotel vs. Commonwealth, Jefferson; submitted.

Livingston County Bank vs. First State Bank, Livingston; appellant filed affidavit of John K. Hendrick and motion for thirty days' extension to file brief; motion sustained.

Egner vs. Hovecamp's administrator, etc., McCracken; agreement filed and appeal given to June 1 to file brief.

Democratic Executive Committee of Harrison County vs. Dougherty, Harrison; modified agreement filed and appellant given to May 25 to file reply brief, and case to be submitted on that date.

Lackey vs. Hays, Lawrence; case continued with leave to agree on stipulation.

Kelly vs. Commonwealth, Franklin; motion to remit State tax sustained.

Smith vs. Renshaw, etc., Christian; appellant's motion to docket and advance overruled because no power to docket and advance with consent.

Eastern Kentucky Realty Company vs. Beurle, Knott; appellant filed agreement and supplemental brief.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company vs. Shelburne, Spencer; appellant filed petition for rehearing.

Wilburn vs. Witt, Estill; appellee filed brief.

City of Louisville vs. Brown, Jefferson; appellant filed reply brief.

Bruton, administrator, vs. Eddington Griffets (Cons. Coal Company); appellant filed motion to set aside so much of the judgment as affirmed as to Louisville and Nashville Railroad Company; motion submitted.

Home Building Association vs. Bruner, Secretary of State, Franklin; agreement filed; case docketed and advanced, and ten days' leave to file brief.

Moser vs. Conn. Mutual Life Ins. Co. of Hartford, Conn., Kenton; argued by Preston Davies for appellee, and by Herbert Jackson for appellant, and case submitted.

Ordered that court adjourn until to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

Allene Stevenson vs. Moore.—Filed May 4, 1909. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from Daviess Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Barker, affirming.

First—Jury—Selection of—Interrogation As to Whether They Were Stockholders In Bank.—It was not error to refuse to permit the jury to be interrogated as to whether or not they were stockholders in a certain bank. The bank was not a party to the action or interested in it; while M. was a teller in the bank he was sued as an individual, and the stockholders were not interested in the issue.

Second—Evidence—Absence of Avowal of Witness.—Where no avowal is made as to what the witness would have said in answer to the question, this court has uniformly refused to reverse for the supposed error.

Third—Question at Issue.—The issue was whether or not appellant kept back $1,000 he proposed to lend for appellant. This issue was submitted under appropriate instructions, and the adverse finding of the jury on appellant's interest will not be disturbed. She cannot be heard to complain that the jury did not on its own motion transfer the case to equity. On the surface, it was as much to her interest to try it before a jury, as it involved a controversy with a moneylender, and this consideration probably prevented her counsel from asking a transfer to equity.

Robert G. Hill for appellant; Little & Slack, Ben D. Ringo for appellee.

Green vs. Quiesenbery, etc.—Filed April 29, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from Madison Circuit Court. Opinion of the Court by Chief Justice Settle, reversing.

Actions—Where Injunction Is Only Remedy—When Merely Ancillary—Attorney's Fees.—Where the injunction is the only relief sought no recovery of attorney's fees can be had, but when the injunction is merely ancillary, or in aid of the relief sought, a recovery may be had on the bond for the payment of reasonable attorney's fees when the defendant had succeeded in dissolving the injunction. So, if the fee in question was incurred partly in defending the injunction, and partly in defense of the action for damages, it is recoverable as far as applicable to the injunction.

A. R. Burnam & Son, J. Tevis Cobb for appellant; S. M. Wallace, W. S. Mobberly for appellees.

Dixon vs. Chappell.—Filed May 4, 1909. (To be reported.) Appeal from Leslie Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Hobson, reversing.

Libel—Action by County Judge Against Publisher of Newspaper—Pleading—Graft; Meaning of Terms.—In the article complained of it is charged that justice has been outdone; overruled by sleight of hand; that it is a matter of self-exposure, self-ignorance, bad recollection, no bookkeeping, or downright graft on the part of the county officials, etc. The natural meaning of the article is that the misuse of the public money by the officials was due to ignorance, bad recollection or graft.

Held, That the word graft has a well-defined popular meaning and means the fraudulent obtaining of public money unlawfully. If true, the article in question would destroy the respect of the people of the county for appellant as their County Judge and degrade him in public estimation. The publication was actionable per se, and the Circuit Court erred in sustaining a demurrer to the petition.

Cheon K. Calvert, J. G. Begley for appellant; J. M. Bicknell, Jas. H. Jeffries, F. G. Lewis for appellee.

Paducah Cooperage Company vs. Hazel Green Heading Company.—Filed May 4, 1909. (Not to be reported.) Appeal from McCracken Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Hobson, affirming.

Actions — Pleading—Evidence—Instructions.—The sum of the petition in this action is that plaintiff sold certain whisky heads to defendant at such much and certain oil headings at so much, amounting to a certain price, which was agreed to be paid. The answer is that defendant did not take the heads at the price named, but took them under an agreement to pay their reasonable market value, which was so much, and that it had paid this amount. The instructions correctly presented the issue made by the pleadings; the question was one for the jury, and the judgment will not be disturbed.

Wheeler, Hughes & Berry for appellant; Miller & Miller for appellee.

You'll not "happen" to find the best real estate investment. You'll find it through "want ad watching."

ROLLING CIGARETTE WHEN THROWN FROM CAR.

Had Benjamin Horn, of 1642 Mellwood avenue, learned to roll a cigarette with one hand in the same dexterious manner that Maclyn Arbuckle does in "The Round Up," he would not be at home to-day with a dislocated left shoulder. While trying to roll one with both hands as he stood on the platform of a Prospect car yesterday he was hurled into a pile of cinders.

The conductor picked up Horn and brought him to the city, where he was attended by Dr. S. S. Smith. The car was going around the turn at the waterworks station when the accident occurred. For some time Horn will have to smoke "tailor-made" cigarettes or go without unless he learns the trick of the Texas plainsmen.

BOY BREAKS THROUGH VAPOR BATH TOP.

Sedwrick Brucker, 13 years of age, of 215 East Ormsby avenue, was severely cut about the legs and breast yesterday afternoon, when he crashed through the glass top of a vapor bath at the Y. M. C. A. The boy's injuries were dressed by Dr. Charles O. Zaner, and he was removed to his home.

With other lads who are members of the boys' department of the Y. M. C. A., young Brucker had been swimming in the pool. Then they got to doing stunts, and Brucker climbed to the top of the vapor bath and attempted to walk across the thin glass roof that covered it. The lad was naked. Both feet crashed through the glass.

LOUISVILLE GIRL HURT BY FALL FROM HORSE.

Cincinnati, Ohio., May 20.—[Special.]—Miss Margaret Metzger, of Louisville, who is visiting relatives at Sweetwine, a suburb, fell from a horse while riding this afternoon and sustained a dislocated arm and severe bruises.

Her mount stopped and when she fell, reared and stepped on her, causing the injuries. She is under the care of Dr. J. Kelly Brammer.

ONE IN THREE

Every Third Person Poisoned By Coffee.

It is difficult to make people believe that coffee is an absolute poison to at least one person out of every three, but people are slowly finding it out, although thousands of them suffer terribly before they discover the fact. A New York hotel man says:

"Each time after drinking coffee I became restless, nervous and excited, so that I was unable to sit five minutes in one place, was also inclined to vomit and suffered from loss of sleep, which got worse and worse.

"A lady said that perhaps coffee was the cause of my trouble, and suggested that I try Postum. I laughed at the thought that coffee hurt me, but she insisted so hard that I finally had some Postum made. I have been using it in place of coffee ever since, for I noticed that all my former nervousness and irritation disappeared. I began to sleep perfectly, and the Postum tasted as good or better than the old coffee, so what was the use of sticking to a beverage that was ruining me?

"One day on an excursion up the country I remarked to a young lady friend on her greatly improved appearance. She explained that some time before she had quit using coffee and taken Postum.

"She had gained a number of pounds and her former palpitation of the heart, humming in the ears, trembling of the hands and legs and other disagreeable feelings had disappeared.

"She recommended me to quit coffee and take Postum and was very much surprised to find that I had already made the change.

"She said her brother had also received great benefits from leaving off coffee and taking on Postum." "There's a Reason."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest

FACTS ABOUT LOUISVILLE'S LODGE FOR WAYFARERS

[Communicated.]

The Wayfarers' Lodge in connection with other mission work in our city has become such a factor and so many questions have been asked about its origin, growth and present great work, that we have decided to furnish readers with the facts.

In 1881 Steve Holcombe, having given up everything except a never-tiring desire for the salvation of fallen humanity, was conducting a mission at 436 West Jefferson street. As the work progressed the needs became greater, and ever on the watch for an opportunity to do good Mr. Holcombe in 1885 added another department which had been developed in the progress of the work. The great number of broken-down men and tramps that came to Mr. Holcombe for food and lodging made it impossible for him to give them lodging in the mission, or board in his own family, and it encouraged indolence in unworthy men to feed and lodge them as a mere charity, and yet, if anything was done for their souls, they had for a time to be cared for. Mr. Holcombe conceived the idea, therefore, of starting some sort of a place in connection with his other great work, where these men might earn their food and lodging by the sweat of their brow, and at the same time be brought under the soul-saving influence of the mission.

Upon the solicitation of Mr. Holcombe, Mayor Reed and Chief of Police Whallen gave him the old police station building on First street free of rent, and it became at once an established feature and a great one, too, of the Holcombe mission. Rooms were arranged for the accommodation of sixty men and all who came were required to do some sort of work for what they received, either food or lodging. This solved a much-vexed question as to the care of a certain class of men and grew to such proportions that, with his other work, Mr. Holcombe felt unable to give it the time required. So, after placing it on a firm foundation, he turned it over to the Associated Charities, but now, as he was twenty-five years ago, Mr. Holcombe is giving all of his time to mission work and full of life and energy can be found every day ready to help, and his mission at 222 East Green street is thronged with visitors. In connection with the above, let us state that the industrial school, and a little later the kindergarten, originated at the Holcombe mission, and then followed the Wayfarers' Lodge, of which we have spoken.

TRAP SHOOTERS RE-ELECT OFFICERS

HOLD ANNUAL MEETING AT THE SEELBACH.

WILL HELP TO ENFORCE GAME LAWS.

NEXT MEETING AT LEXINGTON.

At the annual meeting of the Kentucky Trap Shooters' Association at The Seelbach last night, a pledge was made to the Kentucky Fish and Game Protective Association that the efforts of the association would be directed toward the enforcement of the State laws against persons who violate the fish and game statutes. This action was taken after Joseph G. Sachs, president of the Kentucky Fish and Game Protective Association, had addressed the meeting urging the association to join with his association in protecting game in the State. The members of the Trap Shooters' Association were very enthusiastic in the enforcement of the game laws and will be of great assistance to the members of the game association.

Twenty clubs from over the State, representing a membership of 5,000, were represented at the meeting of the State association last night. George B. Kinkead, president of the association, presided at the meeting and was re-elected president without opposition. John Quincy Ward, of Paris, was re-elected vice president and Frank Pragoff was re-elected secretary and treasurer. The next meeting of the association will be held in Lexington.

It was decided last night that the next meeting for target shooting championship will be held at Lexington, May 10 of next year. The next annual live bird shoot for the championship will be held with the Jefferson County Gun Club next October. Among some of the members of the association who attended the meeting last night were: T. H. Clay, of Bourbon county; John B. Dea, of Maysville; John Carter, C. S. Lecompte, of Lexington; G. E. Gregory, of Central City; P. C. Ward, Guy Ward and Mark Ward, of Walnut Log, Tenn.; William Crosby, of O'Fallon, Ill., and William Kerr, of Concordia, Ky.

AROUSING INTEREST IN BUSINESS MEN'S LEAGUE.

The last of a series of addresses by Prof. Charles H. Moore, colored, of Tuskegee Institute, Ala., was delivered last night at the Young Men's Christian Association, 914 West Chestnut street. He spoke before a large number of colored men and women who are engaged in business in this city.

Prof. Moore is traveling in all parts of the country arousing negroes to the point of becoming more industrious and entering trades and business. He spoke in behalf of the National Negro Business League, of which Booker T. Washington is president, telling his race that the National League would meet in this city in August, and that the forces of social and business organizations should be unified in order to prepare for the entertainment of 1,000 delegates that are to be in the city this summer.

The speaker gave a number of concrete evidences of racial progress in the State of Mississippi, the Carolinas and parts of Kentucky.

After the address short speeches were delivered by members of the local league, and a new interest was manifested among all present. An effort will be made from now on to get every negro in the city to take an active part in the work of preparing for the coming meeting in August.

SHRINERS' COLORED SINGERS REHEARSING FOR MEETING.

Colored singers of Louisville are expected to play some part in the entertainment of the Shriners who are to hold their conclave in this city in June. At a rehearsal at Odd Fellows' Hall last night, two hundred and fifty singers were present and practiced many of the songs that are to be sung during the conclave.

The music is under the direction of Robert Clark, a well-known colored entertainer. "My Old Kentucky Home," "Swanee River," "Old Black Joe" and folk lore songs that are so characteristic of the race are to be sung.

A trained cake walker is here instructing twenty couples for the cake-walking contest that is to come off during the conclave. The best cake walkers in the city and the State will enter the contest. Simon Dunmore, who won the prize at Madison Square Garden, New York, will enter the contest.

STEPHEN D. SMITH PASSES DANGER POINT IN ILLNESS.

Stephen D. Smith, president of the Caron Directory Company, who has been dangerously ill of pneumonia at his home, 111 East St. Catherine street, is slowly improving.

Mr. Smith passed the crisis of the disease yesterday, the eighth day since he was taken ill. Members of the family and Dr. Frank C. Wilson, stated last night that the patient was practically out of danger.

TWO MORE FLOP.

Democratic Senators Declare For Protection.

DANIEL AND SIMMONS SURPRISE COLLEAGUES.

DOLLIVER IN LIMELIGHT AS RESULT OF STAND.

GETS HUNDREDS OF LETTERS.

Washington, May 21.—[Special.]—Things are getting from bad to worse on the Democratic side of the Senate if there is a Democratic side. There were two more flops for protection to-day, Daniel, of Virginia, and Simmons, of North Carolina. It is all a sorry spectacle, but it's a great game all round.

The Republicans are also having their troubles and a big drive is being made on Senator Dolliver by the so-called "farmers' interests." Senator Dolliver never dreamed of the amount of complaint which all kinds of business interests have against the tariff until he made his now famous attack on the bill, and thereby advertised himself as the sympathetic friend of people with tariff troubles. They began coming before his speech was finished, and they have been coming ever since. The Senator listens to all of them, and whenever he discovers that somebody has a good case, goes into it, informs himself with all the detail possible and flies away the facts for future reference.

* * *

Accused of Disloyalty.

One thing which has much displeased Senator Dolliver is the disposition in many quarters to assume that in criticising the present bill he is changing front.

"They accuse me of disloyalty to the memory of Senator Allison," he said, "and of treating with disrespect the work of McKinley. Now, what I am trying to do would not be disapproved by those men if they were here to-day. I know that. Why, I was with McKinley till midnight the night before he started on that last trip to Buffalo, and he told me all about the speech he was going to make there. He had come to take a new view of the tariff question, to understand that it had become a question of going out for world markets. He wanted to use the duties which he knew were excessive for the purpose of enlarging our markets. It was his idea not to enlarge the free list by adding to it those articles which could properly go there, but to carry on reciprocal trading operations with other countries."

* * *

Importing Luxuries.

There will be enough diamonds, champagne, lace, embroideries, artificial flowers, fine gloves, Chinaware and other luxuries in this country to last a long time at the present prices even if the proposed plan of taxing the rich is finally adopted by Congress.

Reports to the Department of Commerce and Labor state that every ship from France is bringing in big cargoes of these things, in anticipation of increased duties in the Senate bill.

The figures for March last, made public to-day, show that the value of diamonds imported from France was ten times that for March of last year. The United States imported $387,892 worth of champagne from France last March, against $203,523 in March of last year; gloves, $333,586, against $278,914 in the same month last year, with just as big increases in silk laces, ribbons and the rest of the list.

Total imports from France increased 60 per cent. in February and March over last year's figures for these two months.

* * *

Davis' Name Restored.

The name of Jefferson Davis again appears on the tablet at Cabin John Bridge. By a curious coincidence, the work of restoring the name of the President of the Confederacy was finished the day President Taft was lauding the soldiers of the South and the North on the Petersburg battlefield. It is understood that the local G. A. R. organizations will attend to the decoration of the tablet on the bridge Memorial day in the same manner as it decorates the graves of the Confederate dead. The name was replaced by L. P. Horne, a stone cutter from Mississippi, who came to Washington to do the work in the belief that it should fall to the lot of a son from Davis' old State.

* * *

Gen. Kerr Retires.

Brig. Gen. John B. Kerr was placed on the retired list of the army to-day, after nearly forty years' service. Gen. Kerr was born in Kentucky, and appointed to the Military Academy from that State in 1866, graduating four years later. He was appointed a Captain in 1885, a Major in 1898 and a Colonel in 1903.

His entire service was in the cavalry up to the time he became a general officer, with the exception of about one year, from July, 1902, when he was attached to the Adjutant General's department. He was Colonel of the Twelfth Cavalry from March, 1903, until his promotion to Brigadier General in April 1908. During his earlier career he had considerable service in Indian campaigns. He was awarded a medal of honor for conspicuous bravery in command of his troop (K, sixth Cavalry) in action against hostile Sioux Indians on the White River, S. D., January 7, 1891.

During the Spanish War he commanded the Second Squadron, Sixth Cavalry, and took part in the Shafter campaign against Santiago, Uba. He was wounded in the assault on San Juan Hill and was sent to the army hospital at Siboney. He served officially at the Paris Exposition and afterward was military attache at the United States Embassy in Berlin.

* * *

Burglar Problem Solved.

Consul Bywater, of Dresden, says a citizen of that city has solved the burglar problem by the invention of an appliance which the most experienced criminal experts have pronounced flawless.

The appliance is very simple, consisting of a curtain or portiere wired with fine conductors. At certain places on the curtain are affixed small metal knobs which are connected with the wire conductors. The curtain is then drawn across the window or door or around the safe and the slightest disturbance of this position immediately breaks the circuit, as the metal knobs are thrown out of contact with each other. Should the burglar notice the wires and cut one or several thereof the breaking of the circuit would also start the alarm. Any other attempt to destroy the protecting curtain would also be noticed. Any curtain, unless made of fireproof material, would also act as a fire alarm. The alarm itself may consist of a series of bells, lights or other electrical appliances.

* * *

Pays His Wager.

Oscar Nulf, of East Palestine, O., who last October wagered that he would walk to Washington pushing a cart if Bryan were not elected President, arrived in Washington to-day, cart and all. He has made an average of twenty miles a day and says he has enjoyed the trip. He will meet the President next week and return home by rail.

HOMEOPATHS ADJOURN MEETING AT COVINGTON.

Select Mammoth Cave For Next Year's Convention—List of Officers Elected.

Covington, Ky., May 21.—[Special.]—Dr. James A. Davis, of Covington, was elected president of the Kentucky Homeopathic Medical Society at the twenty-fourth annual convention in Covington to-day.

A committee, of which Dr. O. L. Smith was appointed chairman, was selected to begin a campaign for an increased membership.

The society selected Mammoth Cave as the next meeting place.

Other officers elected were: Vice president, Lee Norman, Louisville; secretary, Mary E. Hopkins, Louisville, treasurer, A. C. Thommasson, Georgetown; censors,

Carpets, Rugs, Matting, Linoleum.

We have the largest and best selected stock of High-class Floor Coverings in the city, and are in a position to make quick deliveries and quote very low prices. See us before buying.

Kaufman-Straus Co. (Incorporated)

DEATHS.

GREENBERG—At 6:30 p. m., May 2[illegible] 1909, Louis S. Greenberg, beloved son [illegible] Jacob and Mary Greenberg, 22 years [illegible] age.

Funeral from the family residence [illegible] Bardstown road Sunday morning at 9:3[illegible] o'clock. Services at chapel of B'rith Sh[illegible]lom cemetery at 11 o'clock.

FORD—May 20, at 1:30 a. m., Margar[illegible] A. Ford (nee Foran), beloved wife [illegible] George Riley Ford, in her 28th year.

Funeral from the residence, 2212 Portland avenue, Saturday morning at 8:3[illegible] and at St. Cecilia's church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Louis cemetery. Friends invited. Toledo, O., and Lexington papers please copy.

MARSCHUETZ—In Cincinnati, May 19, 1909, Oscar H. Marschuetz in his 56th year.

Funeral from residence, 1636 South Third avenue, Friday, May 21, at 2:30 p. m. Burial in Cave Hill. Friends invited.

WHITE—Maggie White (nee Mattfield), beloved wife of T. W. White, of Amorillo, Texas.

Remains will arrive Saturday morning and interment will be in Cave Hill cemetery at 9:30 o'clock Saturday morning.

FUNERAL NOTICES.

The funeral of Capt. John B. Wood will take place from Christ Church Cathedral this (Friday) afternoon at 3 o'clock. Burial private.

SUMMER RESORTS.

WARM SULPHUR SPRINGS Bath County, Virginia, is now open for guests. For circulars and terms address MRS. JOHN L. EUBANK, Warm Springs, Bath Co., Va.

Buckroe Beach Hotel

Buckroe Beach, Va.

Situated on lower Chesapeake Bay; magnificent scenery, surf bathing, fine fishing and beautiful drives. Under the management of the N. N. and O. P. Ry. and Elec. Co. Letter and booklet upon application.

CHICAGO BEACH HOTEL, 51st Blvd. and Lake Shore, Chicago, Ill.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Atlantic City, N. J.

THE GREATEST RESORT IN THE WORLD

is an ideal spot to spend the spring and summer vacation. This seaside met

PARALYSIS

auses Demise of William G. Downing.

AS PROMINENT LIVESTOCK TRADER IN BLUEGRASS.

N. CAMDEN DONATES TO LEXINGTON'S MODEL SCHOOL.

INS TRIP TO THE SEASHORE.

Lexington, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—William G. Downing, who for many years as a well-known farmer and livestock trader of this county, died suddenly last night at his home in this city. About three months ago Mr. Downing suffered a stroke of paralysis, which affected his vocal cords and caused him to almost entirely lose the power of speech. Since then he has been in feeble health, and his death, though sudden, was not unexpected.

About eight years ago Mr. Downing removed from his farm, on the Thorn's Mill road, and had since been living in this city. He is survived by a son, Rodes Downing, manager of the Downing Bakery Company, and the following brothers and sisters: Joseph W. Downing, of the Winchester pike, director of the Phoenix National Bank; George Downing, of the Georgetown pike; John Downing, Mrs. Rebecca Calvert and Miss Bettie Downing, all of this city.

* * *

Trip To Seashore.

Campbell-Hagerman College gives an annual prize of a two-weeks' trip to the seashore, with all expenses paid, to the most cheerful and popular student in the college. The prize is awarded by a secret ballot of the boarders and faculty of the college. The annual election was held yesterday, and the prize fell to Miss Mary White, of Warsaw. This is one of the most interesting contests of the year at Campbell-Hagerman, and the faculty and students were very much excited over the election.

* * *

Donates To Model School.

J. N. Camden, one of the wealthiest citizens of Woodford county, proprietor of Maitland Stock Farm and known on the turf as the owner of Miami and other good racehorses, has written the Civic League of Lexington that he will give $500 toward the proposed model school to be established in the West End of the city. This is the third large contribution received by the league, the others being $1,000 from Robert T. Lincoln and $50 from Mrs. Emmons Blaine, both of Chicago.

* * *

To Dismiss All Suits.

An agreement was reached to-day between the attorneys in the various suits brought against the Standard Home Company, formerly the Standard Trust Company, of Birmingham, Ala., by which all the suits in the Fayette Circuit Court will be dismissed. By the terms of the agreement the company agrees to pay the stockholders who filed the suit all of the money which they paid in, with interest and costs of litigation. About $2,500 is involved. The suits are brought by B. M. Lanning, George W. Ott and other stockholders. E. M. Hamill, of Birmingham, acted as attorney for the company in the settlement of the cases.

* * *

Lexington Notes.

At a meeting of the immigration committee of the Commercial Club to-day it was decided to locate twenty-five immigrant families in this county this spring, and if the experiment proves successful and satisfactory to the farmers, a request will be formed to be supplied to the farmers of this county with whatever white labor they may desire.

* * *

Mrs. John Stewart has closed negotiations with the directors of the Kentucky Trotting Horse Breeders' Association for the Cuyler Hotel, located on South Broadway, at the entrance to the Fair Grounds, and will conduct that hostelry in the future.

* * *

On accounts of complaints being made by persons living on the Old Frankfort pike that the odors from the slop pens from the J. E. Pepper & Co. distillery were very offensive to passersby, County Physician J. W. Foley served notice on the managers of the distillery that the nuisance must be abated.

* * *

J. W. Strode, a farmer living on the Tate's Creek road, had a narrow escape from serious injury yesterday afternoon on the Richmond pike, when an automobile driven by parties unknown caused the team of mules attached to his wagon to run away. The wagon was torn to pieces and the mules badly injured, though Mr. Strode, who was driving the wagon, escaped unhurt.

BREACH OF PROMISE CHARGED.

Tobacco Protective Association Sues Robert Lester For $2,500.

Elkton, Ky., May 20.—S. Walton Forgy, attorney in Kentucky for the Planters' Protective Association of Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia, has filed suit for that organization of tobacco growers in the Circuit Court here against Robert Lester, a prominent farmer of Guthrie, for $2,500 damages, alleged to have been sustained as a result of Lester, who has been a member, selling his pledged tobacco crop of nearly 50,000 pounds outside the association.

At a meeting of the board of directors of the association held at Guthrie, the headquarters, Lester appeared before them and notified them of his intention of selling his tobacco, which had been pledged. The board passed a resolution providing that injunction proceedings be taken against him. The papers were prepared, but the bond required by law was not made. Within a few days Lester had hauled his tobacco to Clarksville and disposed of it.

The association claims in its petition that in addition to losing its regular charges of 1 per cent. through Lester's alleged violation of contract, it has been hampered, through his action, in carrying out its contract with and selling the tobacco of his fellow-pledgers. Lester's answer has not yet been filed. The case will come up at the next term of the Todd Circuit Court in July.

AGED BARRISTER DEAD.

Judge George R. Pryor, of Nicholasville, Passes Away.

Nicholasville, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Judge George R. Pryor, one of the oldest and best-known attorneys here, died this afternoon after six weeks' illness of a general breakdown. He was born in 1840 and was a graduate of Center College, Danville.

He taught schol for several years after graduating and among his pupils was James Lane Allen. He practiced law here for the past forty years. He is survived by his wife, who was the daughter of S. S. Deering, a prominent Methodist minister, and five children, Charles, Robert and Miss Julia, of St. Louis; William and Anna, of this place. The funeral will be held to-morrow afternoon.

MR. WICKERSHAM

To Be Speaker At the State Bar Meeting.

Paducah, Ky., May 20.—The Paducah Bar Association is preparing for the State bar meeting to be held here July 7 and 8. J. W. Mocquot will leave to-morrow for Louisville to meet with the programme committee. A feature of the meeting will be an address by Attorney General Wickersham. Charles K. Wheeler will deliver the welcome address and A. C. Grassham will preside as toastmaster at the banquet.

PLEADS GUILTY.

James Bruce Confesses To Shooting Night Riders Who Turned State's Evidence.

Cadiz, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—James Bruce, a young man of near Center Furnace, in the western part of this county, who was indicted at the last September term of the Trigg Circuit Court for shooting and wounding Walter Goodwin near Center Furnace last summer, entered a plea of guilty in the Circuit Court here and was given a sentence of one year in the penitentiary. His first trial in February resulted in a hung jury, ten for acquittal and two for conviction.

This case grew out of the night-rider troubles in March, 1908, when Goodwin testified that he was a member of the night-rider gang and appeared before the grand jury and indicted a number of his alleged night-rider clan, Bruce being one of the number. These persons were acquitted at their trial on account of insufficient evidence, and the shooting of Goodwin occurred soon after. His wounds were only slight and he soon recovered.

Aged Citizen Passes Away.

Versailles, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—William Foley, a farmer, and one of the oldest citizens of this county, died at his home to-day after an illness of a week. He was 82 years old. Four children, Charles W. Foley and Joseph W. Foley, of this county; Mrs. Frank M. Naive, of Versailles, and Mrs. E. B. Johns, of Lexington, survive him. Funeral services will be held Friday afternoon at the residence of Mr. Joseph W. Foley.

On Campaigning Tour.

Cadiz, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Judge Thomas P. Cook, present Circuit Judge of this judicial district, and Judge Jack Hanberry, of Hopkinsville, candidates for the Democratic nomination for Circuit Judge in this district, are campaigning in this county this week. The district committee meets in Eddyville to-morrow to make the final arrangements for the primary, which will be held June 5.

Place Fish In Little River.

Cadiz, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—W. S. Carver, a Government official, of St. Louis, was here this week and placed in Little River 500,000 small wall-eyed pike fish. The fish were only 5 days old, and were placed in the river above the dam. This consignment of fish was secured by Chappell and Cowherd, through the efforts of Congressman Ollie M. James.

Diplomas For Eleven.

Mayfield, Ky., May 20.—Commencement exercises were held to-day at West Kentucky College. The graduates were: Misses Elizabeth Lewellen, Essie Douthit, Grace Conner, Lura Boaz, Beulah Ligon, Evelyn Lewellen, John D. Stephens, Clyde Burnett, E. Dewitt Cunningham, Joseph Hamlet and Scott T. Lemon.

Tobacconist Stricken.

Franklin, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—John Bryan, a well-known citizen of this place, was stricken desperately ill this morning and the attending physician has little or no hope that he will survive the night. He is the father of Henry Bryan and a brother of W. H. Bryan, the wel-known tobacconist.

School Teacher Passes Away.

Cadiz, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Kelsie Kirk died a few days ago at his home in Calloway county after an illness of two months. He was a school-teacher, and had taught several schools in this county. He was also one of the many defendants in the nightrider indictments in Calloway county.

Funeral of Mrs. McQuown.

Glasgow, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—The funeral of Mrs. Lewis McQuown, who died at the Galt House in Louisville yesterday of cancer, took place at 10 o'clock here to-day and the burial was in the Glasgow cemetery.

Died After Short Illness.

Central City, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Henry Lovell Tate, the only son of Mr. and Mrs. Claud Tate, died very suddenly after four days' illness at the home of his parents in Bevier.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday as follows:

W. C. French and Nannie Smith, William J. Roman and Bessie Henry.

ONE OF AMERICA'S NOTABLE WOMEN COMES TO LOUISVILLE

Miss Mary MacDowell, of Chicago, Member of Old Kentucky Family, Who Has Done Things In the Western Metropolis.

MISS MARY McDOWELL.

Who is the greatest woman in America is a question on which there is doubtless that variety of opinion a search for superlative merit usually draws forth. Undoubtedly thousands of people would answer "Miss Mary MacDowell, of Chicago," who comes to Louisville this week.

Miss MacDowell, who has long been identified with every progressive social movement in this country, whether national or confined to Chicago, her home, is, if not one of Kentucky's daughters, one of her granddaughters. She belongs to the Gordon-Breckinridge family, of this State, Kingsley, Ala., by Desha Breckinridge, of Lexington, partly at whose invitation she is coming to Kentucky. Her father was Maj. Malcolm MacDowell, a man well known here; deeply loved and widely esteemed, left to his daughter as the heritage of philanthropic ideals and of fine wisdom in dealing with humanity in the mass. A story is told of how he once quelled a Chicago strike "by talking to us like gentlemen," one of the strikers described.

Though an ardent champion of such a variety of philanthropies—child labor regulations, the Consumers' League, the Federation of Labor, to name but a few—Miss MacDowell in choosing has been identified in connection with the University of Chicago Settlement, of which she has for several years been the head. When it is realized what this means, it is difficult to fancy what time Miss MacDowell has left for anything else. The settlement is in the heart of the great Union Stockyards, which employ from 30,000 to 50,000 men, women and children to help on the work of slaughtering and preparing every day 100,000 animals for the world's markets. The men, women and children who practically live, move and have their being in the wretched vicinity of the yards are Poles, Lithuanians, Slavs, Bohemians and similar and different nationalities, with all the complexity of their problems offer the sociologist. Miss MacDowell, however, repudiates being a sociologist—she says she just follows St. Paul: "We are all members, one of another." But whether a sociologist of the new order or that fine old order to which Saint Paul belonged, Miss MacDowell has valiantly put her shoulder to the wheel in this neighborhood, or community, as it is, of the yards. For several years she has fostered and initiated for her neighbors such excellent things as public baths, kindergartens, vacation schools, schools of citizenship, domestic science, manual training and the other activities of a well-equipped settlement-house.

It is the thousands of men, women and children who have benefited by the work who would, if occasion permitted, rise up and call Miss MacDowell blessed. She it was who, through her influence with both sides, was one of the main powers in bringing about peace, justice and order during the terrible strike of 1904 in the yards. Many another local and internazional disturbance owes its settlement to her powers of pacification. Many another evil owes its death blow to her efficiency, energy and idealism. If Chicago has one of the largest and finest playground systems in the world; if it has its great free auditoriums, baths, etc., this is because of Miss MacDowell's initiative or encouragement.

To-morrow evening at 8 o'clock, at the Library, Miss MacDowell will give a free lecture. Her subject will be "Woman as a Civic Factor." This is a theme on which she speaks with authority as well as feeling, for much of her work has been done in behalf of the women-workers in the stockyards and elsewhere. She is the author of the movement of some time ago for an official investigation of the conditions under which women wageearners work; the House having adopted the Senate's resolution for such investigations as were recommended by her and Miss Jane Adams.

Next week Miss MacDowell goes to Lexington, where she speaks to that organization similar to the one which is kindling such enthusiasm now in Louisville—the Civic League. The coming of Miss MacDowell will certainly do much to foster the work of both these Louisville and Lexington societies for municipal development and beautification.

MISS PATTY HILL TO ADDRESS KINDERGARTNERS.

Coming To Louisville To Be Present At the Graduation Exercises Next Tuesday.

The Louisville kindergarten will have its commencement next Tuesday evening, May 25, in the chapel of the Girls' High School at 8:15 o'clock, when nine young women will be given diplomas. Miss Patty Hill, who will deliver an address, will be introduced by Dr. I. N. Bloom, president of the School Board, and will consider "What the Kindergarten Has Contributed to Modern Education," a subject of general interest, and the public is cordially invited.

There will be three songs of the child world given by the normal classes, and Miss Nell Gardner will make a short, interesting report of "The Social Work of Our Kindergartens."

The thirteen years spent in Louisville as training teacher and supervisor of kindergartens, the three years of successful work at Teachers' College, Columbia University, her writings and lectures, have won Miss Hill an international reputation. She is noted especially for the liberality of her views, soundness of her educational creed and her successful original methods. Her simple and direct presentation of a subject and her attractive personality should make Miss Hill exceedingly popular as a lecturer.

The graduates are:

Miss Jane Logan Russell, Louisville.
Miss Edna Kohlhepn, Louisville.
Miss Mary Isabelle Weldon, Owensboro.
Miss Alice G. Flexner, Louisville.
Miss Charlotte Ferguson Cromie, Rockport.
Miss Lavinia Elizabeth Gnau, Louisville.
Miss Mary Naomi Perkins, Hobart, Oklahoma.
Miss Helen Louise Wigginton, Louisville.
Mrs. Fannie Brewer Elrod, Adams, Tenn.

Internal Revenue Collections.

The internal revenue collections yesterday in the Louisville district were as follows: Lists, 11 cents; beer, $45; whisky, $42,786.69; cigars, $893.40; tobacco, $7.-596.96; case stamps, $42. Total, $51,064.16.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.
Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended May 20, at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	80	1.58	Marquette	48	.02
Amarillo	60	.14	Memphis	68	.32
Atlanta	72	.21	Modena	74	.06
Bismarck	70	.00	Montgomery	76	.10
Cairo	66	.36	Nashville	68	.56
Cincinnati	62	.26	New Orleans	84	.04
Charlotte	70	4.55	New York	66	00
Chattanooga	76	.88	North Platte	68	.20
Chicago	58	.00	Oklahoma	74	T
Corp. Christi	78	.00	Omaha	76	.09
Davenport	74	.00	Palestine	80	.93
Dodge City	66	.58	Pittsburg	60	.40
El Paso	80	T	San Antonio	86	.00
Fort Smith	80	.00	Shreveport	82	.03
Galveston	84	.00	St. Louis	82	.00
Indianapolis	84	T	St. Paul	70	.14
Jacksonville	86	.00	Vicksburg	74	.01
Kansas City	72	.00	Washington	64	.00
Little Rock	76	.00			

T—Trace rainfall.

Rain Friday. Probably clearing Saturday. Not much change in temperature.

YESTERDAY'S REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

D. J. Curran to Mollie Curran, 25 feet south side of Lytle ..... $ 1
A. Hauber to Mollie Higgins, 22 feet south side of Lytle 1
Lula B. Norris to C. F. McGill, 30 feet south side of Madison, west of Twenty-eighth 1
Sarah E. Trail to Burton-Whayne Company, 30 feet south side of Madison, east of Twelfth 1
Ed Grauman to I. Cohen, 35½ feet west side of Walnut 4,000
G. S. Patterson to R. Johns, two lots in Highland Park 1
E. E. Gorman to Nora Nohaity, 30 feet south side High, east of Twenty-first 750
Kentucky Title Savings Bank and Trust Company to W. T. Durrett, certain roadways in county 1
R. E. Woods to Martin Kolb, 43½ feet north side Alford, east of Alford's west line 1
M. B. Meyer to Charles Bliss, interest in 25 feet north side of Mary street 1
Stilz Realty Company to C. B. Sample, tract on Cherokee drive 1
J. S. Leake to F. L. Speiden, 35 feet south side of Burnett, east of Floyd 1
J. H. Silis to M. A. Browne, lot 33 Silis' addition 1
Hy Bohmer to Mary L. Schmett, 25½ feet south side of Christy avenue 1

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, May 20, 1909.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	29.82	29.76
Temperature	59	61
Dewpoint	53	53
Relative humidity	99	91
Wind velocity	16	12
State of weather	Lt. Rain	Lt. Rain

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.
[Official.] Louisville, May 20, 1909.

Maximum temperature	61
Minimum temperature	55
Mean temperature	58
Normal temperature	68
Departure for day	—10
Departure for month	—30
Departure since March 1	—17
Prevailing winds	NE
Mean barometer	29.79
Mean relative humidity	92
Character of day	Rainy
Total precipitation	.69
Normal precipitation	.12
Departure for day	+.57
Departure for month	+.01
Departure since March 1	+2.59

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river continues to fall slowly at this point. The canal locks now have 6 feet on the falls, 8 feet 2 inches in the canal and 16 feet 9 inches below the locks. Business on the levee was fairly good. The weather was rainy and cool.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

Indiana, Capt. Brennan, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m....Lena May, Capt. Bewley, for Frankfort at 4:30 p. m....Madison, Capt. Baird, for Madison at noon.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenburn, from and to Cincinnati...Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, from and to Carrollton....Madison, Capt. Baird, from Madison....Lena May, Capt. Bewley, from Tyrone.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Lena May arrived from the Kentucky River last night with a nice trip of produce and freight. She will leave on her return trip this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock and will be found at the foot of Fourth avenue this morning, receiving for all points on the Kentucky River as far up as Frankfort. Claude Jagoe is her agent....The gasoline boat Madison arrived from Madison yesterday and will leave on her return trip to-day at noon....The gasoline boat Josephine was in and out from the lower river yesterday....The Indiana will be the next for Queen City to-day and will depart from the Third-avenue wharfboat at 5 p. m. for Cincinnati and all intermediate points....The Lee Line agency will be receiving freight to-day and to-morrow for the steamer Lee, which will leave here Saturday at noon for Memphis and all lower Ohio and Mississippi River points. Claude Jagoe is her agent....The Tarascon will be the next packet for Evansville. She leaves Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock. M. J. Connelly is her agent....The Helen M. Gould receives daily at the Third-avenue wharfboat for Madison, Carrollton and all way landings. She leaves every week day at 4 p. m....Charles Brashear, pilot of the steamer Lizzie Bay, likely will take the place of Pilot Will Maurer, who died last Tuesday. Mr. Brashear was one of the pilots of the City of Cincinnati when the illness of Mr. Maurer....The towboats Oakland and Sprague have passed Cairo and are due to arrive here in a few days. Both boats have large strings of empties in tow....The dance on the wharf and the Louisville and Cincinnati steamers were at half mast yesterday out of respect for William Maurer, pilot of the steamer City of Cincinnati, who died last Tuesday evening. The steamer City of Cincinnati took the body from Cincinnati to Belleview yesterday, where the funeral took place.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, May 20.—[Special.]—The heavy rains will cause the river to rise a little to-morrow, but work is going on putting up the dams. The wickets all are up at Davis Island, workmen having been kept busy all night Wednesday on the operation. The pool stage at Davis Island to-night was 8.5 feet and at Freeport there was a stage of 6.4 feet. More rain is scheduled by the weather bureau and this may bring a sufficient rise to permit light coal shipments in a few days. Work has been going on, however, in repairing many of the returned towboats. In anticipation of the low water season many of the vessels were temporarily taken out of service to permit minor repairs. There are a number of vessels undergoing changes in boiler and engine rooms.

Wheeling, May 20.—River 7.10, falling. Rain all day. Departed: Lorena, Zanesville, 7 a. m.; Virginia, Cincinnati, 8 a. m.; Bessie Smith, Parkersburg, 11:30 a. m.; Ohio, Pittsburg, 3 a. m.

Point Peasant, May 20.—River 8.5, falling. Rain.

Cincinnati, May 20.—[Special.]—River 10.6, falling. Rain, colder. Arrivals: Queen City, from Pittsburg; Tacoma from Pomeroy; Chilo from Chilo; Courier from Maysville; Indiana from Louisville. Departures: Queen City for Pittsburg; Tacoma for Charleston; Courier for Maysville; Chilo for Chilo; Indiana for Louisville. No towboats.

Madison, May 20.—[Special.]—River 16 feet, falling. Rain.

Evansville, May 20.—River 19.9, falling. Clearing after rain, cool.

Paducah, May 20.—The Tennessee River is falling so rapidly that the stern of the steamer George Lee, which sank here when she slid from the marine ways, is now high and dry, and it is believed that the whole boat will be out of the water before it can be bulk-meaded and raised. In that event the boat would either have to be launched or left for another rise. Capt. Robert Lee, the owner, is raising the boat, and the work is being superintended by Capt. Dana Scott, of the Marine Underwriters. It was learned to-day that Capt. Chilo Sugg of the Marine Underwriters and make the Paducah Marine Ways Company a party defendant to ascertain which is responsible for the accident. The suit has been agreed on by all three parties.

Cairo, May 20.—River 35.6 feet, fell 1.7 feet. Rain, cool. Arrived: Major Slack, Louisville, 7:30 a. m.

Memphis, May 20.—[Special.]—River here 32.8 on the guage, a fall of .5 in 24 hours. City of Savannah departed at 5 p. m. for Arkansas City. Whisper arrived this evening from the upper bends. Towboat Barret from the Ohio River passed South this evening with a tow of barges loaded with stone.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, May 20.—Sailed: Steamers Carpathia, for Genoa; LaSavoie, for Havre.

Piraeus, May 11.—Arrived: Steamers Patria, from New York; Themistocles, from New York via Naples.

Palermo, May 19.—Sailed: Steamer Principe di Piemonte, for New York.

Queenstown, May 20.—Sailed: Steamer Majestic, for New York.

Liverpool, May 20.—Arrived: Steamers Albanian, from Pensacola for Manchester; Bostonian, from Boston for Manchester.

Naples, May 19.—Sailed: Steamer Finland, for New York.

Queenstown, May 20.—Sailed: Steamer Merion, for Philadelphia.

Genoa, May 19.—Arrived: Steamer Europa, from New York via Naples.

Cadiz, May 19.—Arrived: Steamer Manuel Calvo, from New York for Barcelona, etc.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—FINE RESIDENCE BARGAIN—A superb stone-front brick home; fashionably located on the best street in southern section; large, deep lot, full of shade and flowers; 12 rooms, steam heat; solid hardwood finish; fine plumbing; beautifully and handsomely decorated; extra handsome mantels and fixtures; owner will give someone the BIGGEST BARGAIN OF THE YEAR. This property cost over $45,000 only a few years ago, and can be bought for 50 cents on the dollar. See us and make an engagement to inspect it.
BUCHANAN & SON.
(Members Real Estate Exchange.)
125 S. Fifth St.

FOR SALE—FINE COUNTRY PLACE—$15,000 will buy over 20 a. beautiful land with over 20 varieties of forest trees; on R. R. and electric line; 12-room, good-as-new residence, with gas and water; large porches; plenty of water; stable, etc.
BUCHANAN & SON.
(Members Real Estate Exchange.)
125 S. Fifth St.

FOR SALE—APARTMENT LOT—Look at this 60x230-ft. lot, bet. 2 fine homes, s. s. Grmsby, opposite the end of Garvin Place; $100 ft.; want offer; also some others.
BUCHANAN & SON.
(Members Real Estate Exchange.)
125 S. Fifth St.

FOR SALE—THIRD, NEAR BLOOM—9-room brick on beautiful deep lot; only $4,500.
BUCHANAN & SON.
(Members Real Estate Exchange.)
125 S. Fifth St.

FOR SALE—Two desirable parcels of real estate on Magazine st.; suitable for cottages; no incumbrance; easy terms; 5 per cent. interest; small cash payment. Orders to sell at once. DUGAN & LONG, Norton bldg.

FOR SALE—Modern 7-room house on E. Jacob st., cheap. Inquire 1308 Hepburn.

FOR SALE—MISCELANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—One direct connected engine and generator, built by Ridgeway Engine and Dynamo Co., Ridgeway, Pa.; rating of engine, 140 H. P.; cylinder, 15x15 in., 250 revolutions; 100 lbs. steam pressure, rating of generator 100 kilowatts, 800 amperes, 125 volts, direct current, floor space 10 ft. 6 inches by 12 ft.; generator is of Thompson-Ryan design and will operate from no load to full load without shifting of brushes; the set has been in use only 22 months; field rheostat furnished with generator. Address COURIER-JOURNAL, Louisville, Ky.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, FLOOR CASES, CIGAR CASES, SHOWCASES AND WALL CASES, OFFICE PARTITIONS, SAFES, DESKS, SCALES, MEAT AND MILK BOXES, COUNTERS AND SHELVING, AT L. GRAUMAN & CO., 125 WEST JEFFERSON ST.

FOR SALE—Stock. Subscription book of the City Waste Paper Co. is now open in the office of the City Investment Co., 402 Lincoln Bank building. Stock for sale at $10 a share. Send in your subscription or write us and we will call.

FOR SALE—A beautiful harness and saddle horse; 6 years old; lady can drive and ride. THE NORMAN LUMBER CO., Third st. and Southern R. R.

FOR SALE—Nice gentle family horse; 7 years old; safe for children; hand made phaeton for sale cheap. 206 Eastern ave.

FOR SALE—Coal and coke; cut-rate prices. W. H. SLAUGHTER, JR., COAL CO., Lincoln bldg. Both phones.

FOR SALE—Drug fixtures complete; up-to-date set; very cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—Soda Fountains and ice Shaver, cheap. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—Cableway 500 ft. Lidgerwood, now in operation in Louisville. 'Phone South 1080.

FOR SALE—300 new panel doors 2-5 by 6-5 at 50 cents. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson.

FOR SALE—Piano, Reed & Sons; almost new; splendid bargain. H. H. PALMER, 933 Second st.

FOR SALE—Stylish spider, station wagon and runabout, cheap. Phones 436 and South 743.

FOR SALE—Nearly new Columbus runabout. Apply 206 Guthrie st.

FOR SALE—Electric automobile; cheap 534 W. Main.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKERS TO WORK ON SILK AND WASH GOODS IN ALTERATION DEPARTMENT.
H. J. GUTMAN & CO.

WANTED—1,000 NICE GIRLS—Citizens get the best cooks, maids, housekeepers, matrons, etc.; all good get places free at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 124 S. Third st. Very excellent ones get good wages. Attend.

WANTED—Stenographer, first class, $75; also assistant bookkeeper, $60; bank positions, quick. SOUTHERN EMPLOYMENT BROKERS, 504 W. Jefferson.

WANTED—Girls, 16 years of age and over, at HOPE WORSTED YARN CO., Kentucky and Swan sts. Good wages; clean work.

WANTED—First-class white cook with references; good wages; small family. Apply 1413 Second st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Position by young lady stenographer, with some experience; references; High School graduate. Address B 97, this office.

WANTED—Situation, by boy 14 years of age; just out of school. Can give best of references. Address Z 17, this office.

WANTED—Situation, by expert ice cream maker and fine cake baker. Inquire 434 Baxter ave.

WANTED—Position by young man; office work preferred. Address B 114, this office.

WANTED—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—To buy a farm of 25 to 100 acres on interurban line to Louisville; house with about 7 rooms and conveniences. Call at once. W. R. E., 201 Equitable bldg. Home phone 1045, Cumb. Main 1276-A.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

MONEY LOANED employed people and others, upon their own names without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments. Offices in 48 principal cities. Save yourself money by getting my terms first. D. H. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
Low Rates—Easy Payments.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. Jefferson, second floor.

If you need money, get our rates before borrowing elsewhere. WEST END LOAN CO., 3610 W. Market.

Old Mahogany Furniture

Some very antique pieces of solid mahogany will be sold, together with household goods of every description,

Gilt Pier Glasses, Cut Glass and Chinaware

at our sale commencing

Tuesday, May 25th, 9 A. M.

CHAS. JOSEPH & CO., Auctioneers.

Fireproof Storage Co.

(Incorporated.)

Cor. Third and Green Sts.

For Sale——LOTS——For Sale

John W. Sanders, Agent
517 Atherton Bldg.

C. J. Meddis, Agent
241 Fifth st.

The best and most beautiful lots for sale in Crescent Hill are on

PETERSON AVENUE

Asphalt Street, Electric Lights, Gas and Water.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—LOAN—$20,000 on long terms at 8 per cent. interest, payable annually, on first mortgage on 3,840 acres of land. Address COW ISLANDS LIVE STOCK AND PLANTING CO., Abbeville, La.

WANTED—To buy all kinds of STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES; also merchandise. L. GRAUMAN & CO., 725 W. Jefferson st.

WANTED—Couple to board in a private home in southern part of city; large alcove room. References. Cumb. phone S. 2424-L.

WANTED—Board, by refined couple with infant, room with bath preferred; references furnished. Address Box 433.

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 226 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd.

WANTED—To buy, 1¼ carat diamond, for $150 cash. Address O 81, this office.

WANTED—AGENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Agents to sell Pecos City, Tex., lots; two railroads; two more building; good commissions. MAYS & WARE, Fort Worth, Tex.

WANTED—First class insurance man. Address INTERNATIONAL AUTOMOBILE LOAN CO., Buffalo, N. Y.

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Special salesmen; two high-grade, experienced grocery or tobacco specialty salesmen, for general work with old established manufacturing concern; products staple; salary with commission. Must have good sales record and be well recommended. Position attractive; promotion rapid; permanent employment to right parties; general line applicants not considered. Reply W. F. SMITH, care Nelson-Chesman Agency, St. Louis, Mo.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Salesmen, city and traveling, forty houses; top salaries to experienced; small salaries, expenses to inexperienced; immediate contracts guaranteed; city salesman, groceries, $75; office supplies, $100; novelties, $100; cakes, candies, $125; all kinds of office positions; laborers of all kinds; five departments; largest and best. Call or write SOUTHERN EMPLOYMENT BROKERS, 504 W. Jefferson st.

WANTED—In Lenver, ornamental iron and wireworkers, cement finishers, lathers, plasterers, tile and marble setters, electricians, sheet metal workers; strike on by Building Trades Council; protection, eight hours and union scale; write for details. MASTER BUILDERS' ASSOCIATION, Denver, Col.

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE to work; farmers, gardeners, dairymen, families, men with wives, mechanics, clerks, teamsters, waiters, stewards, foremen, etc. All business places at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 124 S. Third st. The only square office.

WANTED—Competent man, married preferred, to care for farm, fox hounds and horses for small club of Chicago gentlemen. Address with references, J. L. M., care Ridgeview Farm, Hubers, Bullitt county, Ky.

WANTED—At once, a first-class husbandman, who can come well recommended both as to competency, sobriety and integrity; a permanent position with good salary for the right man. Address O 34, this office.

WANTED—Trouble men at $75 per mo.; linemen at $2.85 per eight hour day. Address CUYAHOGA TELEPHONE CO., Electric Bldg., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED—Tinners and sheetmetal workers. Write to JOHN LANG, Secretary, 166 Jefferson, Memphis, Tenn.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

STOCK—Subscription book of the City Waste Paper Co. is now open in the office of the CITY INVESTMENT CO., 402 Lincoln Bank bldg. Stock for sale at $10.00 a share. Send in your subscription or write us and we will call.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Massage, baths, chiropody, manicure, scalp treatment. 235 Atherton. Phone M. 657-Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

SAMPLE OF TICKET THAT WILL BE USED THE COMING SEASON.

Riverview Park
ADMIT ONE
LEM SIMONS, President. LEE L. SIMONS, Secretary.

RIVERVIEW PARK
This Coupon is good for
10 CENTS IN TRADE
AT THE
SCENIC R'Y, BAR, CHUTES, CANALS OF VENICE, COASTER, RESTAURANT, DANCE HALL.

AMUSEMENTS.

Macauley's — TO-NIGHT—SATURDAY MAT
"BACK TO TOWN"
A MUSICAL CHATTER.
Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, Box Seats $1.00

FONTAINE FERRY
"The Park Beautiful"—Free Admission.
MAZIE KING & GIRLS
Heading Big Vaudeville Bill,
FREE BAND CONCERTS
Reserved seats for theater on sale at McKinley's Cigar Store, 5th and Market sts.

AVENUE—BIGGEST AND BEST YET
Four Shows—1 to 3, 3 to 5, 7 to 9, 9 to 11 p.m.
Vaudeville Motion Pictures
Madame Alvano & Co. Reckless, Steckler & Co Bob Desmond Trio. Woods, Kliduff & Co.
5 AND 10 CENTS—NO HIGHER.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Brick house, 2-story; reception hall, parlor, breakfast room, kitchen, 5 bedrooms, toilet and bath. 142 First st. Apply at once Kaufman-Straus Co.

FOR RENT—Six-room, new modern flat, $25; 6-room house, water and gas, $18. all in Crescent Hill. W. E. KOOP, Keats and Sycamore.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

75c to CINCINNATI
$1.00 ROUND TRIP
On Steamer
CITY OF CINCINNATI
Saturday, May 22, at 5 p. m.; Good Returning May 23 or May 24. Phones 141.

For Evansville and Owensboro
And All Way Points on Lower Ohio and Green and Cumberland

THREE FAVORITES WIN FOR THE FORM PLAYERS

Talent Has a Successful Day At Churchill Downs In Spite of Rain and a Very Muddy Track.

SENSATIONAL FINISH IN LOUISVILLE HANDICAP

Judges Give the Decision To Crystal Maid With Others Close Up.

FOUR ARE ONLY NOSES APART.

Third Race Declared Off On Account of Scratches, and Alice Takes the Substitute.

HEAVY BETTING ON RACES.

IF there has ever been a more disagreeable day for racing than the one in store for those who journeyed to Churchill Downs yesterday, few persons, if any, have recollection of it. The conditions were wretched in every way, the rain, which had begun the previous night, continuing throughout the entire day, transforming the track into a quagmire. The crowd, in consequence, was confined almost entirely to the regulars, who, although small in numbers, were large in speculation. The card, which in its original form promised fine sport, was riddled by the blue pencil, materially reducing the number of entrants in all events, and causing one of the races, the third scheduled, to be called off altogether. Another contest, however, was substituted and it resulted in a stirring finish between Alice, the winner, and Lady Vie.

The wise-acres had a shade better than an even break on the day, as three decided favorites and two second choices got down to the wire in front of their respective fields. The favorites to score were Chanticlor in the first, The Fad in the fifth and Tom Hayward in the closing event. Irfaneh and Alice were close second choices.

The bidding in the auction pools was very high on the events won by the top-heavy and reliable choices, and in the old days when $100 for first choice was a common occurrence. From the time the mutuels opened for business on the Louisville Handicap, fourth on the card, until the end of the last race, the force employed in the operation of them were kept as busy as bees. The amount handled in the machines on this event will very likely come close to the high-water mark for wagering on a single race during the meeting. And the result of the contest warranted the speculation that was made upon it. Crystal Maid, Charlie Eastman, Sea Swell and Al Mueller, in the order named, came under the wire with their respective jockeys straining every nerve in their desire to earn the decision. It was certainly a splendid contest, and even those who lost through wagering seemed satisfied with the proceedings.

The jockey honors were divided between Taplin and Eddie Martin, each of these promising young pigskin artists having two wins to his credit. Taplin also finished third on two of his other mounts.

The event which was called off was a handicap, third to be decided, the reason being that the majority of the entrants declined the issue on account of track conditions. A selling event was substituted for it, and was won by Alice, which had been one of the entrants carded in the original handicap.

* * *

Chanticlor In Opener.

The incessant rain of the morning hours which continued all through the afternoon played havoc with the card, causing the third race, which was a handicap, to be declared off altogether. A mile and twenty-yard race for selling platers was substituted for the handicap. The first race on the card was a four and a half furlong dash for 2-year-olds, in which eight shifty 2-year-olds faced the starter, Chanticlor ruled favorite throughout the betting, both in the auctions and machines. The start was made in the rain and the starter lost no time in getting the field away to a straggling start, in which the favorite was off in the first bunch, with Kichil Tanaka off second and Ransack third. The field continued in the order until the turn for home, when Taplin let out a wrap on the favorite and he went to the front, winning as his rider pleased. Cambronne, which was off none too well, finished with a rush and easily took the place, while the Tanaka horse held on long enough to save the third place from Grace Dixon, which had been practically left when the barrier went up.

* * *

Irfaneh's Easy Victory.

The second race for sprinters at five and one-half furlongs brought together ten shifty sprinters that in their previous races showed a fondness for the soft going. Alice George, Arionette, Miramar, Fireball and Mary Burton declined the issue on account of the going. The scratching of Fireball, the Bedwell crack California sprinter was thought to rob the race of some interest. From the way the form players went to Marbles and Tom McGrath it was thought that the race was all over but the cashing. Irfaneh, trained by Jack Baker, found the track to her liking and made the selling choices look cheap. Irfaneh was quickest to get away and in the first quarter opened up a long lead, followed by Tom McGrath, Marbles was well enough off, but cut no figure in the race, Williams could never get the black filly into a contending position. Irfaneh simply reveled in the going and won as her rider pleased, while Tom McGrath could never improve his position and finished second. Marbles took the third position.

* * *

Alice In Substitute Race.

The original third race having been declared off, a mile and twenty yards race was substituted, in which eleven fair platers started. Lady Vie and Orlandot were the choices of the public, while Greenbridge had many supporters on account of his race of Monday and his known fondness for the soft going. Maid Militant and Alice were the choice of the machine players and were accorded a heavy support. Page, who had the mount on the favorite, Lady Vie, rushed his mount into a commanding lead the first quarter, with Bannock Bob and Greenbridge in close attendance.

The first three continued in that position until the far turn, when Alice came out of the bunch and raced into a contending position at the turn for home. Lady Vie by this time raced Greenbridge into submission and was apparently going easy when Martin on Alice challenged the winner and the race from the sixteenth pole to the wire was a battle between the two jockeys, Alice getting the decision by a neck. Lady Vie had no contention for the place, while Greenbridge dropped into the third position in the closing strides.

* * *

Close Fit In Handicap.

The Louisville Handicap at six furlongs was the stellar attraction of the card and brought a field of sprinters together that could hold their own in any kind of company. Hyperion, Prince Ahmed, Colloquy and Westbury were scratched on account of the going which left eight starters to do battle for the fixture event, which meant fifteen hundred dollars net to the winner. T. M. Green and the Cella entry composed of Sea Swell and All Red were installed the favorites by those who patronized betting in the auction pools. Numerous heavy pools were sold on the race and T. M. Green always bringing the top price. Crystal Maid, Charlie Eastman, Al. Muller and Jacobite were nimbled at in the pools, but were not generously supported in the machines. The start for all in the race was fair and Sea Swell with a wonin pursuit, also began to tire from and forced a terrific pace and was carrying the field along at a merry clip to the top of the stretch, when the Cella filly began to tire. Al Muller, which was nearest following the pace keenly. Crystal Maid avoided the early pace and when the field was straightened out for the final run Page stuck close to the rail with Crystal Maid and inch by inch began to overhaul the flying leaders with Charlie Eastman in close attendance. A few yards from the wire Crystal Maid and Eastman were on even terms with the pair in front, and from there on to the wire the spectators saw a finish that brought them to their feet. It seemed to those in the stand that neither had an advantage, but Crystal Maid's gallant drive went under the wire so close together that it was with some difficulty that they were separated. Crystal Maid by reason of having the advantage of being on the inside caught the judges' eyes first, Charlie Eastman was given the place and Sea Swell, the pacemaker, was placed third, Al Muller was fourth only a nose behind Sea Swell.

* * *

The Fad Has No Trouble.

The fifth race for 2-year-olds at five furlongs proved to be a walkover for Charles Van Meter's The Fad, which demonstrated that his win of a few days ago was no fluke. The Fad going to the front at the first quarter made a show of his field and romped home a winner by eight lengths. St. Deiniol, which was the closest in pursuit, finished second, and Calash which was unfortunate at the start came with a belated rattle at the end and took the third place from Frank G. Hogan with ease. Frank Hogan and Calash were thought to have a chance to beat The Fad and were well played to win. The pair sold on even terms. Frank Hogan evidently does not relish the heavy going, as he was off well enough, but after going a good quarter gave up the chase and finished fourth.

* * *

Tom Hayward Wins Again.

Tom Hayward earned his title as the champion plater yesterday by winning the sixth race at a mile and a sixteenth with ridiculous ease. Every one ducked the Bedwell horse and the numerous scratches reduced the field to seven starters, eight having declined to go against the California horse. Hayward sold as a 1 to 2 favorite and he justified the confidence by winning pulled up almost to a walk. Silverado, one of the outsiders in the betting, was closest in pursuit of the leader, but could never get within hailing distance. Silverado was making a cinch on the place position as little Brannon hustled his mount along in the early stages and as he made the turn for home he had a lead of six lengths. Denver Girl was next in the procession and had to hustle to the limit to save the third place. Huerfano, which was shuffled back shortly after the start, was coming with a rattle at the end, but could never quite get up and Denver Girl got the short end of the purse by a neck.

* * *

SELLING PLATERS TO HAVE INNINGS TO-DAY.

The "sellers" will have another inning at Churchill Downs this afternoon, five of the six events carded giving the platers an opportunity to earn their feed. The fifth is the exception, being a purse for two-year-olds. The opener contains sixteen unruly propositions and Starter Holtman will undoubtedly have his troubles lining them up. Plume looks best of the lot with fair racing luck and off well, with Marmorean and Tackle as probable contenders. Usury ran a fair race yesterday in the event won by Irfaneh, and if started back again to-day may show enough improvement to land him winner.

Nine 2-year-olds at five furlongs are slated in the second and Slewfoot, who is well established as a "mudlark," is selected to trim the bunch opposed to him. Salian and Eva Tanguay figure best of the others and are linked in this order for second and third positions. Jack Straw and Southern Gold have outside chances, especially if they get away in the front rank.

One mile and a half, the longest route yet scheduled at the meeting, brings half a dozen "long-distance" performers to the string in the third. Of these Nadzu, a "router" for fair, should annex the winner's end of the purse, with First Peep and Besterling fighting for the smaller ends. The route suits Belleview, also, and he may run kind enough to collect some part of it.

A six-furlong scramble has fifteen to contest in the fourth event and it is like looking for the "proverbial" needle to find the winner. Deuce showed well his last out and if he takes kindly to the mud, deserves the most consideration. Little Sis and E. M. Fry are chosen to fill the place and show positions, although any one of the others engaged is liable to upset all calculations by coming home in front.

A dozen fair 2-year-olds go in the fifth and four and one-half furlongs is their task. Patsalaga, C. A. Lieman and Kiddy Lee represent the form here, but track conditions are liable to develop an unknown "mud-bear," in which case a long price will be posted on the winner.

The wind-up has ten to travel one mile and seventy yards. The honors go to Snap, with Gerrymander and Johnnie Rowe close up. Romp and Harriet Rowe look best of the others and both have fair chances to collect the big end. The indexed entries follow:

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; selling:

Ind.	Horse.	Wt.
122.	*Advancing	95
108.	*Pinhooker	97
109.	*Ned Carmack	97
115.	Lillian Ray	100
68.	Plume	100
103.	Project	100
103.	Bandello	100
67.	Stoneway	102

SECOND RACE—Five furlongs; selling; for 2-year-olds:

128.	Brunhilde	97
128.	*Laveno	97
104.	*Pirate Boy	97
[104]	Sallan	97
[110].	*Eva Tanguay	100
104.	Jack Straw	101
128.	Southern Gold	102
104.	*Simonette	102
116.	Slewfoot	111

THIRD RACE—Mile and a half; selling:

127.	*Deuce	114
	*El Dorado	114
101.	Tim Kelly	114
115.	Ralbert	116
123.	E. M. Fry	117

FIFTH RACE—Four and a half furlongs; for maiden 2-year-olds; purse:

	Fulfill	112
98.	Hatchiecoon	112
	Foursome	112
85.	Pinkie Rose	112
	Dudie	112
92.	Prim Polly	112

SIXTH RACE—Mile and seventy yards; for 2-year-olds; selling:

117.	*Greenbridge	97
91.	Ludhiana	97
	Sniff	97
114.	Bryce	99
117.	Guard Rail	99
79.	*St. Aulaire	100
	*Apprentice allowance.	

* * *

CHAT OF THE COURSE.

Trainer Jack Baker sent two winners to the post yesterday in Irfaneh, in the second race, and Crystal Maid, in the handicap. The Louisville Handicap was worth $1,500 to the winner.

* * *

The indications are that the meeting given at Chattanooga will be a great success. The amounts hung up by the merchants for the purses have already been deposited with the Secretary. The opening will be a gala day, as the fire department will parade and the business houses will be closed during the afternoon.

* * *

Jockey Vincent Powers has been retained by Trainer Will Young to ride either Warfield or Plate Glass in the Latonia Derby.

* * *

The Kentucky Oaks, one of the most valuable stakes to be decided during the present meeting at Churchill Downs, will be run to-morrow afternoon. This event is for 3-year-old fillies, and has a value of $3,000, of which $300 goes to the second and $150 to the third youngster in the money positions. To date there are still eligible to contest for this rich prize, twenty of the best young misses now quartered at the track. Among them are Lady Ethelyn, belonging to J. L. Beeson & Co.; Civita and Cordova, from the barn of George J. Long; Ada Meade, owned by J. C. Milam & Co.; Pink Linen and Point Lace, the property of J. B. Respess, and Salmster and Seattle, entered by Barney Schreiber.

There are others of considerable class that will probably try for the honor and wealth that go with the winning of this rich fixture and it is expected that a good field will line up before Starter Holtman to take part in the contest tomorrow afternoon.

* * *

Chanticlor, Irfaneh and The Fad demonstrated their ability yesterday as "superb mud-larks." It would be well for the "sharpshooters" to tab this for future reference.

* * *

Fred Luzader was not wrong in his opinion that Tom Hayward was a cheap horse at $500. The consistent Tom has been first to the wire in his last four efforts and for a "plater" this is certainly "going some."

* * *

The man with the "halter" is still at the Downs and it would not create much surprise if he did not make his appearance at Latonia also.

* * *

The finish yesterday in the Louisville Handicap was one of the "who won it?" variety, and if not standing directly under the wire one could easily have thought that Al Mueller was first. Others picked the Cella entry as having run one-two, etc. The result shows what a hard time the judges have occasionally placing the horses.

* * *

The "silent bookmakers" are evidently prejudiced against some of the thoroughbreds. At least it would seem so, when they paid a better price on Tom Hayward for the place than they did for him to win.

* * *

Jockeys Taplin and Martin are evidently not from a local option district for their performances are extra good when conditions are "wet."

* * *

The Fad, a hot favorite in the fifth race yesterday, simply tow-roped his field and won by six lengths under restraint. The favorite in the last race of the day, Tom Hayward, was pulled to a walk as he came under the wire five lengths ahead of his field.

* * *

The third race on the card yesterday, a handicap at a mile and a sixteenth, was declared off on account of the track conditions, and a selling affair at a mile and twenty yards was substituted.

* * *

Jockey Taplin won the opening and closing races of the day yesterday. Martin rode first in the second and third. The other winning boys were Austin and Page.

* * *

The sudden change in the track conditions caused the owners of horses entered yesterday to scratch a good many of their entries, nineteen who were carded to go in the five different races declining the issue, while the third race had to be substituted on account of scratches.

* * *

M. C. Moore claimed Henderson & Hogan's Marbles, who ran third in the second race yesterday, for $600.

* * *

They say a camel can go eight days without water, but the one that started in the second race yesterday seems to be able to go longer than that without winning a race.

* * *

All of the races yesterday resulted either in a very close finish or the other extreme, almost a walkover. The first was won by eight lengths, the second by the same distance, the third by a neck, the fourth by a nose, the fifth by six lengths and the last by five.

* * *

On account of Silverado, an outsider in the betting, finishing second in the last race, Tom Hayward paid more a place than he did to win. There was only 40 cents difference in what he paid to win and to show.

* * *

A. G. Blakeley, who has the clever lightweight apprentice, J. Glass, in his employ, has presented Thomas Welsh with a second call on his services. Glass is able to ride at seventy-eight pounds and several offers have been made for him, while the second call was also in demand. Glass had four mounts in the East the other day and finished inside the money with three of them. He won with Fashion Plate, was second with Calypte and third with Lad of Langden.

* * *

Frank Gardner has left at Pimlico Statesman, the clever 3-year-old, who broke one of the small bones of his near foreleg in the race for the Preakness Stakes at Baltimore last Wednesday. Gardner has little hope of racing Statesman again, but he believes that the Kinley Mack colt, who is a well-bred individual, may be useful in the stud.

Edward Peters, acting for Paul Rainey, offered Gardner $20,000 for Statesman just before the Baltimore meeting began, and the Clevelander was somewhat miffed when Mr. Gardner turned the offer down. It is not improbable that Gardner may be successful in saving Statesman. Horses more seriously hurt than the Kinley Mack colt have been preserved. Robert Waddell, the Virginia gelding who won the American Derby of 1901, was saved by his breeder, Virginia Bradley, after breaking the big bone of one of his legs. And that accomplished son of Aloha would be alive to-day if he had not a year or so after his recovery been a fence at Bradley's farm in Charles City county, Virginia, and broken another limb.

* * *

Trance, Statesman's most formidable 2-year-old rival at Pimlico last fall, when the Kinley Mack colt was at his best, is in rather a bad way. The rupture of the tendon which made it necessary for Odom to give up the notion of starting her in the Metropolitan Handicap has proved to be rather a serious injury. The little Ben Brush mare is pretty sore. Odom has not given up hope of getting her to the races again, but he fears that she may not hereafter be the horse of the kind she trimmed last season.

Last season Trance had something on August Belmont's filly, Field Mouse, one of the placed horses in the Toboggan on Saturday, but she would find it hard to take that lady into camp just now. Although John Whalen, Mr. Belmont's clever young trainer, expected Field Mouse to win the Toboggan, he was by no means displeased with her race, as Jockey Higgs's filly not only went well after arriving at Pimlico some three weeks ago, and she ran Saturday off two three-quarter gallops in 1:19, two halves in :48⅘, and one five-eights in 1:05. She may be expected to improve later. She is improving in appearance every day now that she is safely domiciled at Belmont Park.

* * *

The only way Whalen can account for the bolting of Glopper and Dullcare in the straightaway at Belmont Park is that they stable opposite the place they bolt, and they are accustomed to go out upon the track through a gap opposite their stables. Hereafter Whalen will not use that gap. He will bring them on the track by way of the paddock, says the New York Telegraph.

Both Glopper and Dullcare will win at Belmont Park. Dullcare ran a first-rate race at Pimlico when he took up 117 pounds and won at four and a half furlongs in :54 4-5, establishing a new track record. He is a fine little chunk of a horse and he has courage as well as speed. A distance of ground will suit him better than half a mile or four and a half furlongs.

* * *

Glopper, a full brother to the accomplished Glorifier, winner of the Carter and Metropolitan Handicaps of 1907, has not won yet, but it is an open secret that the chairman of the Jockey Club thinks highly of him. The troubles with Glopper is that he is sluggish. Getting a good workout out of him is next to an impossibility. It will be necessary to race him into condition.

But Glopper is improving rapidly under racing, and he will soon be fit to hold his own with the good ones. In respect to sluggishness, Glopper is not unlike Glorifier. James McCormick found it almost impossible to get decent work out of Glorifier when the latter was a 2-year-old, in 1904.

* * *

Adolph Spreckels, the California breeder, has sent Marias II., the English horse he imported with his handsome stallion Solitaire II., away from his Napa farm and installed in his place the American horses Voorheese and Dr. Leggo. Both these horses were bred at Napa and Dr. Leggo, a son of Purysear D., and Sevens won a Burns Handicap at Oakland. His dam was a daughter of Watercress. Dr. Leggo never raced in the East, but his California admirers say he was a first-class racehorse, which opinion his racing record seems to confirm.

Voorhees, a son of Solitaire, also was bred at Napa, and he was intended for big things. As a 2-year-old in 1905, he ran some first-class races at Saratoga. He had the light-footed Mobawk II. as straight as a string in the Saratoga Special, and that son of Rockton and La Tosca was about the best youngster of his season.

Voorhees, an exceptionally handsome horse, was roughly handled in the early part of his 2-year-old season, and he was unsound afterward. Three or four of the best mares at Napa have been bred to him under the orders of Mr. Spreckels, who is naturally anxious that he should make good as soon as possible.

* * *

Much Expected of the Juniors.

The Junior class certainly ought to make quite a few points in High School's interclass track meet next Saturday. With Drevenstedt, John and Halle in the distance runs, they will probably clean up in these events, while Hardin is expected to do his share of the point gaining in the discus throw and the shot put. Gordon Meyers is the junior entry in the sprints. John, who has never been out before, has become quite a crack at the quarter. Drevenstedt will be remembered for his performance in the five-mile race held at the Coliseum some time ago, and Halle ran away with the mile run at the same place. Hardin is the captain of next year's football team and can put the shot and throw the discus as well as the best of them. Meyers, although a new man, ought to place in the 100-yard dash. In the relay race John, Drevenstedt, Halle and Meyers will make a try for the cups and their class feels confident they will win them.

* * *

John W. Ward's Good Score.

Glencove, N. Y., May 20.—Freak golf was the only thing possible to-day in the teeth of the chilling wind that swept over the links of the Nassau Country Club. The qualifying round in the annual tournament of that organization was at thirty-six holes, occupying the whole day. About sixty men started out of seventy-five entrants and less than half a dozen withdrew. There was a tie for low score at 159 between Fred Herreshoff and John M. Ward, both of New York. Ward had the fine card of 76 (weather considered) in the morning, which was the best round of the day by three strokes.

Club team matches of four members each were run off along with the qualifying round. The Nassau team won at 673 strokes to 690 for Yale and 719 for Dyker Meadow.

* * *

Paine To Referee Auto Races.

Chicago, May 20.—Asa Paine, of Minneapolis, one of the vice presidents of the American Automobile Association, will officiate as referee of the two road races of the Chicago Auto Club—the Cobe Cup and Indiana Trophy events—which will be run June 18 and 19 over the Crown Point-Lowell, Ind., course.

* * *

President Taft Joins Golf Club.

Chicago, May 20.—President Taft is now a member of the Beverly Golf Club, of this city. Notice of his election as an honorary member of the club was mailed to the White House last week, and to-day a letter of acceptance was received from the President.

WAGNER'S WONDERFUL BATTING AVERAGE.

'Honus' " Highest Mark As a Pittsburg Player With the Stick Is .380.

JOHN P. WAGNER is the greatest man in baseball. That is his Christian name; his other is "Honus," or "Hans."

Wherever men and boys play baseball they know of Wagner. They have read and talked about him for years, and they are still talking about him.

On Sunday and on Monday of last week Wagner's name was flashed across the country. He stole second, third and home on Sunday, and on Monday he got five hits out of six times up and stole three bases. On both days he did some wonderful fielding.

Those things have bobbed up in Wagner's baseball career many times during the last twelve years. But he has accomplished great things constantly, and the consistency with which he does things is what has kept the name Wagner on the tongues of the men who play and the men and boys who follow baseball.

* * *

Other stars have appeared since Wagner began doing startling things. Great stars have been among them. Their names will live. But above all will be the name of Wagner—"Hans," of Pittsburg.

Wagner is above any other star of baseball's history. He does the things year in and year out that others do for a season or three. He is the same wonderful player, at bat, on the bases and in the field.

For six seasons Wagner led the National League in hitting. His record:

1900	.380
1903	.355
1904	.349
1906	.339
1907	.350
1908	.354

In 1901 Wagner batted .353, and in 1902 his average was .329. The record of Wagner for 1905 was .363.

* * *

In 1900 he played in a Pittsburg uniform and he has been a Pirate since then. During his career in Pittsburg Wagner has played in 1,606 games, been at bat 6,152 times, scored 1,141 runs, secured 2,162 hits and stolen 533 bases. His batting average for nine years of playing has been .351.

In 1897, 1898 and 1899 Wagner played with the Louisville Club. In 1897 he hit .344; in 1898, .305, and in 1899, .358. For a dozen seasons he never hit below .305, and his best average was .380, made in the first year that he played with Pittsburg—1901. He played in 134 games that year, was at bat 528 times, scored 107 runs, got 201 hits and stole 36 bases.

Of popularity, Wagner has plenty, and he bears more nicknames than any other man in baseball.

* * *

Last year they gave him loving cups and good wishes and everything that men give one another to show gratitude for big things accomplished.

This year some men figured that Wagner would go back, start on the downward path physically, which course all men are bound to take at some stage of life.

But Wagner has returned, strong as ever, fielding brilliantly and batting and running bases wonderfully. He is as good right now as he ever was.

* * *

Wagner fields with much motion. There is nothing catlike or graceful about his movements. He is all motion—arms, hands, limbs, body, when he goes after a ball. But he gets there, just the same, and the public doesn't stop to consider how a man gets there, just so he arrives. Wagner arrives, nearly always in time. If he does not, it is never because of a lack of speed or a lack of judgment.

The big Teuton is to-day as awkward as any man playing in the big leagues. Many of the amateurs he takes look to be impossible for one who works like he—but he gets there just the same.

* * *

Like the stars of the stage, Wagner comes while the stage is waiting. The other players are on the field; they have been warming up for an hour or so, but not with Wagner.

As the umpire discovers that it is ten minutes before the time to call play, Wagner arrives at the ball park. He comes in a big automobile, his biggest hobby. He makes a dash for the clubhouse, climbs into his uniform and runs across the field, generally about the time the umpire is announcing the batteries for the afternoon's game.

And when he gets his first chance in fielding, Wagner throws the ball just as hard as any of them, although they have been warming up right along and he has not.

That is the wonderful Wagner, his work and his record.

The Finest Collection of Woolens

the foremost mills of the world produce is in my stock.

$15, $16, $18, $20, $22 and $25

are my prices for a Suit or Topcoat to your order.

EDWARD HART, 402 W. Market St.

MASKETTE WINS FEATURE EVENT

J. R. Keene's Filly Far Outclasses Her Field In the Ladies' Stakes.

LADY BEDFORD RUNS SECOND.

August Belmont Announces That There Will Be Racing On Monday of Next Week.

CHAPULTEPEC IS A WINNER.

BELMONT PARK, N. Y., May 20.—In the presence of 2,500 persons J. R. Keene's Maskette, the champion 2-year-old filly of last year, easily won the Ladies' Stakes with $5,000 added, at one mile, at Belmont Park to-day. The Keene entry, Maskette and Afflicted, were coupled in the betting at 1 to 4. Maskette so far outclassed her field that practically no betting was done on the winner.

Lady Bedford was well thought of for the place. Maskette took the lead in the first sixteenth. Bullwell immediately took a good hold of her head, allowing her to romp along in front a couple of lengths. She swung into the stretch with four lengths to spare and won by that margin. Lady Bedford, who was badly shut off in the early part, closed with a rush and finished second, with Field Mouse third.

Chapultepec easily won the Norwood Selling Stakes in the fast time of 1:10 3-5 for six furlongs.

August Belmont to-day announced that there would be racing here Monday of next week. He said the attendance of the last few days warranted another day of racing. There will be no stakes down for decision, but all purses will be of increased value. Summaries:

First Race—Five furlongs, straight; for colts, maiden 2-year-olds:

Sweep, 110 (Butwell), 11 to 10.....1
Beau Nash, 110 (McIntyre), 5 to 2.....2
Fire Box, 110 (Raynor), 15 to 1.....3
Time, :58 4-5. Glopper, Brushbroom, Big Stick and Indor also ran. Beau Nash and Big Stick coupled.

Second Race—Four and a half furlongs; for fillies and geldings, maidens, 2 years olds; $300 added; straight:

Greenvale, 107 (Dugan), 13 to 5.....1
Anavri, 107 (Smith), 3 to 2.....2
Crouse, 107 (Scoville), 8 to 1.....3
Time, :52 2-5. Christina, Responseful, Dicker, Fair Louise, Etta May, Roland and Black Anna also ran.

Third Race—Six furlongs, straight; The Norwood; $2,500 guaranteed; for 3-year-olds and upward; selling:

Chapultepec, 115 (Howard), 7 to 2.....1
Dreamer, 111 (Nicol), 5 to 2.....2
Horace T., 111 (Butwell), 15 to 1.....3
Time, 1:10 3-5. Rosimiro, Fleming, Roseben, Sun Dance and Monfort also ran.

Fourth Race—One mile; The Ladies' for fillies, 3-year-olds, foals of 1906; $5,000 added:

Maskette, 121 (Butwell), 1 to 4.....1
Lady Bedford, 121 (McIntyre), 7 to 1.....2
Field Mouse, 121 (Dugan), 5 to 1.....3
Time, 1:39. Affliction also ran. Maskette and Affliction coupled.

Fifth Race—About two miles; steeplechase; for 4-year-olds and upward; maidens and nonwinners of one race only; $400 added:

Kentucky Beau, 149 (Allen), even.....1
Jiu Jitsu, 138 (Sampson), 8 to 1.....2
Time, 4:02. Helen Shea and The Dane fell.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs; for 3-year-olds and upward; selling:

May River, 103 (Nicol), 15 to 1.....1
Raquet, 101 (Garner), 5 to 1.....2
Taboo, 98 (Brunner), 6 to 1.....3
Time, 1:11. King Sol, Adriuche, Waponoca, Sherlock, Witching Hour and Fills also ran.

FOUR FAVORITES FIRST.

Alice Mack and Golden Castle Furnish Surprise To Talent—Falls In Steeplechase.

Norfolk, Va., May 20.—Four favorites and two long shots won at the Jamestown track to-day. Alice Mack, at 20 to 1, and Golden Castle, at 10 to 1, were among the victors. Secret Service, the public choice in the second race, unseated Walke soon after the start, while Procivility, one of the two only starters in the hurdle, turned a somersault over the ninth hedge. Hayes gamely remounted and finished the course. Weather good; track fast. Summaries:

First Race—Two-year-olds; four and one-half furlongs; purse:

Wenna, 107 (Grand), 9 to 5.....1
Rebellion, 102 (Reid), 5 to 2.....2
The Speaker, 107 (McCahey), 2 to 1.....3
Time, :55 2-5. Belle Mawr, Calean, St. Augustus also ran.

Second Race—Three-year-olds; maidens; purse; six furlongs:

Alice Mack, 105 (Brady), 20 to 1.....1
Nancy Lynch, 105 (Mulligan), 10 to 1.....2
Babble, 105 (Reid), 3 to 1.....3
Time, 1:16 3-5. My Agnes, Secret Service, Double Rose, Terror, Lady Chilton, Settonia and Endymion also ran.

Third Race—Hurdle on turf; about two and one-half miles; selling:

Bergoo, 139 (Palmer), 1 to 3.....1
Procivility, 137 (Hayes), 2 to 1.....2
Time, 5:50.

Fourth Race—Four-year-olds and up; selling; one mile:

Ottoman, 107 (Reid), 6 to 5.....1
Winning Star, 105 (Burns), ...2
Miss Carolyn, 105 (Brady), 8 to 1.....3
Time, 1:42 1-5. Sir Galahad, No Trumper, Peter Knight, Faran D'Or and Millstone also ran.

Fifth Race—Three-year-olds and up; selling; six furlongs:

Golden Castle, (Burns), 10 to 1.....1
Jennie Wells, 108 (Reid), 8 to 5.....2
Escuteheon, 115 (McCahey), 4 to 1.....3
Time, 1:15 1-5. Tray of Spades, Otogo, Lady Fitzherbert, Font, Pocatoligo and Lurid also ran.

Sixth Race—Four-year-olds and up; selling; one mile:

Lois Cavanagh, 100 (Reid), even.....1
Judge Saufley, 107 (Burns), 7 to 1.....2
Solon Shingle, 107 (McCabe), 10 to 1.....3
Time, 1:41 3-5. King of Bashan, Eminota and Auspicious also ran.

CENTRAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

Terre Haute, Ind., May 20.—Inability of Grand Rapids to hit Bemis for six straight innings and the wildness of both Webb and Humphrey gave the opening game here to Terre Haute to-day 6 to 3. The score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.	H.	E.
Terre Haute	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	*	6	9	3
Grand Rapids	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	-	3	6	0

Bemis and Williams; Webb, Humphrey and Bailey.

Evansville, Ind., May 20.—Evansville defeated South Bend 8 to 7, winning in the seventh. Score:

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	T.	H.	E.
Evansville	0	0	0	0	1	0	7	0	*	8	9	4
South Bend	2	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	-	7	9	2

Pearson, Covington and Cady; Alberts and Tieman.

At Wheeling, W. Va.—Wheeling-Dayton game postponed; rain.

At Zanesville—Zanesville-Fort Wayne game postponed; rain.

Rain Stops Ball Game.

Richmond, Ky., May 20.—[Special.]—Baseball game scheduled here this afternoon between Richmond and Winchester Bluegrass League teams was postponed; rain.

National League Contracts.

New York, May 20.—Acting President Heydler, of the National League to-day announced approval of the following contracts and releases:

Contract—With Philadelphia, B. H. Van Dyke.

Releases—By Boston to Rochester, Eastern League, Jake J. Boultes; by Chicago to New Orleans, Southern League, Charles O. Fraser; by Cincinnati, unconditionally, H. S. Sincock; to Columbus, American Association, W. J. Moriarity; by Pittsburg to Milwaukee, American Association, Charles Wacker.

Western League Results.

Des Moines, Ia., May 20.—Des Moines 3; Pueblo 2. (Miller and Heckinger; Galgano and Mitze.

At Lincoln, Neb.—Lincoln 1; Topeka 2 (14 innings). Nagle and Mason; Kaufman and McManus.

At Omaha—Omaha 9; Denver 4. Lower and Gonding; Gillen, Adams and Zinram.

At Sioux City, Ia.—Sioux City 3; Wichita 0. Alderman and Shea; Atchison and Weaver.

Arkansas League Results.

At Monroe—First game—Helena 8, Monroe 5; second game, Monroe 4, Helena 0.

At Alexandria—Jonesboro 5, Alexandria 4.

At Texarkana—Argenta 5, Texarkana 2.

At Fort Smith—Hot Springs 1, Fort Smith 0.

South Atlantic League Results.

At Chattanooga—Charleston-Chattanooga game postponed; rain.

At Macon—Columbia 2 Macon 0.

At Jacksonville—Augusta 2, Jacksonville 4.

At Savannah—Columbus 5, Savannah 2.

Virginia League Results.

At Norfolk—Norfolk 5; Danville 7.

At Roanoke—Lynchurg-Roanoke game postponed; rain.

At Richmond—Richmond 9, Portsmouth 0 (seven innings; forfeited by decision of umpire).

KENTUCKY COLT IS SECOND CHOICE IN THE GREAT ENGLISH DERBY

Louis Winans' Sir Martin Much Admired by Yankee Turfmen—King's Minoru the Favorite.

A SPECIAL cable from London says:

With the historical Derby set for decision at Epsom Downs a week from to-day, the list of probable starters and jockeys was made public to-day. It discloses the fact that an American-bred colt, Louis Winans' Sir Martin, by Ogden, bred at Hamburg Place, in Kentucky, by John E. Madden, is second choice in the betting, with the King's Minoru first.

The betting against Minoru is 7 to 2 and against Sir Martin 11 to 2, with the American contingent backing him at Tattersall's daily. From present indications he will go to the post about a 3-to-1 choice, inasmuch as, in his latest trial, he went a mile and a quarter with a 9-pound boy in the saddle in 2:08.

If the giant son of Ogden lowers the colors of the King there is likely to be some criticism of American methods. The American invasion this year is the biggest in the history of the British turf, and the hostility of the British sportsmen is best indicated by the fact that the handicapper has knocked all of the cracks by piling unprecedented weight on the handicap entries.

The probable starters, with their jockeys, so far selected are:

King Edward's Minoru, Jones.
F. Alexander Hewick, Halsey.
Waldorf Astor's Mirador, Miller.
Col. E. W. Baird's Orange Bud, Rickaby.
Edmund Blanc's Fils Du Bent, Stern.
J. Buchanan's Royal Stud, ——.
Lord Carnovan's Valens, F. Wooten.
A. Fairlie's Bayardo, Danny Maher.
Capt. F. Foerster's Maid o' the Mint, Williams.
J. B. Joel's Story, Wal Griggs.
James R. Keene's Esperanta, Higgs.
L. Nuemann's Fideleo, Dillon.
Col. H. T. Fenwick's St. Ninian, ——.
Duke of Portland's Phaleron Earl.
W. Raphael's Louiviers, ——.
Leo De Rothschild's Fop, Otto Madden.
W. Clark's Whiripool, ——.
Louis Winans' Sir Martin, Skeets Martin.
J. W. Larnack's Carbineer, ——.
Col. W. Hall Walker's Sir Bold, Saxby.
Sir Alan Johnson's Prince Hubert, William Griggs.
Lord Michlham's William IV., ——.

It is the hope of all Britons that King Edward will win his third Derby. He won his first as Prince of Wales in 1896 with the mighty Persimmon, and his second in 1900 with Diamond Jubilee. Americans have won the Derby three times. Pierre Lorillard, Sr., was successful in 1881, William C. Whitney in 1901 and Richard Croker in 1907.

James J. Burke

Expert Handicapper and Clocker.
PRICE $1.00.
Office Courier-Journal Building.
Room 401.

To-day 20 to 1.

CHANTICLOR .....WON
IRFANEH (2d).....WON
THE FAD.....WON
TOM HAYWARD.....WON

Owner's Special Long Shot Goes To-morrow.

Another choice one goes to-morrow. One of those of the "CAN'T LOSE KIND." The information at hand is the strongest ever sent me, and I have the word to tell everyone

"Go the Full Limit to Win."

On this One

LEROY PITCHES SPLENDID GAME

Indian Twirler Allows the Colonels But Four Scattered Hits.

ST. PAUL WINS ANOTHER GAME

Larry Quinlan the Only Member of Peitz's Bunch Who Is Able To Find the Ball.

SOME FAST INFIELD WORK.

ST. PAUL, Minn., May 20.—[Special.]—Leroy's splendid pitching defeated Louisville in the final game of the series, despite poor playing on the part of the Saints on bases, which cost at least two runs to the locals. Four scattered hits, one of them due to Davis' reluctance to run up on a low hit ball, was the total of the Colonels' efforts with the bat. Louisville played all around the locals in most respects, the infield work being sensational, but St. Paul was lucky in bunching the hits off Halla.

Quinlan and O'Brien were the stars of the game, both at the bat and in the field. O'Brien hit for a home run and a double and Quinlan got two of the four hits made by Louisville. Leroy pitched a great game and his fielding of his position was a decided feature in the contest. Tate played a good game at first. Indeed, Tate's work in the four games here has surpassed that of any first baseman seen on the St. Paul grounds this season. Louisville's infield work has been faster than that of any of the other clubs playing here.

Heine Peitz was put off the grounds in the eighth inning for objecting to a decision of Umpire King on strikes.

In the first inning Davis and Armbruster were easy outs, but Halla walked Gehring and Flynn singled and O'Brien doubled to center, sending Gehring over with the first run of the game.

In the fourth Pete O'Brien hit one over the center field fence for a home run. It just scaled the home run line by about two inches. In the sixth Gehring doubled and Flynn drove a hot liner to right, Gehring scoring. Before the plate. Dunleavy made a long run, leaped in the air and caught the ball in one hand and the Saints were retired on a double play.

Louisville missed a chance to score in the seventh. Olson singled to left, but tried to make a double of it and was caught. A minute later there was a wild pitch and then Quinlan drove a safety to deep left, which would have been good to score Olson. The score:

St. Paul.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	L'ville.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Davis cf.	3	0	0	0	Dunleavy rf.	4	0	2	1
Armbruster rf	4	0	0	0	Woodruff 3b.	4	0	2	1
Gehring lf.	3	1	2	1	Delehanty lf.	3	1	2	0
Flynn 3b.	4	1	0	2	Flynn 2b.	4	1	0	3
O'Brien 2b.	3	3	1	4	Lindreth cf.	4	0	0	0
Carisch c.	3	0	6	1	Quinlan ss.	3	2	5	4
Wrigley ss.	3	1	1	4	Tate 1b.	3	0	11	0
Cocinan 3b.	3	0	0	1	Hunce c.	3	0	7	0
Leroy p.	3	1	0	4	Halla p.	3	0	0	2
Totals.	28	8	27	15	Totals.	31	5	24	15

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
St. Paul. 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 *—2
Louisville. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Errors—Davis, Wrigley. Two-base Hits—Davis, Gehring. Home Run—O'Brien. Stolen Bases—Delehanty. Double Plays—Quinlan and Tate, Dunleavy and Quinlan; Halla, Quinlan and Tate. Base on Balls—Off Leroy 1; off Halla 3. Struck Out—By Leroy 6; by Halla 1. Wild Pitch—Halla. Left on Bases—St. Paul 3; Louisville 5. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—King.

Columbus 6, Milwaukee 2.

Milwaukee, May 20.—The visitors bunched their hits off McGlynn in the eighth, scoring three runs. They scored again in the ninth, winning by a score of 6 to 2. Dan McGann was injured in the third, retiring in favor of Moren. He will probably be out of the game for some time. Harry Clark and Manager McCloskey were banished from the grounds along with James and Upp, of the Columbus club. Score:

Milwau.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Columbus.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Robinson ss.	4	0	1	4	Clarke lf.	3	1	1	0
Barry rf.	3	0	0	0	Moriarity ss.	3	0	1	5
McGann 1b.	2	2	3	1	Kruger cf.	3	0	2	0
Randall cf.	4	1	0	1	Carrigan rf.	3	2	2	1
Clark 3b.	4	0	2	3	Odwell 1b.	2	0	10	1
McCorick c.	4	0	6	0	Schreck c.	4	0	6	0
Hostetter c.	2	0	3	1	O'Rourke 2b.	3	1	1	2
Dougherty lf.	3	1	2	0	Friel 3b.	4	1	3	1
McGlynn p.	4	0	1	2	Linke p.	3	0	1	0
*Collins.	1	0	0	0					
Moran 1b.	2	2	5	0	Totals	29	8	27	11
Curtis rf.	0	0	0	0					
Totals.	32	7	27	10					

*Ran for McGann in third.

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Milwaukee. 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Columbus. 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 3 1—6

Errors—Robinson 2, Odwell, O'Rourke, Friel. Two-base Hits—Schreck, Dougherty, O'Rourke, Friel. Three-base Hit—Kruger. Sacrifice Hits—Moriarity, Clarke, Odwell, Hostetter. Stolen Bases—Barry, Dougherty, Collins, Moran, Congalton. Double Plays—Barry and McCorick; Robinson, McCormick and McGann. Left on Bases—Milwaukee 7, Columbus 8. Base on Balls—Off McGlynn 4; off Linke 3. Hit by Pitched Ball—Odwell. Struck Out—By McGlynn 2; by Linke 3. Passed Ball—Hostetter. Wild Pitch—Linke. Time—Two hours. Umpire—Hayes.

Toledo 12, Kansas City 8.

Kansas City, May 20.—In a loosely played game, during which six pitchers were used, Toledo defeated Kansas City, 12 to 8, today. The game was called at the end of the seventh inning to allow the Toledo team to catch a train. Score:

K. City.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Toledo.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Shannon cf.	5	2	4	0	McCarty ss. & 3b.	5	0	1	2
Beckley 1b.	4	1	6	0					
Love ss.	5	2	1	2	Hinchman 2b.	5	3	2	2
Retting 3b.	4	0	2	2	Street cf.	4	0	3	0
Brashear 2b.	2	0	1	1	Hickman lf.	3	1	2	0
Carlisle lf.	3	1	1	0	Servbold rf.	4	1	1	0
Hallman rf.	4	1	2	0	Abbott 1b.	4	0	10	0
Ritter c.	1	0	4	1	Daubert 1b.	2	0	8	0
Sullivan c.	0	0	1	0	Clark c.	3	1	6	0
Wright p.	1	0	0	0	Lattimore p.	1	0	0	2
Carter p.	0	0	0	0	Robinson p.	0	0	0	0
Brady p.	1	0	0	0	McSurely p.	1	0	0	1
*Neighbors.	1	0	0	0	†Elwert.	1	1	0	0
†Flaherty.	1	0	0	0	‡West.	1	0	0	0
Totals.	38	7	21	7	Totals.	31	10	21	10

*Batted for Ritter in sixth.
†Batted for Hallman in seventh.
‡Batted for Robinson in sixth.
†Ran for Elwert in sixth.

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7—T.
Kansas City. 1 2 4 1 0 0 0—8
Toledo. 0 0 0 3 7 0 2—12

Errors—Love, Brashear, McCarty, Smoot, Abbott, Clark, Lattimore 2. Hits—Off Wright 7 in 5 innings; off Carter 3 in 1 inning; off Lattimore 4 in 2 innings; off Robinson 3 in 3 innings. Hits—Off McSurely, Abbott. Home Run—Hickman. Sacrifice Hits—Brashear, Ritter 2, Wright. Sacrifice Fly—Daubert. Stolen Base—West. First Base on Errors—Kansas City 3; Toledo 2. Struck Out—By Wright 3; by Brady 1; by Lattimore 1; by Robinson 3; by McSurly 1. Bases on Balls—Off Wright 3; off Carter 2; off Lattimore 4; off Robinson 3; off McSurely 4. Hit by Pitched Ball—Smoot, by Wright. Wild Pitch—Robinson. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Conahan and Sullivan.

Minneapolis 5, Indianapolis 0.

Minneapolis, May 20.—Minneapolis drove Groveham from the box in the seventh inning to-day, making it three out of four from Indianapolis. Olmstead was in good form. Score:

Minneap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Indianap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Oyler ss.	4	0	2	4	Byrne lf.	3	1	1	1
Guilen rf.	4	0	3	0	Swindells c.	4	0	2	1
Downs 2b.	3	1	0	3	Hayden rf.	4	0	2	1
Collins 3b.	4	2	1	3	Carr 1b.	3	0	15	0
O'Neil lf.	4	1	2	0	Wolter cf.	4	0	2	0
Gill 1b.	4	1	17	0	O'Rourke ss.	3	0	0	2
Edmonson lf.	4	2	0	0	Howley c.	3	0	3	5
Block c.	3	1	3	1	Shaw p.	3	0	0	0
Olmstead p.	3	1	0	3	Williams 2b.	3	0	3	1
					Graham p.	2	0	0	2
					Clancy p.	0	0	0	0
Totals.	32	9	27	16	Totals.	27	3	24	18

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Indianapolis. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Minneapolis. 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 2 *—5

Errors—O'Rourke, Shaw, Graham. Two-base Hit—Burke. Stolen Base—Collins. Sacrifice Hit—Davidson. Double Plays—Chadbourne, Williams and Carr; Downs, Oyler and Gill. Base on Balls—Off Graham 1; off Olmstead 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Graham, Downs. Struck Out—By Graham 3; by Olmstead 1. Left on Bases—Indianapolis 4; Minneapolis 3. Passed Ball—Hawley. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Owens and Eckman.

CHAT OF THE GAME.

Manager Frank Chance's shoulder was put in a cast at Philadelphia. He will be forced to travel around with his left arm in a sling for several days.

* * *

Bill Dahlen will not ornament the Doves' lineup again until he gets over "that tired feeling." Manager Bowerman has placed Starr at shortstop and Ritchey on second base.

* * *

Storke of the Pirates was reinstated by the national commission without the infliction of a fine for his failure to report to the Pirates when the season opened. Storke's application for reinstatement was accompanied by proofs that he had been given permission to finish his studies in a law school, and that it would have been a hardship for him to leave school on April 14.

* * *

Fred Beebe continues to show the form he did a few years ago when he was a member of the Cubs. Following his victory at Brooklyn, the former Illinois man came back and beat the Doves in handy style.

* * *

Capt. Harry Gessler is with the Boston team again after a siege of illness, but will not get back into the game regularly until he is stronger. Hooper is taking care of the right field job in capable style, so Harry will not be missed much.

* * *

Manager Fred Lake is highly pleased with the way his youngsters have been going on the western trip. He predicts more trouble for the White Sox on the south side to-day.

* * *

Manager Carr, of the Indianapolis team, asked for waivers on Pitcher Ralph Glaze and when every other manager in the American Association refused to waive, concluded that he was good enough for Indianapolis. Carr will risk the judgment of the seven other managers, and Glaze will be kept.

* * *

On behalf of George B. Dovey, president of the Boston National League team, Senator Lodge, of Massachusetts, presented to President Taft a special pass to the games of that club in Boston this summer. The pass is engraved on a silver plate and is good for the President and his family. The President thought he would avail himself of the privilege while spending the summer on the Massachusetts coast.

* * *

If Mike Donlin, the hard-hitting right fielder of the New York Giants, who has failed to report up to this time, is quoted correctly, he will join the team when his theatrical engagement is over, if the New York baseball club meets his terms and the fans really want him. Just what the fans have got to do with Donlin playing with the Giants it is hard to understand. Of course he is wanted, and many believe he is sorely needed, but if Donlin plays with the Giants this year he will have to meet the terms suggested by the club, which, by the way, are quite liberal enough to satisfy even a real theatrical star.

While it has looked like one of the best teams in the A. A. on paper, the Minneapolis club has not played up to the standard expected and Mike Cantillon is looking around for material to strengthen his aggregation.

The Millers' outfield looks bad. Mertens in left is, according to the local critics, one of the poorest pasturers that has ever worn a Minneapolis uniform. He cannot get a ball over his head. He has been hitting pretty well, but looks weak on a curve ball on the outside and the chances are that as soon as the twirlers get wise, he will prove easy picking.

Edmondson, in right, is a nice fielder and a fast man, but he cannot stick. Pickering is in bad shape and hitting poorly. It will probably be weeks before "Pick" will be able to go along at his best clip.

Cantillon is trying to get an outfielder from Washington or the White Sox. If he succeeds, O'Neill will be played in left, Pickering in center and this new man in right. The infield is all right.

Jimmy Collins has been away, owing to the death of his child, at his home in Buffalo, but his return has helped the club a lot. He is in good shape and going well. When he is right he fields nicely and his hitting may keep him there, even when Warren Gill reports. The pitching staff is good.

* * *

Since the transfer of Tommy Leach to the Pittsburg outfield that department has been greatly strengthened. There is no trio of outer gardeners in either league which is the equal of the Clarke-Leach-Wilson combination in fielding.

* * *

"Were it possible for Jim McAleer to confer upon his outfielders but a fractional part of the skill with which he used to judge balls hit to the outfield, the Browns' chances for the pennant would be immeasureably increased," says Elmer Bates. "No other player that ever lived could accurately judge from the very crack of the bat itself where the ball was going, or, having formed this judgment, could so quickly get to the spot and capture the sphere."

* * *

It is a singular fact that nearly half of the members of the Detroit ball club have brothers who are striving with great ambition to win a place in the big leagues. Up to date but one has attracted big league attention. He is Paul Cobb, brother of Ty. The Louisville Americans drafted him at the close of the 1908 season. He was not even tried out this season with the majors, and Manager Jimmy McAleer is now trying to sell him to a minor league club.

* * *

"Lucky" Wilbur Goode. If any of the Naps gets a bast on balls, it's Goode. If only one Nap gets a hit, it's Goode. If only one Nap reaches first base on an error, it's Goode. If only one Nap scores, it's Goode. He may be far from a finished fielder, but he is lucky, and luck wins lots of ball games. Now, if he will only pay more attention to the inside work and keep his head about him at all times and follow out the instructions given him, he will make himself a mighty valuable player to the team.

* * *

The absence of Bradley and Turner from the game has given the Cleveland fans the opportunity to find out that in George Perring Manager Lajoie has a mighty good ball player. He surely is playing a great game at third, and he has begun to swat the ball as well as any man in the squad. It does not always go safe, but he is hitting it hard just the same. In fact, Cleveland can congratulate itself that it has such a man as Perring in the squad.

Church League Wants Grounds.

The Church League, of Louisville, which will play games on Saturday afternoons, is now about ready to play the opening game on Saturday, June 5. While everything is in good shape for a prosperous season, the executive committee has had some trouble in securing desirable grounds. The committee will greatly appreciate any offer of use of grounds on Saturday afternoons and will be glad to hear from some managers of local parks at an early date. Address Clinton B. Scheppe, 532 East Breckinridge street, city. Any offers will be appreciated highly.

Indians On the Warpath.

The famous Chickashas, of Oklahoma, the champion Indian baseball club, has issued a challenge to any team in the city of Louisville, to play here Sunday, June 6. Correspondence addressed to Fred D. LaRue, at Elizabethtown, Ky., will receive a prompt reply.

School Teams Unable To Play.

The game between High School and University of Louisville was called off yesterday on account of rain, and will be played to-day at the collegians' new park, Twenty-sixth and Broadway, at 3 o'clock. Both squads are in excellent condition and will work hard to win this game, as it will decide the local school championship. Rooters' clubs have been organized at both schools and will be out in force.

Manual and K. M. I. To-morrow.

The Manual team will play the K. M. I. team at Manual Park, Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock. The first game went to Manual by the score of 8 to 4, but the Soldiers will bring a crowd of rooters, and expect to take this game. Batteries—Manual, Brothers, Johnson and Schmidt; K. M. I., Young and Barr.

R. R. Kirkland Dies At Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., May 20.—[Special.]—Robert R. Kirkland, aged 39 years and father of Alexander Kirkland, City Auditor of Paducah, Ky., died to-day at the home of his son-in-law, Randolph M. Barton, one of the best-known lawyers of this city, at Pikesville, near Baltimore. Death was due to the infirmities of old age.

CHICAGO CUBS BEAT BOSTON

New York Giants Take a Close Game From Pittsburg Pirates.

BROOKLYN DEFEATS THE REDS

St. Louis, Detroit, Washington and Chicago Are Victorious In the American League.

RESULTS OF OTHER GAMES.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

ST. PAUL	2	TOLEDO	12
LOUISVILLE	0	KANSAS CITY	8
COLUMBUS	6	MINNEAPOLIS	3
MILWAUKEE	2	INDIANAPOLIS	0

National League.

CHICAGO	6	BROOKLYN	3
BOSTON	2	CINCINNATI	2
PHILADELPHIA	5	NEW YORK	2
ST. LOUIS	1	PITTSBURG	1

American League.

DETROIT	5	CHICAGO	12
PHILADELPHIA	3	BOSTON	8
ST. LOUIS	2	WASHINGTON	3
NEW YORK	1	CLEVELAND	2

Southern League.

LITTLE ROCK	6	Atlanta-Memphis	
MONTGOMERY	2	(Wet grounds.)	
BIRMINGHAM	3		
MOBILE	2		

Bluegrass League.

Winchester-Richmond (Rain).	Lexington-Paris (Rain).

Central League.

EVANSVILLE	8	Dayton-Wheeling	
SOUTH BEND	7	(Rain).	
TERRE HAUTE	6	Fort Wayne-Zanesville	
GRAND RAPIDS	5	(Rain).	

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Milwaukee	19	11	.633	St. Paul	13	15	.464
Louisville	18	14	.563	Toledo	14	17	.452
Indianap.	16	15	.516	Kansas City	13	16	.448
Minneap.	15	15	.500	Columbus	14	20	.412

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Pittsburg	18	11	.621	Cincinnati	15	17	.469
Chicago	18	13	.581	New York	12	14	.462
Philadel.	14	12	.538	St. Louis	14	18	.437
Brooklyn	13	14	.481	Boston	11	16	.407

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	18	9	.667	Chicago	12	16	.429
Boston	16	10	.615	St. Louis	11	15	.423
New York	16	10	.610	Cleveland	10	17	.370
Philadel.	15	10	.600	Washington	7	18	.280

Southern League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Little Rock	19	10	.655	Mobile	14	17	.462
Nashville	18	13	.581	Montgomery	13	17	.433
New Orleans	18	13	.581	Memphis	13	18	.419
Atlanta	15	13	.536	Memphis	9	20	.310

Bluegrass League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Richmond	13	8	.619	Shelbyville	11	8	.579
Winchester	12	4	.500	Lexington	6	11	.353
Frankfort	6	8	.429	Paris	3	13	.187

Central League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Fort Wayne	11	7	.611	Wheeling	7	7	.538
Gr'd Rapids	8	6	.571	Zanesville	8	7	.533
Dayton	8	6	.571	South Bend	6	11	.353
Evansville	10	8	.556	Terre Haute	5	12	.294

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY

American Association.

LOUISVILLE at INDIANAPOLIS.
COLUMBUS at TOLEDO.
MINNEAPOLIS at KANSAS CITY.
ST. PAUL at MILWAUKEE.

National League.

CINCINNATI at BROOKLYN.
CHICAGO at BOSTON.
PITTSBURG at NEW YORK.
ST. LOUIS at PHILADELPHIA.

American League.

BOSTON at CHICAGO.
NEW YORK at ST. LOUIS.
PHILADELPHIA at DETROIT.
WASHINGTON at CLEVELAND.

Southern League.

MONTGOMERY at LITTLE ROCK.
ATLANTA at MEMPHIS.
BIRMINGHAM at MOBILE.
NASHVILLE at NEW ORLEANS.

Bluegrass League.

FRANKFORT at LEXINGTON.
RICHMOND at WINCHESTER.

Central League.

SOUTH BEND at EVANSVILLE.
DAYTON at WHEELING.
GRAND RAPIDS at TERRE HAUTE.
FORT WAYNE at ZANESVILLE.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 2, Pittsburg 1.

New York May 20.—Pitcher Raymond was a big factor in New York's defeat of Pittsburg to-day by 2 to 1. He scattered the visitors' eight hits so that only one run resulted, and drove in Bridwell with the winning tally by a single over second. Wagner was presented with the George Evans cup for leading the major leagues in batting last year. Score:

Pitsb'g.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Raybou 2b.	3	0	1	3	Tenney 1b.	4	1	12	0
Leach cf.	4	1	3	0	Doyle 2b.	4	1	3	4
Clarke lf.	4	2	3	0	McCormick lf.	3	0	0	0
Wagner ss.	4	0	1	3	Murray rf.	4	0	1	0
Abbitt 1b.	3	0	9	0	O'Hara rf.	0	0	0	0
Miller 2b.	4	2	1	3	Devlin 3b.	3	0	1	4
Wilson rf.	3	1	3	0	Bridwell ss.	2	1	1	2
Gibson c.	3	0	3	1	Schlei c.	1	0	10	2
*Hyatt.	1	0	0	0	Raymond p.	2	1	0	2
Camnitz p.	3	0	0	2					
Totals.	33	8	24	11	Totals.	27	5	27	14

*Batted for Gibson in ninth.

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Pittsburg. 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—1
New York. 1 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 *—2

Errors—Miller, Camnitz. Two-base Hits—Bridwell, Leach. Home Run—Tenney. Sacrifice Hits—Bridwell, Schlei. First Base on Errors—New York 2. Double Plays—Miller, Wagner and Abbitt; Miller, Bridwell and Abbitt. Struck Out—By Raymond 6. Bases on Balls—Off Raymond 2; off Camnitz 2. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Emslie and O'Day.

Brooklyn 3, Cincinnati 2.

Brooklyn, May 20.—Cincinnati outbatted Brooklyn to-day, but lost, 3 to 2, because of fast fielding behind McIntyre at critical points. Gasper was taken out in the fourth to let Mowrey bat for him. Ewing taking his place. Lennox batted home the winning run in the eighth. Jordan was out of the game owing to a lame leg. Score:

Cincin.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Brook.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Egan 2b.	5	2	4	3	Burch lf.	4	1	1	0
Oakes cf.	4	2	0	0	Hummel 1b.	2	1	11	0
Jordan 3b.	4	1	1	1	Sperney 2b.	4	0	3	3
Mitchell rf.	3	0	0	0	Lennox 3b.	4	1	3	2
Hoelitzel 1b.	4	2	12	0	Kustus rf.	3	1	1	0
Alvarez ss.	4	0	1	3	Kelly c.	2	1	7	0
Roecher lf.	3	0	3	0	McMillan ss.	2	1	1	2
McLean c.	2	1	3	1	Bergen c.	1	1	2	0
Gasper p.	1	0	0	2	McIntyre p.	2	0	0	5
*Mowrey.	1	0	0	0					
Ewing p.	1	0	0	2	Totals.	26	7	27	14
Totals.	32	10	24	15					

*Batted for Gasper in sixth.

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Cincinnati. 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2
Brooklyn. 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 *—3

Errors—Hoblitzel, Bescher, Catterson. Two-base Hits—Egan, Lobert, Kustus, McMillan. Hits—Off Gasper 4 in 5 innings. Sacrifice Hits—Oakes, Lobert, Hummel, McMillan, McIntyre. Stolen Base—Bescher. Double Play—Gasper, Egan and Hoblitzel. Left on Bases—Cincinnati 11; Brooklyn 4. Base on Balls—Off Gasper 2; off McIntyre 4. Base on Errors—Brooklyn 1. Struck Out—By Gasper 2; by McIntyre 2. Time—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Cusack and Johnstone.

Chicago 6, Boston 2.

Boston, May 20.—Four hits, a base on balls and two errors in the eighth inning of to-day's game gave Chicago four runs and a victory over Boston by a score of 6 to 2. Pfiester was a puzzle to the locals. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Evers 2b.	4	0	5	3	Dahlen ss.	2	0	3	2
Sheckard lf.	2	0	0	0	Bates lf.	3	1	2	1
Schulte rf.	5	0	0	0	Sweeny 3b.	4	2	1	2
Hofman cf.	5	2	1	0	Beaumont cf.	4	0	2	1
Steinfeldt 3b.	2	0	2	3	Casey 2b.	3	0	4	1
Howard 1b.	4	3	13	0	Becker rf.	4	2	3	1
Tinker ss.	3	2	1	5	Bowerman c.	3	0	2	2
Moran c.	4	3	6	2	Beck 1b.	3	0	9	1
Pfiester p.	3	0	0	4	Indiman p.	3	1	1	3
Totals.	32	10	27	16	Totals.	30	6	27	16

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Chicago. 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 4 *—6
Boston. 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—2

Errors—Evers, Steinfeldt, Dahlen, Ritchey, Bowerman. Two-base Hit—Tinker. Sacrifice Hits—Bates, Tinker, Dahlen. Sacrifice Fly—Pfeister. Left on Bases—Boston 4, Chicago 7. Base on Balls—Off Lindaman 6; off Pfiester 1. Base on Errors—Boston 2. Struck Out—By Pfiester 6. Time—One hour and thirty minutes. Umpires—Klem and Kane.

* * *

Philadelphia 5, St. Louis 1.

Philadelphia, May 20.—Philadelphia had little difficulty in defeating St. Louis to-day. Moore, who took Moren's place in the second inning, fanned nine of his opponents. Hulswitt was put out of the game for disputing a decision. Score:

Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	St. Louis.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Grant 3b.	5	2	2	1	Byrne 3b.	5	0	2	1
Knabe 2b.	4	0	2	1	Shaw cf.	3	1	1	0
Titus rf.	3	2	1	0	Bresnahan c.	5	2	3	2
Magee lf.	4	2	2	0	Conroy 1b.	5	2	5	1
Shean 1b.	4	0	9	1	Ryan rf.	4	0	2	0
Osborne cf.	3	1	0	1	Ellis lf.	2	1	2	0
Doolan ss.	4	0	3	2	Hulswitt ss.	1	1	2	2
Dooin c.	4	2	7	1	Reilly ss.	1	0	1	1
Moren p.	0	0	0	0	Charles 2b.	4	1	2	1
Moore p.	3	1	0	0	Rhoades p.	0	0	0	0
					Higgins p.	0	0	0	0
					Moore p.	0	0	0	0
					†Delehanty.	1	0	0	0
					†Phelps.	1	0	0	0
Totals.	32	10	27	7	Totals.	34	8	24	8

*Batted for Rhoades in fourth.
†Batted for Higgins in sixth.

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Philadelphia. 0 0 4 0 0 0 1 0 *—5
St. Louis. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—1

Errors—Doolin, Moore, Konetchy. Two-base Hits—Magee, Bresnahan. Three-base Hits—Magee, Shaw. Hits—Off Moren 4 in 1 inning and none out in second; off Moore 4 in 3 innings; off Rhodes 4 in 1 inning; off Higgins 1 in 2 innings; off Moore 5 in 3 innings. Stolen Bases—Grant, Titus, Osborne, Moore, Bresnahan. Double Play—Konetchy, Bresnahan and Charles. Left on Bases—Philadelphia 8; St. Louis 12. Base on Balls—Off Moren 1; off Moore 5; off Rhoades 2; off Higgins 1; off Moore 2. Struck Out—By Philadelphia 1; by Louis 1. Struck Out—By Moore 9; by Higgins 2. Passed Ball—Doolin. Wild Pitch—Higgins. Time—Two hours and five minutes. Umpires—Rigler and Truby.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit 5, Philadelphia 3.

Detroit, May 20.—To-day's game was always in doubt until the finish, but resulted in Detroit's favor, 5 to 3, giving Mullin his seventh straight victory. Plank was knocked out of the box in one inning and Vickers was sent to the bench in the sixth. Score:

Detroit.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
McIntyre lf.	3	1	2	0	Hartsel lf.	5	1	2	0
Bush ss.	3	2	2	5	Baker 3b.	5	0	2	2
Crawford cf.	4	1	3	0	Collins 2b.	5	2	2	4
Cobb rf.	2	0	1	0	Murphy rf.	3	1	1	0
Rossman 1b.	4	2	14	0	Davis 1b.	4	0	11	0
O'Leary 2b.	4	1	1	3	Oldring cf.	4	0	1	0
Schaefer 2b.	2	0	2	1	Barry ss.	3	0	2	3
Stanage c.	2	0	4	1	Thomas c.	1	1	1	0
Mullin p.	3	1	0	1	Plank p.	1	0	0	0
					Livingstone.	1	0	0	0
					Vickers p.	1	0	0	1
					Dygert p.	1	0	0	1
					†Danley.	1	0	0	0
					‡Strunk.	1	0	0	0
Totals.	27	8	27	11	Totals.	34	9	24	13

*Batted for Livingstone in ninth.
†Batted for Dygert in ninth.

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Detroit. 3 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 *—5
Philadelphia. 0 0 0 1 2 0 0 0 0—3

Error—Bush. Two-base Hit—Rossman. Three-base Hit—Baker. Hits—Off Plank 7 in 5 innings; off Dygert 1 in 2 innings. Sacrifice Hits—Bush, Murphy. Stolen Bases—Crawford, Cobb, Collins. Double Plays—Barry and Davis; Barry, Collins and Davis. Left on Bases—Detroit 4; Philadelphia 9. Bases on Balls—Off

$2,000,000

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ite insurance against adverse competition along with the settlement of many of the questions that have long hung over this class of bonds. While every issue should be considered on its merits, still as a general class the country is developing its light and traction properties in a conservative way to the decided advantage of investment values represented.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Thursday being Ascension day, all European exchanges except British were closed.

Senate now opposed to taking up income tax at this session of Congress.

Attempted general strike in France complete failure.

Iron Age says demand for steel has been broadened in all finished lines and the market is stiffening.

Iron Trade Review says demand for finished products continues active and pig iron is holding its own.

American stocks in London strong under leadership of Reading.

Erie earnings will justify President Underwood's estimate of surplus for year of $3,000,000 over fixed charges.

Total gold exports for this year now $51,250,000 and banks here beginning to ship gold coin.

Anaconda earned 8.01 per cent. in 1908 against 11.26 the preceding year.

National Lead declared a regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on common stock.

Kansas City Southern April net increase $79,000; ten months' net increase $198,123.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—Stocks were firm in the London market. Reading was bought heavily by foreigners. The expectation of something favorable coming out in Harriman was mainly the reason for the advance in these stocks. Traders to-day took the bull side at the opening. Some foreign buying helped them. Steel common distinguished itself by reaching 60, the highest on record. The strength in the Harrimans ended with the declaration of the regular dividends; that is, the traders turned and sold their early commitments. The market sold off about 1 to 2 points and then showed some signs of resistance to further pressure. There is still a very goodly quantity of buying orders under the market, and with short interest pretty well built up, there is very little danger of any material setback at present.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

New York.—Boston failures and realizing sales after the Union Pacific and Southern Pacific dividend caused the decline. We think the market a purchase on further recession in the morning.—(Kelley, Howell & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—We had a great variety of fluctuations in to-day's five hours of trading. The early market was exceptionally strong and showed good advances. For instance, Steel common sold at 60, Union Pacific up to about its previous high level and Reading to 159¾. There was some talk of increased dividends on the Harriman stocks, and the regular dividends were announced a reaction started in. As this progressed a rumor was circulated that some stock house was in trouble. No doubt, this story contributed to the reaction, but there is no confirmation of it, and we believe there is little foundation for any such expectation. However, a reaction seemed to be in order, and any story of this kind or other excuse is freely accepted under such circumstances. The closing was weak, with prices quite a little lower than last night.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—There was continued strength in the leading issues during the morning, Southern Pacific and steel common making new high records, and Reading sold at the highest price recorded in three years. Atlantic Coast Line increased its dividend and C. and O. went on a 4 per cent. basis. The Harriman Pacific did about what was expected of them in paying the regular dividends. The making of the new high price, which this generally proven the best of bull arguments, has, of course, strengthened the weaker-kneed bulls. The market seems to be steadily making for higher ground, but we are of the opinion that as the level advances commitments should be smaller in direct proportions.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—More high records were made this morning. London turned heavy in the late trading and selling extended to New York. In the afternoon prices declined on an average of a point, the close being strong. Traders pretended to be disappointed because no increase of dividends was announced on Harriman stocks, but there had never been any justification of such hopes. Great improvement is reported in the steel wire business. Attorney General announces that no steps have been taken to annul the purchase of Tennessee Coal and Iron. The short interest has been reduced by the violent advances the last few days, but it is still important. There have been withdrawals of selling orders and we expect a continuation of the advance.—(E. F. Hutton & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—After the midday spurt stocks quieted down and lost a little ground, in sympathy with the setback in the Harriman issues. Still the market becomes dull on the decline and it was obvious that not much long stock came out. In the last hour the market was narrower, but had a fairly good undertone. Of course after stocks have reached such a level we must look for occasional setbacks. Some of the traders sold the Harriman stocks on the dividends, affecting to be disappointed; but nobody seriously looked for any change in the rates. The important news these days has to do with the crops and business progress. Both are as satisfactory as could be expected. The tariff issue is almost lost sight of in Wall street.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—When high levels on the present movement were recorded during the early trading. The Harrimans were particularly buoyant on the expectations of an announcement in regard to future financial plans at to-day's meeting. After the declaration of the regular dividends on both Union Pacific and Southern Pacific, not accompanied by any news of importance, traders proceeded to sell stocks all around the room, causing sharp declines throughout the list. The closing was at the lowest prices of the day, with a slight withdrawal of the good support tendered in the past. The tone of the market, however, was not indicative of a change of attitude on the present holders of a large line of securities, but rather indicated a desire to strengthen the position of the market and foster a short interest. Distribution on a good scale was in progress during the early hours and talk of heavy gold exports was used to advantage.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, May 20.—Money on call easy at 1¾@2 per cent.; ruling rate 1¾; closing bid 1¾; offered at 1¾; time loans dull, with weakening tendency; 60 days 2¼@2¾ per cent.; 90 days 2¼; six months 3@3¼; prime mercantile paper 3¼@4. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.8690 @4.8640 for 60-day bills and at $4.8780 for demand; commercial bills $4.85¾@4.86¼. Bar silver 52¾c. Mexican dollars 44c. Government bonds easy. Railroad bonds irregular.

The reaction in the late stock market to-day had no other explanation than the seeming exhaustion of the power of the upward movement. The morning dealings showed animation and great strength, prices of some of the favorite speculative issues rising to record figures. United States Steel had never sold at 60 before, nor had Southern Pacific ever sold at 124½ until to-day. Reading's rise to 159¾ placed it at the highest price since January of 1906 and Union Pacific got back to the highest level of the present year. Best prices for the present year were touched, in fact, by a number of important stocks.

The halt to this prosperous course of the market came after the action on the Harriman dividends was announced, although Mr. Harriman stated before entering the board room that the rates probably would be unchanged. The heavy selling of Union Pacific and Southern Pacific which followed the declaration of dividends at unchanged rates was attributed to disappointment over the failure to advance the dividends. Rumors of an intention to advance the dividends on these two stocks have been circulated from time to time for a great many months. Apparently serious hopes were entertained that the Southern Pacific would increase its dividend to help along the marketing of the convertible bonds of the company recently floated.

The weakness of the Harriman stocks, however, was no greater than that in Chesapeake and Ohio, after the declaration of the 1 per cent. quarterly dividend on that stock, thus fulfilling a long-standing expectation of the replacing of the stock on a 4 per cent. basis. Its price has been advanced many times on recurrent rumors that this action was imminent, but it ran off to-day with the fulfillment of the prediction. The like movement in these two cases, with contrasting influences in operations, showed plainly that another cause was at work in both. Speculative profit-taking was a principal factor in the reaction. The selling of United States Steel at 60 seemed to be taken as a signal for such profit-taking on a very large scale.

In the early stages of the present campaign for the rise in United States Steel, advocates of the movement claimed, with apparent recklessness, that it would not culminate until it had touched 60. The price predicted his been advanced from time to time since then, but evidently the suspicion was widespread that the fulfilling of the first prediction might mark the objective of the campaign. The increase in the Atlantic Coast Line dividend was of some benefit to the stock and to others in the Southern group, but their advance was not all held.

Active conditions bearing on values were not much changed, and the speculative position ruled the price movement. Reports from the steel trade were of very bright prospects and of increasing orders for all lines of finished products. Copper rose in price at the local metal exchange. Recognized authorities regarding crop conditions gave flattering accounts of the improvement of the winter wheat during last week and the highly satisfactory progress of the spring wheat sowing and the early condition of the plant.

London was a considerable buyer of stocks in this market, although the origin of the buying orders was a matter of some doubt. There was some ground for supposing that large orders in the market yesterday and early to-day were designed to safeguard prices against any possible shock caused by the sudden death yesterday of H. H. Rogers. These supporting orders may have been withdrawn with the demonstration of the fact that they were not needed to protect the market on that account.

London's purchases of stocks here and further engagements of gold for shipment to Argentina on London account had no marked effect on the foreign exchange market and exports of gold are still profitable and likely to continue. Time money rates were still inclined to yield.

Bonds were irregular. Total sales (par value), $5,082,000. United States 4s registered declined ¼ per cent. on call.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, May 20.—(Special.)—Clearings $11,203,416; balances $708,601. Call money 4½@6 per cent. New York exchange 40c premium bid, 50c premium asked.

Chicago, May 20.—(Special.)—Clearings $42,908,258; balances $2,689,610. New York exchange 35c premium. Money 3¾@4½ per cent.; 90 days 4@5 per cent.

Boston, May 20.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $26,218,927; in New York $301,224,003. New York funds sold at 5c discount.

Cincinnati, May 20.—(Special.)—Clearings $3,948,400. New York exchange 25@50c premium. Collateral loans 4 per cent. Discounts 4½ per cent.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, May 20.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Gold coin and bullion	$44,283,564
Gold certificates	30,760,850
Available cash balance	117,912,700

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	High-est.	Low-est.	Close Bid.
Allis-Chalmers pfd.	800	52¾	51¾	51¾
Amal. Copper	13,200	83¼	81¾	82
Am'n Agricultural	100	39½	39½	39½
Am'n Beet Sugar	7,300	38	36	38
American Can pfd.	3,700	83¾	82	82
Am. Car & F'dry.	3,600	55¾	54½	54¾
Am'n Cotton Oil	2,700	67	66	67
Am. H. and L. pf.	700	42¾	41	41¾
Am. Ice Securities	700	40¾	40¾	40
American Linseed	200	19¾	19	20
Am'n Locomotive	2,900	58¾	57	58
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	7,800	93¾	92¾	92¾
Do preferred	900	109¾	109¾	109¾
Am. Sugar Ref'g	100	132¾	132¾	132¾
Am. Tel. and Tel.	2,300	149	132	133¾
Am. Tobacco pfd.	800	101¾	101¾	101¾
American Woolen	200	36½	36½	36½
Am. Malting Co.	800	40¾	40¾	40¾
Atchison	19,400	116¾	108¾	118¾
Do preferred	100	104¾	104¾	104¾
Atl. Coast Line	2,900	124	123	124
B. and O.	2,600	115¾	114¾	114¾
Do preferred				94
Bethlehem Steel	2,700	28¾	27¾	27¾
Brooklyn Rapid T.	2,700	79¾	78¾	79¾
Canadian Pacific	2,100	180¾	180¾	179¾
Central Leather	400	29¾	29½	29¾
Do preferred				100¾
Central of N. J.	100	295	295	295
				290
C. and O.	2,900	83¾	78¾	78¾
C. and A.	200	70¾	70	70¾
Chicago Gt. West.				18
C. and N. W.	200	182¾	182	181¾
Chi. Mil. and P.	19,300	170¾	170¾	170¾
C. C. C. and St. L.	100	73	73	72
Col. Fuel and I.	7,100	42	40¾	40¾
Col. and Southern	200	65¾	65	65
Do 1st pref.				83
Do 2d pref.	200	81	81	80
Consolidated Gas	24,000	145	143	143
Corn Products	1,100	25¾	25¾	25¾
Del. and Hudson	2,000	198	195	194¾
D. and R. G.	100	50	50	49¾
Do preferred	200	94¾	94¾	94¾
Dist. Securities	1,300	39¾	39¾	39¾
Erie	5,300	34¾	33¾	33¾
Do 1st pref.	1,800	51¾	50	50
Do 2d pref.	300	40	39¾	39¾
Gen. Electric	1,100	161	159¾	159¾
Gt. Northern pref.	6,100	149¾	145¾	146¾
Gt. Nor. Ore certfs.	2,500	72¾	72¾	72¾
Illinois Central	1,300	147¾	146¾	146¾
Interboro-Met.	5,400	16¾	16	16
Do preferred	300	45	44¾	44¾
Inter. Harvester	400	84¾	84¾	84¾
Inter. Marine pfd.	1,500	35¾	34¾	34¾
Internat'l Paper	1,400	18¾	18¾	18
Do pref.	1,400	57¾	56¾	56¾
Int. Pump	2,400	41¼	40	40½
Iowa Central	900	23¼	22¾	22½
K. C. Southern	2,800	47¼	46¾	46½
Do preferred	200	75¾	75¾	75
L. and N.	2,800	140¾	139¾	139¾
Minn. and St. L.	300	57¾	57½	57
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	200	136¼	136¼	135¾
Missouri Pacific	2,400	75¾	74¾	74¾
M. K. and T.	2,100	42¾	42¼	42¼
Do preferred	200	72	72	72
National Biscuit	200	109¾	109¾	108¾
National Lead	1,100	87¾	87½	87¾
Nat'l Rys. of Mex. 1st pref.	1,000	53¼	53	52¾
N. Y. Central	4,800	131¾	129¾	129¾
N. Y., O. and W.	500	49¾	49¾	48¾
Norfolk and West.	2,700	90	90	89¾
North American	200	82¾	82¾	82¼
Northern Pacific	12,500	144¾	144¼	144¼
Pacific Mail	100	29¾	29¾	29¾
Pennsylvania	4,600	135¾	134¾	134¾
People's Gas	600	115¾	114¾	114¾
P., C. C. and St. L.	100	92¾	92¾	92
Pressed Steel Car	500	42	41¾	41¾
Pullman Pal. Car	100	191¾	191¾	191¾
Ry. Steel Spring	200	44	43¾	42¾
Reading	114,500	159¾	157	157¾
Republic Steel	1,000	28¾	27½	27¾
Do preferred	2,600	90	88¾	90
Rock Island Co.	11,300	33	31¾	31¾
Do preferred	3,400	71¾	70¾	70¾
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	900	46	45	44¾
St. L. Southwest.	12,500	26½	25¾	25¾
Do preferred	6,900	64¾	63¾	64¾
Sloss-Sheff'd Steel	2,400	81¼	81	81
Southern Pacific	87,000	124¾	122¾	122¾
Do preferred	1,200	126	126	126
Southern Railway	30,900	31¼	30¾	30¾
Do preferred	700	78¼	78	78
Tennessee Copper	1,000	43¾	41¾	41¾
Texas and Pacific	400	34¼	34	33¾
T., St. L. and W.	900	53½	52¾	53
Do preferred	800	90¾	90	90¾
Union Pacific	87,800	190¾	188¾	188¾
Do preferred	200	97	97	96¾
U. S. Realty	1,700	74¾	73¾	73¾
U. S. Rubber	700	39½	38¾	38¾
U. S. Steel	124,600	60	58¾	58¾
Do preferred	5,000	120	119¼	119¼
Utah Copper	900	52	51¾	51¾
U. S. Cast I. Pipe	100	33¾	33¾	33¾
Do preferred				77½
Va.-Car. Chemical	2,200	50¼	49¾	49¾
Wabash	700	20	19¾	19¾
Do preferred	2,000	51¾	50¾	50¾
Western Maryland	24,200	25	23¾	23¾
Westinghouse Elec.	700	84	83¼	83¾
Western Union	1,100	77¼	76½	76¾
W. and L. E.				31
Wisconsin Central	300	59½	59	58¼

Total sales for the day 824,700 shares.

U. S. BONDS.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked
Refunding 2s, registered	102½	102¾
Do coupon	102¾	
3s, registered	102½	102¾
Do coupon	102	
Small bonds	100	
New 4s, registered	119	119¾
Do coupon	121	
Panama 2s, registered	101	101¾
Panama 2s, registered, 1938	101	101¾
District of Columbia 3.65s	104½	
Philippine 4s	101	

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, May 20.—Money was in stronger demand on the market to-day and discounts were dearer on fears of further gold demands from the continent. Trading on the Stock Exchange developed renewed strength and activity in the Kaffir section, where the recent shakeout of weak holders caused fresh support by the large houses. Gilt-edged securities were inclined to ease on new issues, while foreigners were dull because of the Paris holiday. American securities went steadily over parity in the forenoon. The strength of United States Steel on good trade news and the firmness of Union Pacific caused considerable excitement later a sagging occurred, but New York supported Southern Pacific on dividend rumors. This strengthened the rest of the list and the market closed steady. Closing quotations: Consols for both money and the account 80¼; Anaconda 10¾; Atchison 112½; do preferred 107; Baltimore and Ohio 117⅝; Canadian Pacific 184½; Chesapeake and Ohio 81⅜; Chicago Great Western 5⅛; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 154⅜; De Beers 13¾; Denver and Rio Grande 51¼; do preferred 89¾; Erie 34½; do first preferred 52; do second preferred 42¼; Grand Trunk 21⅜; Illinois Central 150½; Louisville and Nashville 141¾; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 43⅝; New York Central 134; Norfolk and Western 93¼; do preferred 90; Ontario and Western 50¼; Pennsylvania 69¾; Rand Mines 9½; Reading 91⅛; Southern Railway 31¾; do preferred 72; Southern Pacific 120⅜; Union Pacific 194⅝; do preferred 99½; United States Steel 61; do preferred 122¾; Wabash 20½; do preferred 52½; Amalgamated Copper 85½; Spanish fours 98. Bar silver steady at 24 5-16d per ounce. Money ⅝@1 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for both short and three months' bills is 1⅝@1¾ per cent.

Paris, May 20.—To-day being Ascension day, there was a holiday on the Bourse.

Berlin, May 20.—The Boerse was closed today, it being Ascension day.

Foreign Bank Statements.

London, May 20.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes:

Total reserve increased	£321,000
Circulation increased	47,000
Bullion increased	368,243
Other securities decreased	45,000
Other deposits decreased	1,129,000
Public deposits increased	105,000
Notes reserve increased	312,000
Government securities unchanged.	

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 49.50 per cent.; last week it was 49.20 per cent.

The rate of discount of the Bank of England remained unchanged to-day at 2½ per cent.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, May 20, 1909.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1909.	Ship'd 1909.	Rec'd 1908.	Ship'd 1908.
Agr. imps., lbs.	800	230,310	.....	70,190
Boots and shoes, cases	244	233	92	146
Coffee, lbs.	28,000	28,000	72,340	26,000
Drugs, pkgs.	355	2,183	97	1,650
Dry goods, notions, etc., pgs.	1,402	4,876	1,676	3,629
Flour, bbls.	2,400	2,400	2,400	1,700
Grain, bu.	36,800	209,685	47,310	121,725
Corn, bu.	34,500	20,000	10,000	28,445
Oats, bu.	4,700	1,870	7,000	1,725
Wheat, bu.	1,800	8,815	10,000	2,400
Hardware, pkgs.	1,010	2,851	481	4,029
Hay, tons	84	17	72	.....
Hides, lbs.	98,815	122,000	67,315	76,000
Bacon, lbs.	2,900	75,780	.....	25,800
Hams, lbs.	.....	1,970	.....	.....
Lard, lbs.	.....	111,570	9,200	20,140
Pig iron, tons	240	149	200	100
Leather, lbs.	.....	39,970	920	20,788
Nails, kegs	2,745	497	.....	280
Cotton-seed oil, bbls.	100	294	300	528
Apples, gr., bbls.	.....	112	30	110
Potatoes, bbls.	200	300	492	295
Seed, grass and flower, lbs.	8,485	13,550	1,850	2,387
Soap, lbs.	.....	90,000	850	11,455
Stoves, stove castings, pkgs.	24,000	124,310	24,000	49,065
Sugar, bbls.	300	491	600	312
Tobacco, lf. hds.	211	274	197	193
Tobacco, mfd., lbs.	4,575	232,258	10,133	174,462
Wagons, No.	6,500	.....	47,500	4,219
Whisky, bbls.	487	1,150	173	1,219

LOCAL MARKETS.

The following quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city:

BEANS—North fancy Michigan $2.85; New York French red kidney fancies $2.50; Lima 5½c.

BUTTER—Elgin 26c in 60-lb. tubs, 36½c in 20-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 27c; renovated 24c in 20-lb. tubs, Louisville lb. prints.

CHEESE—Full cream daisies 17½c; full cream long horns 17@17½c; full cream Limburger 15c; cases 14½c; full cream brick 18c; cases 17½c; domestic Swiss 16½@18c; New York cream 16c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 14½@15½c; Maracaibo 12@13c; La Guayra 12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25½@29c; Green Rios: Prime 12½c; prime 11½c; good 11c; roasting grades 10c; Santos 10@12½c; Home Comfort, 1-lb. packages 15c.

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.25@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement: 90@85c per bbl.; lime 70@80c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.65@2 per bbl.

CORN PRODUCTS—Cornmeal $1.80 per 100 lbs.; hominy, grits and pearl meals $1.90 per 100 lbs.; hominy meal $27 per ton; cracked corn $30.50 per ton; feed meal $30 per ton.

FIELD SEEDS—Choice timothy $4.80 per bu.; clover $4.90 per bu.; orchard grass $1.80 per bu.; Kentucky bluegrass fancy $1.25 per bu.; red top, fancy 15c per lb.; English bluegrass $2.50 per bu.; Alsike 12@14c per lb.; Alfalfa $1.40 per bu.; cowpeas $1.60 per bu.; amber cane seed $1.40 per bu.

FLOUR—Minnesota patents $6.75@7 per bbl.; plain patents $6.25; straights $5.75; family $5.25; low grades $5; winter patents $7@7.25; winter straights $6.25; low grades $5.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 10@11c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.85; Sultana raisins 10@11c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes, 6c; prunes, California new 7½@9c; peaches 8c; pears 10@11c; figs, Smyrna layer, 14c per lb. in boxes weighing from 10 to 15 lbs.; apricots 13c; dates, new Persian, 70-lb. boxes, 6½c per lb.; evaporated apples 7½@8½c.

HAY—Following are the prices of hay in cars as it is selling to-day on its arrival; No. 1 timothy $16; No. 2 timothy $14.50; No. 3 timothy $13; No. 1 clover mixed $14; No. 2 clover mixed $12; No. 1 clover hay $13.50; No. 2 clover hay $11.50; wheat straw $5.50@6; oats straw $5; rye straw $7.50.

IRON AND HARDWARE—Iron bars $1.60 for base; tool steel 9c per lb. for base; soft steel $1.70 for base; steel roofing, corrugated, $2.30; V-crimped $2.55 per square; black sheets, No. 14 $2.35; No. 16 $2.50; No. 18 $2.70; No. 20 $2.70; No. 22 $2.75; No. 24 $2.75; No. 26 $2.80; No. 27 $2.85; No. 28 $2.90; No. 30 $3.05; wire nails $1.95 base; cut steel nails $2 base; plain black wire $1.85 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.; barbed wire, painted $2.20; galvanized $2.55 per 100 lbs.; horseshoes, No. 2 and larger, Juanita $3.80 keg; Perkins' $4.00 keg; Borden's $4.30 keg; Hudson $3.85 keg; harrow teeth $2.85 per 100 lbs.; carriage bolts, ⅝x6 and smaller 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 per cent. discount; machine bolts, ⅝x4 and smaller, 75 per cent. discount; larger and longer 70 @75 per cent. discount.

MILL OFFAL—In carlots: Bran $29; shorts $29; chipstuffs $30.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 32c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 42c; centrifugals 24@30c.

NUTS—Almonds, Tarragona 16c per lb.; filberts, Sicily 12c; California walnuts, soft shell, No. 1 13c per lb.; Texas pecans, Jumbo 13c; mixed nuts 12c; Brazil nuts 11c; French walnuts 13c; peanuts, fancy H. P. green 6c; roasted 7c; cocoanuts $3.50 per 100; less than 100 4c each.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 88c per gallon, 90c per gallon in half barrels; No. 3 80c; linseed 56c for raw and 57c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 67c; extra No. 1 56c; No. 1 52c; No. 2 50c; benzine 12c; straits oil 39c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 22c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed refined 48c per gallon; Peerless paragon oil 50c; coal oil, Kentucky test 10c; Indiana test 10½c; radiant 11½c; star headlight, 175 test, 12½c; turpentine 48½c; wood alcohol 55c; denatured alcohol 45c in bbls. and 50c in ½ bbls.; pine tar 19c per gallon.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 6¾@7¼c per lb.; red 7¼@7½c; less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1¾@2c; yellow ochre 4c.

PROVISIONS — Hams — Choice sugar-cured light and special cure 18@19½c; heavy to medium 18½c. Breakfast bacon 19½c. Regular clear sides 12½c; breakfast bacon 17c; sugar-cured shoulders 9½c; bellies, light 14c; heavy 13c. Lard—Prime steam, in tierces 9¾c; pure lard in tierces 11¾c, in tubs 12c; pure leaf lard in tierces 13c, in tubs 13¼c, in firkins 13½c. Dried beef 12c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 7c; fancy Patna 7½c.

SALT—Delivered in drayload lots; 7-bu. bbl. $1.40@1.55; 5-bu. bbl. 40@$1.10; dairy salt $1.50@2.40 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks, 70c per sack.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1903: Single 90, 35 and 10 per cent. off list; double 90, 40 and 10 per cent. off.

The following quotations represent the prices paid by wholesale dealers of this city:

FEATHERS—Prime white geese 42@43c per lb.; gray 34@35c; No. 1 old white 27@30c; No. 2 old white 20@25c; dark 25c; old and mixed dark 15@20c; dry chicken feathers 3c per lb.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides. We quote assorted join: Dry flint 10½c; dry salted 17½c; green salted 11@11½c; fresh green 10c; No. 1 large horse hides, green salted, mane and tail, $3; No. 2 $2; sheepskins, No. 1 shearlings 15c@$1; No. 2 from 5c to 20c, according to wool and size; goatskins 25@40c.

ROOTS—Dry spring-dug. All roots ought to be washed before dried and ginseng should not be split and strung. Fall-dug roots are higher. Ginseng $5@6.50 per lb.; cultivated ginseng $3@5.50. Golden seal—Yellow root $1.15@ 1.25; Seneca snake root 20c. Virginia snake root 25c; blood root 4@4½c; lady slipper 12@ 15c; Mayapple 4@4½c; pink root 15c.

TALLOW—No. 1 5½c; No. 2 5c.

WOOL—Dealers are quoting to-day: Kentucky and Indiana clear merchantable grease wool 29@30c; Bluegrass greases wool 30@31c; burry wool 15@25c, according to burrs; Ohio wool 23@24c; dead sheep and seedy wool 15@ 20c; merino 16@18c; Southern wool from 2c to 3c lower than Kentucky and Indiana. Wool with burry, cut and broken up is 2@3c less. dealers and mills preferring wool in fleeces. Wool should not be tied with sisal rope or twine.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Crystal dominoes	$7 85	No. 3	$4 75
Eagle tablets	6 85	No. 6	4 70
Cut loaf	6 25	No. 7	4 65
Cubes	5 55	No. 8	4 60
XXXX powdered	5 45	No. 9	4 55
Powdered	5 30	No. 10	4 50
No. 2 carton gran	5 45	No. 12	4 45
Diamond A	5 20	No. 14	4 40
Stand. gran., bags	5 10		

GRAIN.

WHEAT—

No. 2 red and longberry	$1 45
No. 3 red and longberry	1 43

CORN—

New No. 3 white	70¼
New No. 3 mixed	78½

OATS—

No. 3 white	61
No. 3 mixed	58½

RYE—

No. 1 Northwestern	95

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

COTTON.

Middling 10¾c; strict middling 10¾c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

Wholesale dealers are paying these prices:

BUTTER—Fresh packing 16c per lb.

EGGS—Market steady; case count 18½c; rehandled 19@19½c.

POULTRY—Hens 13½c per lb.; roosters 6½c; young chickens 15@30c; ducks 9c; geese 5c; turkeys 12@13c.

Wholesale dealers' selling prices are:

FRUITS—Oranges: California navels, extra fancy, $2@3 box; extra choice $1.75@2.75 box; budded fancy $2.75 box; Florida grapefruit $3 box; California $2.75@3 box; limes $1.25 per 100; bananas, average about 60 to 80 lbs., bunch $1.75@2.25; 50 to 60 lbs. bunch $1.50@ 1.75; 40 to 50 lbs. bunch $1.25@1.40; extra large bunch case $8; 2 to 3-bunch ½ case $4; apples: Winesap, fancy $3.50 box; B. Davis, extra fancy, $2.75 box; California Gano, fancy pears $1.25 ½ box; pineapples $2.25 per crate.

VEGETABLES—Cabbage, Southern $2 crate; Mobile $1.75 crate; sweet potatoes: White Queen $4.50 bbl.; potatoes: Burbanks $2.75 @3 per 60-lb sack; Rurals $2.75 per 150-lb. sack; new Louisiana $4 bbl.; onions: new Louisiana $1.50 bag; new Texas Crystal Wax $1.50 crate; peanuts, fancy hamper, fancy green 75c; cucumbers 50c dozen; Florida cucumbers $2 hamper; home-grown radishes 15c dozen; Southern beets 50c dozen; leeks, bunched, 50c dozen; parsley, 50c dozen; head lettuce $1.25@1.50 bu.; leaf lettuce, fine 75c bu.; eggplants, fancy, $4 crate; kale, fine, $1.25 bbl.; spinach $1.50 per bbl.; mushrooms, 75c@$1; peppers, Florida, tomatoes $3.25 6 baskets; choice $2.75; green onions 12½c dozen; turnips 50c dozen; pieplant 20c dozen; cranberries $3 bu.; Florida squash $1.50 crate; new peas $2 hamper; asparagus 90c dozen bunches.

LIVESTOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by Bourbon Stock Journal, Bourbon Stockyards.)

Louisville, May 20.—Cattle—The receipts were 154 head, for the four days 1,530; the market was quiet and unchanged to-day. No demand for desirable butcher cattle at steady to firm prices; medium and common stuff steady; feeder and stocker trade steady; bulls firm; canners and cutters slow; milch cows unchanged; no heavy cattle on sale; feeling about steady. We quote shipping steers $5@5.30; best steers $5.40@5.55; fat heifers $5.50@5.75; fat cows $4@4.50; best cows $4.25@4.50; common to good $2.50@3.50; canners $2@2.25; bulls $2.25@4.50; feeders $3.50@4.25; stockers $2.25@4.50; choice milch cows $50@ 65; common to fair $30@35.

Calves—Receipts 84 head, for four days 568; the market ruled firm and a shade higher; account light receipts; best 6@6½c; medium 4@ 5c; common 2½@3c.

Hogs—Receipts 2,637, for four days 10,938; the market ruled steady, choice 165 lbs. and up $7.20 top; 140 to 160 lbs. $7.15@7.20; 120 to 140 lbs. $6.90@7.15; pigs $5.25@6.50; roughs $6.20 down; hogs from doubtful sections selling under guarantee or at a discount.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 600, for four days 2,981; the flat sheep trade ruled steady; best 5½c down; best fed lambs 6½c down; there were not many spring lambs here to-day; there was a good demand for choice ones to a shade higher on top lambs; best 8½@8¾c; seconds 7@7¾c; butcher lambs 6@7c; culls 5@ 6c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 20.—Cattle—Receipts 4,500, including 1,500 Southerns; market steady to weak; top $7; choice export and dressed beef steers $6.30@6.75; fair to good $5.25@6.25; western steers $4.60@6.75; Southern steers $4@6.40; Southern cows $2.75@4.50; native c

Ladies' Girls' and Boys'

Hose Specials

For To-day and To-morrow.

LADIES' regular 15c hose; black gauze lisles; in all sizes, at 9c

LADIES' regular 25c hose; choice of all lines at this price 19c

LADIES' regular 50c hose; all kinds and colors in all sizes at 38c

BOYS' and GIRLS' black cotton stockings; two weights; fast colors; all sizes, 15c goods, at 9c

"NO-MEND" Hose for boys and girls; the regular 25c and 35c goods; special at 19c

GUARANTEED Hose for boys and girls; the regular 25c goods; special introductory price. 19c

LEVY'S Third & Market.

The Bright Spot in Louisville.

NOTICE To Sunday Advertisers.

The Courier-Journal Company respectfully urges advertisers who use the Sunday paper to have their copy in the counting-room Friday night. By complying with this request advertisers will be certain to secure insertion in all editions, and can also make alterations in their copy with greater security.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

FRIDAY.....MAY 21, 1909

SESSION ENDS

WITH INSTALLATION OF NEWLY-ELECTED OFFICERS.

Executive Committee of Supreme Lodge of Order of Golden Cross To Select Next Meeting Place.

The session of the Supreme Lodge of the United Order of the Golden Cross of the United States came to an end yesterday afternoon with a public installation of officers of the supreme lodge. The installation was conducted by past officers of the supreme lodge and members of the supreme lodge. A number of the members of the local lodges of the order attended the installation exercises.

All the supreme officers were re-elected save the vice-commander, supreme prelate and outside warder. There were no close contests for the offices. It is the custom of the supreme lodge to retain its officers so long as they can serve and the by-laws of the order will permit. The officers, as elected, are as follows:

Supreme Commander, Joseph P. Burlingame, of Providence, R. I.

Vice-supreme Commander, Susette Y. Luther, of Boston, Mass.

Supreme Keeper of Records, W. R. Cooper, of Knoxville, Tenn.

Supreme Treasurer, John H. Ehle, of Washington, D. C.

Supreme Medical Director, John C. Stewart, of York Village, Me.

Supreme Prelate, Nora Pellettier, of Chicago, Ill.

Supreme Herald, Thomas Gosnell, of Louisville, Ky.

Supreme Inside Warder, Mrs. Flora Haskell, of Lewiston, Me.

Supreme Outside Warder, O. F. Thompson, of Huntsville, Ala.

Supreme Trustees, James W. McCall, of Louisville, Ky.; George E. Barker, of Hartford, Conn.; T. W. Rauskalb, of Boston, Mass.

Committee on State of the Order, Seymour A. Mynders, of Knoxville, Tenn.; W. J. Clements, of Stillwater, Mass.; C. Dwight Sharp, of Putnam, Conn.

The matter of selecting a city in which to hold the next session of the grand lodge was left to the Executive Committee which will meet one year from now and decide. The candidates for the honor are Boston, Mass.; Baltimore, Md., and Augusta, Me. The supreme lodge of the order only meets every two years. The officers stated that the meeting in Louisville this year had been one of the most successful that the lodge has held for many years. They also said that there were no dissensions in the order and that the work of the supreme lodge was conducted smoothly. In fact, the merest routine business was the only kind, it is said, that came before the lodge this year.

Very little real estate "sells itself." Even with VERY DESIRABLE property some classified advertising is needful—for buyers nowadays look to these ads for their "first information about bargains."

JURY IN ULRICH CASE UNABLE TO AGREE.

Dairyman Charged With Feeding Distillery Slops To Be Given Another Hearing.

The case against P. F. Ulrich, who was tried in Magistrate Daily's court yesterday on a charge of violating the milk ordinance by feeding distillery slops to his cattle, resulted in a disagreement by the jury. The members were dismissed by Squire Daily and the case will be recalled at some date in the near future to be decided on by both sides.

Beginning at 10 o'clock yesterday morning, the trial did not come to a close until after 2 o'clock. The courtroom was crowded all the time and a number of witnesses were heard.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

NOW HAS 22,500.

Estimated Population of New Albany.

USING THE SCHOOL CENSUS AS A BASIS.

GEORGE W. HYNES WANTS A DIVORCE.

SAYS WIFE WOULDN'T COOK.

The enumeration of children of school age in Floyd county and New Albany shows in the city and county 6,419 as the figures. This makes the total population of the city 22,500 using a multiple of 3.5, when the Government census of 1900 was 20,628. This will be a decided increase over that of nine years ago and many predict the official census of next year will show a gain over the last official canvass.

To Attend Hospital School.

Orders will be received in a few days by officers of Company C, Indiana National Guard of New Albany, to attend a hospital school, to be maintained by the War Department at Sparta, Wis., July 15 to 28. Adjt. Gen. Oren Perry is preparing an order to be issued to the various companies in Indiana, which will designate the officers to be ordered to the hospital school. Similar schools will be conducted by the War Department in Maryland and California.

A complete war hospital with a full complement of officers will be established at each place and three instructors furnished—one for army camp hygiene, one an instructor in field work and the third an instructor in the methods of keeping regulation papers, records, etc. The expense of the schools, including transportation, will be paid by the Federal Government, the militia men being required to furnish only their regulation uniform and additional clothing for camp use. During the days spent at the school, they will receive regulation pay.

Partnerships Must Be Known.

Under the law, persons conducting a partnership business in the State of Indiana must file with the County Clerk a certificate giving the firm name, the nature of the business and the names of all the members of the partnership. The penalty for the violation of this law is a fine not to exceed $100. It does not apply to incorporated companies. Yesterday William F. Ruoff, County Clerk at New Albany, received a lot of records and forms in relation to the filing of partnership certificates required for the use of persons in compliance with the new law.

Says Wife Refused To Cook Meals.

George W. Hynes, by his attorneys, Stotsenburg & Weathers, brought suit for divorce in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday against his wife Amanda J. Hynes, alleging cruel treatment as the grounds of the action.

He alleges that his wife refused to cook his meals and in other ways treated him cruelly, taking his money and attending the races. The pair was married June 2, 1904, and separated May 17, 1909.

Suit On Account of Overflow.

Mrs. Hattie Norman, of New Albany, by her attorneys, Stotsenburg & Weathers, has brought suit in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany against the Southern Railway Company to recover $2,000 as damages on account of an obstruction alleged to have been placed in the stream that traverses her farm, causing its overflow. It is alleged that the overflow has occasioned the destruction of her growing crops.

ITEMS OF INTEREST FROM NEW ALBANY.

—Miss Belle Sloan left yesterday for the country to visit her mother, Mrs. Jacob Baker, near Galena.

—The first moonlight excursion of the season will be given by the Accomac Club, of this city, down the river Tuesday night, June 15.

—Miss Lorena Heuser and August Irion are to be married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Gus Biel, Silver street and the Charlestown road, June 10.

—Theodore Marsh, a former resident of this city, who had been visiting friends here for several weeks, left yesterday for his home in Ft. Worth, Tex.

—A concert will be given to-night at the High School auditorium by the orchestra and Glee Club of the high school, under the direction of Prof. Anson H. Embs.

—A meeting of the Fortnightly Club, which was to have been held to-morrow afternoon with Miss Julia Hangary, East Main street, has been postponed until May 29.

—Jacob Weber was taken yesterday to the Central hospital for the insane at Indianapolis, having been declared of unsound mind a few days ago by a lunacy commission.

—Ascension Day services were held yesterday morning in the German Evangelical church and an impressive sermon was delivered in German by the Rev. E. G. Kuenzler.

—Edward N. Shrader and Newland Gwin, who have been attending the annual meeting of the State Funeral Directors' Association at Indianapolis, have returned home.

—A building permit has been issued by City Clerk John C. Short to Mary E. Heiskell for the erection of a frame cottage on Ekin avenue between Jay and Silver streets.

—Mrs. Christina Gates, widow of Philip Gates, died at her home in Heth township, Harrison county, a few days ago. She was 80 years old and is survived by several children.

—Mrs. Ida Lister and her daughter, Miss Jessie, East Seventh and Market streets, will leave in a few days for North Dakota on an extended visit with Mrs. Lister's brother, Edward Priest.

—Commencement exercises will be held to-morrow night by the schools of New Albany township at Educational Hall, in the courthouse. There are nineteen graduates and a fine programme has been prepared.

—Commencement exercises will be held next Thursday night at the High School auditorium by the grammar school. There will be nearly seventy graduates, the greater number of whom will enter the high school.

—The Rev. W. D. Bartle, pastor of the Christian church at Corydon, passed through the city yesterday on his way to Scottsburg to attend the convention of the Fourteenth Indiana district of the Christian Church.

—The Harrison County Board of County Commissioners have awarded contracts for the improvement of the jail at Corydon to begin at once. New cells are to be added and general improvements are to be made to the building.

—The National T. P. A. Convention will be held at Asheville, N. C., May 31 to June 6. The delegates from New Albany are J. R. Crawford, A. E. Hartman, O. F. Sauer, T. E. Crawford, John F. Platt, C. H. Newhouse and S. S. Stalcup.

—Mrs. Eitel, wife of Henry H. Eitel, of Indianapolis, one of the board of directors of the New Albany National Bank, died at her home in that city yesterday of paralysis. She was 53 years old and was a sister of James Whitcomb Riley, the poet.

—Stephen D. Smith, president of the Caron Directory Company, Louisville, well known in this city, is dangerously ill at his home in Louisville. The company of which Mr. Smith is president publishes the New Albany and Jeffersonville city directories.

—W. E. Cotner, who was charged with having assaulted Hiram L. Kessinger with intent to kill, was found guilty of assault and battery on trial in the Harrison Circuit Court at Corydon and was fined $127. The assault was committed in Elizabeth, February 26, 1908.

—George Kraft, East Ninth and Springs streets, has gone to Rensselaer, Ind., to accompany his brother-in-law, August Kistner home. Kistner is a student in St. Joseph's Academy there and was stricken with typhoid fever. They are expected home this morning.

—A change of venue has been granted from the Floyd Circuit Court to Clark county in the case of the Mutual Trust and Deposit Company, guardian for Carl Martin, against the Travelers' Protective Association, a suit to recover $5,000 on a life insurance policy.

—The Rev. B. F. Cato, pastor of the Central Christian church, and Mrs. Cato went yesterday to Scottsburg to attend the district meeting of the Christian churches of the Fourteenth Indiana district, which convened yesterday in the Christian church of that town.

—A partition suit was filed in the Circuit Court yesterday by the New Albany Trust Company as administrator of the estate of Charles Michaux, against Sidonie Michaux, Allen DePasse, Camille and Leon Michaux to sell certain property belonging to the estate. The attorneys are Jewett & Jewett.

—A telegram was received yesterday morning by Sheriff Claude A. Sittason at New Albany from Chief of Police Edward F. Dishman, of Los Angeles, requesting that George F. Davis, who is in the county jail at New Albany, be held until the officers arrive from Los Angeles, where Davis is wanted.

—Dr. C. C. Funk, secretary of the City Board of Health, has gone to Indianapolis to attend the annual session of the Health Officers' School, which convened yesterday in the Claypool Hotel. The school is devoted chiefly to matters pertaining to the improvement of sanitary conditions.

—A class of thirty of New Albany will be taken into the Knights of Columbus at a joint initiation to be held next Sunday in Jeffersonville. The degree team of the Louisville branch will confer the first and second degrees, while District Deputy Jerome, of Evansville, and his staff will confer the third degree.

—The Board of Public Works has fixed upon Saturday, June 5, as the date on which to hear objections to the proposed improvement of East Seventh street from Elm street to Culbertson avenue from interested property owners and also the improvement of the alleys east of Vincennes street, from Division street to Market.

—The Board of Election Commissioners have declined to make public the names of the inspectors of elections next Thursday, assigning as a reason that, should the list be made public, some of the clerks and judges might be annoyed by having the facts made known. The board will meet next Tuesday afternoon to make any changes necessary.

—Peter A. Eurton, a farmer living near Elizabeth, has returned from Texas, where he went in the interest of Oltman Brothers, of Watreka, Ill., extensive importers of live stock. Mr. Burton while in Texas purchased one of the finest mares ever brought to this country at a cost of $1,000. The animal had been awarded premiums in Germany and France before being imported to America.

—The degree team of Hope Lodge of Odd Fellows has entered the contest in conferring the first degrees of the order in the Falls Cities. The contest will be held under the auspices of Lorraine Lodge, Louisville, during the next three months, each team in the contest conferring a degree upon a class. There have been eleven teams entered in the contest. Of this number two are from Jeffersonville, eight from Louisville and one from this city.

—Bonds for the construction of free macadamized roads in Jackson and Morgan townships, Harrison county, have been sold and work will begin on the highways at once, the roads to be completed before autumn. These will bring a system of free gravel roads in Harrison county to the Floyd county line, and a free gravel road that is being constructed in Washington county brings the system of macadamized roads in that county to the Floyd county line.

—The will of William Byers, who died last week, was admitted to probate yesterday in the office of County Clerk William F. Ruoff. After providing for the election of two monuments to mark the graves of himself and wife and that of his daughter, Miss Jazzie Byers, in Fairview cemetery at a cost of $150, he bequeaths the entire estate to his wife, Mrs. Maria Elizabeth Byers, who is nominated executrix of the will. The instrument was dated January 28, 1908, the witnesses being Walter V. Bulleitt and Cook Day, Jr.

Circuit Tours—Rail and Ocean.

Send your address to C. H. Hagerty, District Passenger Agent, Pennsylvania Short Line, Louisville, Ky., and he will mail you map folder and other matter which will tell you all about Rail and Ocean Circuit Tours.

NEGRO DRIVER RUNS DOWN FIVE-YEAR-OLD WHITE BOY.

James Thomas Captured By Police After He Had Been Pursued By An Angry Mob.

After his wagon had run over Samuel Klein, a 5-year-old boy, on First street, near Green street, yesterday afternoon, James Thomas, colored, a driver for the Cropper stables, whipped up his horses and attempted to escape. He was pursued by an angry crowd of men, women and children, but he outdistanced them and had just leaped from his wagon to make his escape afoot when a police automobile loaded down with "coppers" arrived on the job. The negro was captured.

The boy who was run over is a son of Nathan Klein, who has a grocery at 407 First street. The child was playing in the street in front of the store when a large coal wagon turned the corner of Green street and bore down upon him. He was knocked down and hurled under the wagon wheels.

Several men who were standing at the corner when the accident occurred yelled at the driver to stop, but he lashed his horses into a gallop. Charles Klein, a brother of the injured boy, started with the crowd in pursuit of the driver. Klein succeeded in getting on the tailboard of the wagon, but the negro, according to Klein, beat him off with the butt-end of his whip.

In the police auto were Lieut. Doran, Sergt. Gibbons and several patrolmen. To the police the negro gave a second version of the accident. The injured boy was attended by a physician. The boy is injured internally and has a number of severe bruises.

Story Hour At Broadway Methodist.

The "story hour" entertainment, postponed from several weeks ago, will be given at the Broadway Methodist Episcopal church this evening, under the auspices of the King's Daughters of the church. Miss Nannie Lee Frayser will tell stories, which will include legends, fairy, dialect and Bible stories, and there will be a delightful musical programme. No admission will be charged, but a free-will offering will be taken to aid the King's Daughters in their work.

KNEIPP LINEN MESH UNDERWEAR

is the surest safeguard against the stubborn summer cold. It dries so quickly!

Prices recently reduced 20%.

Our New C. C. C. flat woven pure Irish linen Underwear—Athletic Models—is now ready—$1.00 and upwards.

At All First-Class Dealers.

Clean walls

She said, "When I saw the old wall paper taken off, showing the dirt and decaying paste behind it, I determined to use hereafter nothing but clean, wholesome,

Alabastine The Sanitary Wall Coating

Alabastine is a powder made of Alabaster rock, sold in packages. Simply mixed with cold water and applied, it is far better than kalsomine. More beautiful, more healthful and more economical.

Try it. All dealers.

ASKS FOR $10,000

As Damages For Death of William H. McGregor.

SAYS RIGHT OF WAY WAS NOT PROPERLY FENCED.

NEW INSANITY LAW WORKS IN SLOAN'S CASE.

AFRAID OF MICHIGAN CITY.

Through her attorney, George H. Voigt, Mrs. Ella McGregor yesterday filed suit in the Clark Circuit Court at Jeffersonville against the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway for $10,000 damages on account of the death of her husband, who was William H. McGregor and who was killed at a point near Columbus, Ind., while acting as an engineer on a freight train. It is set forth that he was an engineer when he met his death and was earning $1,600 a year as such.

The complaint recites that the company at a certain point in Bartholomew county, Ind., maintained a cattleguard at a road crossing, but the track was not properly fenced, which permitted a mule to wander on the right-of-way and get in the cattleguard in such a manner he could not get out. The engine in charge of McGregor, it is alleged, on the morning of May 4, 1908, struck the mule that had become fastened in the cattleguard and the locomotive was derailed, which resulted in the death of the engineer.

It is further recited that McGregor previous to his death was maintaining his wife and two children, Herbert Lee McGregor, eighteen months old and William H. Earl McGregor, three months old, out of the wages he earned as engineer and that those dependent upon him have been deprived of his support. Negligence on the part of the defendant is charged in not keeping the right-of-way properly fenced at the point where McGregor's engine struck the mule and turned over.

Quickly Withdraws Insanity Plea.

A law enacted by the last Legislature of Indiana in regard to the criminal insane of the State is beginning to bear fruit and George Sloam, of Indianapolis, is expected at the Indiana Reformatory in Jeffersonville to begin a sentence of from one to eight years under a plea of guilty to the charge of petit larceny, although he at first pleaded insanity. He established the fact, however, that he was sufficiently sane to understand he was getting himself into a box that he might remain in for some time to come.

To cover just such cases as that of Sloan the Legislature enacted a law that whenever a person pleaded insanity as a justification for a crime he would be committed to the insane department of the Indiana State Prison at Michigan City, to remain there until a commission declare its patient sane, which might not be for many years. His explanation was thoroughly understood by Sloan and he decided to withdraw his plea of insanity and enter one of guilty to the charge of petit larceny.

Sloan is 22 years of age and was arrested on the charge of stealing a chandelier and a few like things from the home of C. C. Perry recently. The testimony went to show that Sloan is a "dope fiend" and that his object in stealing the chandelier was to secure funds to satisfy his appetite for his favorite drug.

NOTES OF THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSONVILLE.

—A finding in favor of the plaintiffs was rendered yesterday by Judge Harry C. Montgomery in the suit of Peter Nachand and Charles Nachand against Mrs. Eliza A. Read and others to quiet the title to real estate in Port Fulton.

—Mrs. Anthony Schöll, who was an aged woman of Monroe township, died at her home near Bartle a few days ago after being confined to her bed for several weeks from a broken hip. She is survived by a number of relatives.

—The fire department was called to Ninth and Walnut streets just before noon yesterday to put out a blaze at the home of Mrs. David Huckleberry, which had started from a defective flue. There was no loss to amount to anything.

—Tht rains of yesterday made it necessary to abandon Sixth street for foot travel, the thoroughfare being under course of improvement from Pearl street west to the Clarksville line and is torn up nearly the entire length.

—Samuel Albaugh was received at the Indiana Reformatory yesterday from Lagrange to begin a sentence of from one to eight years under a conviction to the charge of petit larceny in the Lagrange Circuit Court.

—An answer in twelve paragraphs was filed by the defendants in the Circuit Court yesterday in the action of Samuel W. Hedges against Bernard A. Coll, a former County Treasurer, and the Board of County Commissioners to recover money paid out as expenses.

—With David Adkins as his security, Abraham Gladstein, of Sellersburg, yesterday gave bond for cost to appeal from the finding of the Clark Circuit Court, where a judgment for $75 was rendered in favor of David Levine and others on an account for merchandise.

—At the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, which was concluded at Indianapolis yesterday, it was decided not to elect officers until in the fall. Thomas H. Bradley, of this city, was a candidate for grand senior warden. He is a member of Tabor lodge.

—Dr. D. C. Peyton, secretary of the Clark county Board of Health, has gone to Indianapolis to attend a meeting of the health officers of the State, and addresses will be made by a number of prominent physicians from distant parts of the country.

—A resolution declaring a necessity for building a trunk sewer with the beginning point on Fifth street was adopted by the Board of Public Works yesterday and is identical with the one of several weeks ago, the step later on being abandoned.

—The Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company yesterday announced that an extra car would be put on between this city and Louisville, beginning with next Monday, so that a thirty-minute service will be resumed after 3:25 p. m. Under the present arrangement there is an hourly service after that time.

—The inclement weather last night did not prevent a large attendance at the Knights of Pythias Armory, where the comic opera, "Said Pasha," was rendered under the auspices of the Apollo Athletic Association. The cast of characters being either in the cast or chorus. The entertainment will be repeated to-night.

—The action of James R. Murphy against the Louisville and Northern Railway and Lighting Company for $10,000 damages on account of alleged personal injuries, went on trial in the Circuit Court yesterday before a jury, but had not been completed last night. The case came here from New Albany.

—On account of some of the witnesses for the prosecution being absent the actions against Herbert Becker, John Worrall and John Stemler on the charge of selling milk that was not up to the standard in butter fat was continued in the City Court yesterday afternoon until this afternoon at 1 o'clock.

—The death of John Bare, who was a well-known farmer of this county, is reported from Owen township, where he had made his home for many years. His death was sudden, although not unexpected, and was caused by heart disease, with which he had been afflicted for a long time.

—The County Council will meet in special session at the courthouse to-day to consider an appropriation for paying the expenses of the local option election which has been ordered by the Board of County Commissioners for June 9. It is likely a second session will have to be held to-morrow.

—A posse of citizens from Claysburg on Wednesday night arrested J. L. Dobbs and Daniel Huntsman. They were found asleep in the abandoned negro park north of the city and were turned over to Sergt. Wall and Patrolman Masters. After hearing the evidence yesterday morning Judge Poindexter gave the two men sufficient time to get out of town.

—No further attempt will be made to form an organization of the business men of the city for mutual benefit until after June 9. Two meetings have been called, which were to be held at Spieth's Hall, but the impression became current the movement had a connection with the local option election and few attended. For that reason no further steps will be taken to complete the organization for the time being.

Was Almost a Dead Woman

An Ounce of Morphine Per Week Required To Sustain Her.

C. B. James—Dear Sir: As you know, I went to your Sanatorium on the 12th of November, 1902. When I entered your Sanatorium for the treatment of the Drug Habit I was almost a dead woman, but after a three weeks' course of treatment I returned home, not only cured of the Drug Habit, but greatly improved mentally and physically, and it is a horrible thought to me now, when I think that I was once a slave to morphine and that it took an ounce of morphine a week to keep me from suffering. Even when under the influence of this terrible drug, I was a miserable creature. I felt almost condemned. I must say, under your treatment, I suffered no pain on account of the withdrawal of the drug. I slept well, enjoyed a good appetite and now have no desire for opiates of any kind.

MRS. C. W. RITTER, Paducah, Ky.

FREE DRUG CURE

Chas. B. James, 20 Delta Building, Memphis, Tenn. Please send to my address, all charges paid, a free trial bottle for patient using (state here number grains used each 24 hours).....grains of (state kind of drug here).....

State here if used by mouth or hypodermically.....

Name.....

Town.....State.....

Nearest Express Office.....

JAMES' HOME CURE REMEDIES

Will be furnished at the following prices: Whiskey, Wine or Beer.....$12.50
Tobacco, Pipe or Cigarette or Snuff..... 5.00
All forms of Nervousness and Insomnia..... 5.00
Depression and Exhaustion..... 3.00
Liver Trouble and Constipation..... 2.00

Prices for Hypodermic or Internal Home Treatment for Drug Addictions will be furnished on application, with a free sample treatment, charges prepaid.

Booklets on Drug Addictions, Drunkenness, Nervousness, Insomnia, Indigestion and Stomach Trouble, Tobacco and Cigarette Habits, Depression and Exhaustion, Liver Trouble and Constipation, containing testimonials, etc., sent sealed under plain cover. Correspondence confidential. Address Charles B. James Sanatorium, 20 Delta Bldg., Memphis, Tenn.

WEATHER CONDITIONS ON THE HIGH SEAS

To Be Shown By Charts Sent Out By the Weather Bureau—Improvement In the Service.

The weather bureau service is going to be improved in the way of sending out charts showing the probable weather conditions in the North Atlantic and North Pacific oceans. This new service will begin about July 1. The charts will be of much benefit to travelers and those who have friends on the high seas. These charts will be mailed to inland points so that the entire United States will receive the benefit of the service. C. J. Wade, district forecaster for the Louisville district, has received notice of the extension of the service. The notice says that the service will be greatly improved when the wireless telegraph service is perfected. The notice from the Washington office follows:

"Beginning with the month of July, 1909, meteorological charts of the North Atlantic and North Pacific oceans monthly, and the South Atlantic ocean quarterly, will be issued for distribution to cooperating shipmasters and others interested in ocean meteorology. The issue will include a seasonal chart of the South Pacific ocean September next.

"The bureau receives reports from 2,100 observers on vessels of every nationality, and from these reports prepares synoptic charts of the meteorological data, being thus enabled to plot the meteorological conditions prevailing over the ocean from day to day for the purpose of tracing storm tracks, percentage of fog, prevailing direction of wind, trade-wind limits, pressure and temperature.

"There will be no charge for the charts. Some of them will be mailed direct from the Central office to observers and captains on vessels, and others will be sent to American Consuls and to branch Weather Bureau stations named on the list in form 1201-Marine, for distribution to such observers and captains as may not receive a copy from this office.

"The chief of the Weather Bureau would be pleased to receive from each captain or observer, on the inclosed card, a permanent address, preferably an address in the United States, to which the charts should be mailed each month.

"The American representatives at the various ports are requested to kindly inform the bureau as to the number of charts of each ocean that should be sent them for distribution to vessels touching at their ports.

"It is the desire of the chief of the Weather Bureau to popularize the charts and to make them of benefit in a meteorological sense to those using them. With that end in view any suggestions looking to their improvement will be appreciated.

"By direction of the chief of the Weather Bureau. Very respectfully,

"HENRY L. HEISKELL,
"Chief of Division."

OFFICER FIRED UPON FROM FREIGHT TRAIN.

County Patrolman Wes Gilbert Was Ministering To Wounded Negro At Time.

Considerable mystery attaches to the shooting of a negro which occurred late Tuesday night in Highland Park, and the subsequent firing of a shot at County Patrolman Wes Gilbert, as he came upon the wounded colored man in front of Rector John's store. The county police and town marshal, George Wilson, are endeavoring to connect the shooting with the series of burglaries in that vicinity of late. Ed Meneese, a negro, agout 20 years of age, who claims to live at 963 West Jefferson street, is the one who was shot. He claims that a white man shot him.

Patrolman Gilbert was called over the telephone about 11 o'clock by Rector Johns, proprietor of a store which has been looted eight times within a year. Johns reported that two suspicious-looking negroes were prowling about in the neighborhood of his store and that one of them answered the description of a negro who, two weeks before, looted the place. Patrolman Gilbert immediately started for Mr. Johns' store, but the colored men had disappeared. He had proceeded but a short distance when he heard the report of a gun from the opposite direction. Running back he found Meneese lying on a common near Johns' store, groaning from pain.

The injured negro told the officer that he had been shot by a white man. As Gilbert started away with Meneese a shot was fired at him from a freight train that had just pulled out.

Meneese denied any knowledge of the thefts at Johns' store.

NOVEL PLEA GIVES NEGRO HIS FREEDOM.

Judge McGee Rules That Property Has No Owner Immediately After Death.

On the plea that the jewelry and money belonging to a woman before she died had no owner from the time death occurred until the Chancery Court ordered that the effects of the deceased be delivered to the administrator, Crittenden Scott, colored, who was charged with grand larceny—for the alleged theft of valuables which belonged to Wittie Moore, colored, after her death—was given his freedom by Judge J. Wheeler McGee in Police Court yesterday.

The testimony showed that Scott had removed the necklace from the body of the Moore woman shortly after her death and placed it about his own neck; that he had taken keys from under her pillow and, unlocking her trunk, took valuables from it, and that he had pawned some of these articles. The aggregate value of the goods, including the jewelry, was estimated at more than $200.

Scott's arrest was caused by Charles Poryer, colored, administrator of the estate. The case was prosecuted by Paul Blackwood, attorney for the estate. When Blackwood closed the prosecution, Delos Rogers, attorney for Scott, made a motion for dismissal on the ground that the property said to have been stolen was without owner at the time of the woman's death until the Chancery Court ordered it delivered to the administrator.

LAW STUDENTS RECEIVE DIPLOMAS NEXT WEDNESDAY.

The annual commencement exercises of the Jefferson School of Law will be held Wednesday night next at Macauley's Theater. The opening address will be made by Judge Shackelford Miller, dean of the school. The annual address will be made by W. W. Thum. Norton L. Goldsmith will make an address on behalf of the faculty. George C. Burton, of the junior class, and Philip Simons, of the senior class, will make addresses. M. Luther Marshall will deliver an address, representing the Jefferson Debating Society.

The graduating class will give a banquet at the Galt House Monday night, preceding the commencement exercises on Wednesday night. The members of the graduating class are: Walter Frederic Alt, John B. Brachey, J. Walton Craft, Jesse F. Davis, Richard C. Elder, Joseph J. Hancock, Herman A. Kesten, Samuel J. Levy, Harry Nuté Lukins, Henry B. Manly, M. Luther Marshall, L. J. Mattingly, Edwin Meyer, Albert Nisbet, Beckham Overstreet, Edwin W. Peyton, John R. M. Polk, Roscoe Reed, William H. Robinson, J. S. Sanford, Ray A. Schuman, E. Philip Simons, Louis W. Strong, Charles E. Walker, Harry Wallingford, C. N. Warren, J. Edgar Williams.

INDUSTRIAL BUREAU WITH THE COMMERCIAL CLUB.

The organization of an industrial bureau, an adjunct to the Commercial Club, was given an impetus yesterday, when the Manufacturing and Mercantile Committee of the club met to discuss plans for the installation of the new bureau. Judge James P. Gregory, the new president of the Commercial Club, attended the meeting and urged the necessity of such a bureau.

A resolution authorizing Chairman Alfred Struck, of the Manufacturing and Mercantile Committee, to appoint a committee to make an effort to secure a sufficient number of members to organize the new bureau, was adopted, and the committee will circulate among the citizens and business men Tuesday, May 25, for that purpose. Alfred Struck presided at the meeting yesterday, which was attended by Alfred Struck, Henry Streng, Walter Young, Thomas Bohannon, J. J. Shelley, A. E. Norman, Phil Laib, Graeme McGowan, F. A. Clegg, J. Stoddard Johnston, Jr., Dr. W. W. Landrum, Dr. E. L. Powell, A. Levy, J. C. Parker, J. J. Barret, Arthur Tabb, Hardy Burton, Enos Spencer, J. J. Saunders, Bryan Allen.

TRUST COMPANY RE-ELECTS OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS.

The annual meeting of the Fidelity Trust Company was held yesterday, at which officers and a board of directors were chosen. The old officers and members of the board of directors were re-elected.

From reports it developed at the meeting that the past year has been an unusually prosperous one for the concern, and the surplus was increased to $1,100,000.

The officials who were re-elected are: John W. Barr, Jr., president; John T. Malone, vice president; James C. Mahon, secretary; August Ropke, assistant secretary; Joshua F. Speed, treasurer; D. F. Murphy, superintendent of real estate; C. R. Richards, superintendent of vaults.

Those composing the board of directors are: John Stites, John W. Barr, Jr., Henry W. Barret, Alex. P. Humphrey, Udolpho Snead, John Marshall and J. Ross Todd, who were elected yesterday for a term of three years; Harry Bishop, John B. McFerran, Thomas W. Bullitt, Oscar Fenley, E. S. Monohan and John H. Caperton, whose terms expire next year, and C. P. Moorman, George W. Norton, H. C. Rodes, James P. Helm, John T. Malone and Henry Glover, whose terms expire in 1911.

TWO KENTUCKY COUPLES WED IN JEFFERSONVILLE.

Bernard F. Schuckman, a jeweler, and Mrs. Maria D. Schneider, both of whom are residents and natives of Louisville, were married in Jeffersonville on Wednesday night by Magistrate James S. Keigwin. The bridegroom will be 32 years old in July and is a son of Bernard Schuckman, a carpenter, and was married once before. He was divorced from his first wife in 1908. The bride reached the age of 32 last January and is a daughter of Julius D. David, an engineer. A former husband died in 1904.

Owen Cox, a distiller, who reached the age of 23 last January, and Miss Bessie Conway, who will not be 18 until next month, both of Frankfort, Ky., were married in Jeffersonville yesterday by Magistrate James S. Keigwin. The bridegroom was born in Missouri and is a son of Thomas Cox, who still lives in that State and is a farmer. The bride was born near Frankfort and is a daughter of John Conway, a farmer, who accompanied the pair to Jeffersonville and gave his written consent to the marriage.

CREDITORS INSTITUTE BANKRUPTCY PROCEEDINGS.

The creditors of the Crowd Skirt Company filed a petition in the United States Court yesterday asking that the company be declared an involuntary bankrupt. The firms signing the petition are Beckmann, Emmerich & Co., of New York, with a claim of $1,209.02; the Laporte Woolen Mills, of Laporte, Ind., holding a claim of $739.66, and the Belding Silk Company, of Cincinnati, with a claim of $342.83. The petitioners allege that the company committed an act of bankruptcy when it mortgaged its factory to Julius Steinburg and turned over to him $1,876 worth of merchandise and $1,000 in cash. The owners of the company are Nathan Baron and Jacob Steinburg.

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO. FOURTH AVENUE MARKET STREET

Great "Determination Sale"

Starts Monday, May 24, at the Store Opening Hour, Sharp at 8 O'Clock.

A REMARKABLE SALE THIS IS GOING TO BE—the aftermath of days and days of careful preparation and planning of heads of departments and Eastern buyers.

WE ARE DETERMINED to set a wonderful record in Louisville retailing, one that none can eclipse (unless it be this great store at some future time).

WE ARE DETERMINED to total the largest day's business for the great house of Herman Straus & Sons Co., and this determination to excel has been an incentive, the "cause for effect," the "r-e-a-s-o-n why," for this listing of THE GREATEST "VALUES-FOR-PRICE" THIS COMMUNITY HAS EVER ENCOUNTERED.

WE ARE DETERMINED that every frugal shopper shall KNOW this good news, and we trust YOU will be determined to share in the economies.

See Sunday Papers for Detailed Announcement.

BURIAL ROBES

SEARCHED IN HOPE OF FINDING VALUABLE RING.

Family of the Late Dr. T. T. Eaton Unable To Account For Its Disappearance.

In the hope of finding a ring set with rare and precious stones, the clothes in which Dr. T. T. Eaton, the late pastor of Walnut-street Baptist church, was buried, were searched by an undertaker when the body was exhumed at Cave Hill cemetery and removed to another grave more suitable for the erection of the monument erected by the Baptists of this city to his memory. No trace of the ring, which was a gift from a friend, was found. Ever since Dr. Eaton's death members of his family have been endeavoring to trace the ring without success, and when it was not discovered when the body was exhumed they gave up hope.

The ring consisted of twelve precious stones, forming the foundation of New Jerusalem, set in the shape of a high priest's breastplate. The design and the stones were very rare, and attracted a great deal of attention. Dr. Eaton seldom wore the ring, as he was averse to wearing jewelry, but friends who had heard of the ring often called upon him to show it to them. For this reason he carried it in his pocket, and when a request was made for him to display it he would place it on his finger.

Dr. Eaton carried the ring with him the day he was suddenly stricken while waiting for a train at Grand Junction, Tenn. Members of his family left their grief at the time did not think to search the clothes worn by Dr. Eaton at the time, and when the idea of removing the body from one grave to another was proposed they gave orders to the undertaker to search the clothes, in the hope of finding it. Just what became of the ring is a complete mystery.

BUICK "16"

The liveliest and most handsome roadster, and the best hill-climber ever brought to Louisville. Nothing within $1,000 of its price is in its class. Price, including magneto and full equipment

$1,750

HUBERT LEVY AUTO CO. 554 Fourth Avenue

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

One Hour Shortest Time to ST. LOUIS and EVANSVILLE

Two daily trains to St. Louis. 9:30 a. m., 10:10 p. m.

Three daily trains to Evansville, 8:00 a. m., 9:30 a. m., 4:30 p. m.

For information call on A. R. COOK, D. P. A, 234 FOURTH AVE., or Phone M. 1937; Home 568.

A SURE LEADER

LaubBros.

TRUNKS TRAVELING BAGS and SUIT CASES

ALWAYS IN THE FRONT.

Come to Our Retail Store.

JEFFERSON, FOURTH and FIFTH.

LAUB BROS. Manufacturers.

Every dollar put into a DOW fence will add two dollars to the selling price of your property. An easy way to make money, isn't it?

Dow Wire & Iron Works (Incorporated) Louisville, Ky.

Both Phones.

New York Central Lines

Big 4 Route

Indianapolis and Chicago.

"Chicago Special" leaves at 8 a. m. Through Pullman Parlor Car; Dining Cars.

"Chicago Limited" leaves at 8:10 p. m. Through Pullman Sleeping Cars.

All trains stop at 63d, Hyde Park, 43d and 31st streets.

City Office, 143 Fourth avenue. Depot Seventh street.